## MATHS MATE



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|  | 0 | 0 | Skill Builder Orange/Rose

## J. B. Wright \& I. Tutos

## Published by

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Released: 1st Edition - 2013, 2nd Edition - 2020

Maths Mate materials available for use
STUDENT PADS
GRADE / YEAR LEVEL INDICATOR


## TEACHER'S GUIDE

## FORWARD

## Why use Skill Builders?

Too often, through the teaching, learning and assessment process, teachers identify weaknesses and gaps in student learning but the constraints of the classroom severely limit remediation opportunities.

The Maths Mate Skill Builder series was prepared in response to requests from teachers and parents who want an easy but effective way to help students who identify skill deficiencies using the Maths Mate Program, and are motivated to do something about them.

The Maths Mate record keeping sheets found at the start of each term in each Student Pad (and on the Teacher Resources $\sim$ Record Keeping Sheets, pages 1 to 4) enable students to find out what they know and what they still need to learn and practise.

The Skill Builders extensively target through instruction and practice, all skills within the related Maths Mate Program except the problem solving questions. The Problem Solving Hints \& Solutions (see Teacher Resources ~ Problem Solving Hints \& Solutions) can be used by teachers to develop students' problem solving skills. The Skill Builders also contain a Glossary of important facts and reference material that will provide instant help when students present with difficulties.

## Background to the design of Maths Mate and Skill Builders

Any question on the Maths Mate sheets is part of a set of 4 similar questions in the term. For example consider sheets 1 , 2, 3 and 4 in Maths Mate Orange term 1. Question 10 on each sheet is similar in design, content and degree of difficulty. This grouping of question style is also true of the next set of four sheets and so on. Thus the Maths Mate tests made available in the Teacher Resources (see Teacher Resources ~ Test Masters, pages 1 to 32 and Test Answers, pages 1 to 32) also reflect this grouping of question style and substance. Generally too, the Skill Buriders can be linked to each set of 4 similar questions. These links are identified in the grid at the title of each skill. The grid shown here for example, would relate a skill to questions in the first 4 sheets of MM Orange term 1, the last 4 sheets of MM Orange term 2 and the first 4 sheets of MM Rose term 1. Once understood, these links will be helpful to students in their selection of Skill Builders and to you in your allocation of Skill Builders to students.

On each Maths Mate worksheet, questions 1 through to 21 get progressively harder. (Refer - How to use the Skill Builders, page iv)

## Suggestions for the preparation and organisation of Skill Builders

Teachers can either direct students to their digital copies or print copies of particular pages for students. Rather than photocopying Skill Builders one at a time, you may find it helpful to set up a file in a central area that contains perhaps five copies of each Skill Builder. In this way you will save time and be prepared in advance. Students should be reminded that the Glossary is a valuable resource that can be added to. The Glossary too can be photocopied for students as a resource.

## How you can help

We are confident that your students will be rewarded for the effort you have made in making these worksheets available to them. As with any program, however, there is always room for improvement and we place great value in feedback from people like yourself. Please, if you have any suggestions at all, contact us.

## HOW TO USE MATHS MATE SKILL BUILDERS

## 1. Determine which Maths Mate questions pose a difficulty

If a student gets one or more incorrect answers, represented by one or more successive unshaded boxes on their worksheet results sheet, then that question requires a Skill Builder.

For example, question 10 in Sheets 1, 2, 3 and 4 is not shaded, so Skill 10.1 from Skill Builder 10 needs to be handed to the student.


## 2. Find the relevant Skill Builder on the Maths Mate worksheet results sheet

Check across the question that is posing difficulties on the worksheet results sheet to find the list of skills within the Skill Builder that are most relevant to that question.

Obtain a copy of one or all of the skills listed for that question (pages 1 to 284). You can also double check with the grid at the right of each skill title, that the chosen skill is appropriate.

Remember, students should work through the skills in order. The skills where possible are arranged in increasing degree of difficulty.

Be aware that some skills may require the knowledge of previous skills, so when a student has several areas of weakness, they should work on the lowest numbered skill builders first. For example, a student struggling with Q8 and Q5 will need to build skills required for Q5 before they can improve Q8.


## 3. Look up any unknown terms in the Skill Builder Glossary

The Glossary (pages 285 to 312) is more than just a list of definitions. It contains a wealth of relevant information that may help the students to better understand the question at hand. Weaker students may find that referring to a copy of the Glossary, and even building on it, is a helpful strategy for improving their overall mathematical competency.

For example, a student might need to look up the word "pattern" before attempting to complete Skill 13.1


## 4. Complete the relevant Skill Builder

Work through the examples given for that skill, and complete the exercises.
There are many techniques or methods that can be used to teach the same basic skills, even something as simple as adding 7 and 9 . It is good for a student to be given a range of alternatives appropriate for each skill but space restrictions make this impossible. These sheets often suggest an approach that may be different to a student's past experience. If a student feels more comfortable with his current technique, that is fine. In most cases it is the end result that counts.

It is possible to take a very weak student back to a Skill Builder from a lower level if this is necessary. It is also possible to use a higher level book for students to have further practice if required.
5. Correct the relevant Skill Builders from the Skill Builder answer sheets (from page 323)
6. Circle the completed skill numbers on the Maths Mate worksheet results sheet


## 7. Go back and repeat previous Maths Mate questions

After completing a Skill Builder, students should be encouraged to go back and attempt again those particular questions on the recently completed Maths Mate worksheets.

## Dear Parents

As part of their Mathematics program this year, all students have been given a weekly Maths Mate worksheet.
The program is now under way. The diagnostic nature of the worksheets helps students monitor their own progress. After they correct their worksheet and complete the record keeping sheet, over time, your child will be able to identify areas of strength and weakness in their mathematical learning.

If your child is having difficulty with a question for consecutive weeks or believes that their understanding is not at the level they would like, then Skill Builder sheets will be made available to develop each of the skills in the Maths Mate program. Each Skill Builder focuses on and explores one question from the Maths Mate worksheets.

As each question in the Maths Mate is generally more difficult than the last, finishing with the problem solving questions, then it would be advised that, if students are concerned with more than one question, they tackle lower numbered questions first.

The Skill Builders may also help to motivate students to make another attempt at mastering skills that they have found too difficult in the past, given that it will become clear to them that they will be confronted by the same type of question on a regular basis.

While we will be monitoring your child's progress and supporting their skill development in the school environment, it would be appreciated if you would complete the tear off slip at the bottom of this page so that we can be sure that you are aware of our expectations regarding both the Maths Mate worksheets and the availability of Skill Builder worksheets. We ask also that you continue to sign the completed worksheets each week so that we can ensure each student is working independently and regularly but with your support.

We thank you in anticipation of your involvement and remind you that you are encouraged to call and discuss your child's progress at any time.

Yours sincerely

Class Teacher

Principal

Student's Name:
Class:
As a parent / guardian I have signed this form to indicate that I am aware of the support Maths Mate Skill Builders can give my child in their mathematical development.
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| MM | SB | [Maths Mate - Mathematical strand] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |QuestionSkill No. Skill Builder - Skill description


| MM <br> Question | SB Skill No. | [Maths Mate - Mathematical strand] Skill Builder - Skill description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3. |  | [Multiplication / Division] .................................................................................... 47 |
|  | 3.1 | Recognising and counting groups of equal numbers of objects. |
|  | 3.2 | Counting equal groups and objects in a group. |
|  | 3.3 | Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using arrays. |
|  | 3.4 | Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using repetitive addition. |
|  | 3.5 | Doubling a number. |
|  | 3.6 | Multiplying by 10 and 100 by using base 10 blocks. |
|  | 3.7 | Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using multiplication tables. |
|  | 3.8 | Modelling the commutative property for multiplication by using arrays. |
|  | 3.9 | Modelling multiplication of numbers greater than 12 by a single digit, by using base 10 blocks. |
|  | 3.10 | Dividing objects into equal groups. |
|  | 3.11 | Modelling division by arranging objects in equal groups, by using pictures. |
|  | 3.12 | Modelling division by arranging objects in equal groups, by using arrays. |
|  | 3.13 | Modelling division by the numbers from 1 to 10 , by using repetitive subtraction. |
|  | 3.14 | Modelling division by arranging an equal number of objects into groups, by using arrays. |
|  | 3.15 | Modelling division by the numbers from 1 to 10 , by using arrays. |
|  | 3.16 | Modelling division by the numbers from 1 to 12 with remainder, by using arrays. |
|  | 3.17 | Relating multiplication and division facts by using arrays. |
| 4. |  |  |
|  | 4.1 | Understanding different terms used for addition. |
|  | 4.2 | Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting on, using your fingers or pencil marks. |
|  | 4.3 | Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting forwards on a number line. |
|  | 4.4 | Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 by using base 10 blocks. |
|  | 4.5 | Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 by first making 10 or the nearest multiple of 10 . |
|  | 4.6 | Adding 10. |
|  | 4.7 | Adding two 2-digit numbers by separately adding the tens and the units, and then adding the results. |
|  | 4.8 | Adding multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, no carry. |
|  | 4.9 | Adding mult-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, with carry. |
|  | 4.10 | Finding the unknown number in an addition number sentence. |
| 5. |  |  |
|  | 5.1 | Understanding different terms used for subtraction. |
|  | 5.2 | Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting backwards, using your fingers or pencil marks. |
|  | 5.3 | Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting backwards on a number line. |
|  | 5.4 | Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 from 2-digit numbers, by first moving backwards to the nearest 10 . |
|  | 5.5 | Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 from 2-digit numbers, by trading with base 10 blocks. |
|  | 5.6 | Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 by first building up to the nearest 10 on a number line. |
|  | 5.7 | Subtracting two 2-digit numbers by separately subtracting the units and tens, and then adding the results. |
|  | 5.8 | Subtracting multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, no carry. |
|  | 5.9 | Subtracting multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, with carry. |
|  | 5.10 | Finding the unknown number in a subtraction number sentence. |
| 6. |  |  |
|  | 6.1 | Understanding different terms used for multiplication. |
|  | 6.2 | Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 2 or 4 . |
|  | 6.3 | Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 3 . |
|  | 6.4 | Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 5 . |
|  | 6.5 | Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 6,7 or 8 . |
|  | 6.6 | Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 9 . |
|  | 6.7 | Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 10 or a multiple of 10 . |
|  | 6.8 | Multiplying two 1 -digit numbers by using the standard algorithm. |
|  | 6.9 | Multiplying a 2 -digit number by a 1 -digit number, by using the standard algorithm and showing the partial sums. |
|  | 6.10 | Multiplying a 2 -digit number by a 1 -digit number, by using the standard algorithm. |
|  | 6.11 | Multiplying three 1 -digit numbers. |
| 7. |  |  |
|  | 7.1 | Understanding different terms used for division. |
|  | 7.2 | Dividing by 1 or 10 . |
|  | 7.3 | Dividing by whole numbers from 1 to 10 by using arrays. |
|  | 7.4 | Dividing by 1 -digit numbers by using the standard algorithm. |
|  | 7.5 | Finding the unknown number in a division number sentence. |Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using repetitive addition.Doubling a number.

Multiplying by 10 and 100 by using base 10 blocks.Modelling the commutative property for multiplication by using arrays.
3.9
Dividing objects into equal groups.Modelling division by arranging objects in equal groups, by using arrays.
Modeling division by arranging an equal number of objects into groups, by using arrays.3.16 Modelling division by the numbers from 1 to 12 with remainder, by using arrays.4.
Adding multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, no carry.
4.9 Adding multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, with carry.
4.10 Finding the unknown number in an addition number sentence.
5.1 Understanding different terms used for subtraction.
5.2 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting backwards, using your fingers or pencil marks.
5.3
Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting backwards on a number line.
Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 from 2-digit numbers, by first moving backwards to the nearest 10 .
Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 from 2-digit numbers, by trading with base 10 blocks.
Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 by first building up to the nearest 10 on a number line.
5.7 Subtracting two 2-digit numbers by separately subtracting the units and tens, and then adding the results
5.8 Subtracting multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, no carry.
5.9 Subtracting multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, with carry.
5.10 Finding the unknown number in a subtraction number sentence.
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6.2 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 2 or 4.
6.3 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 3.
$6.4 \quad$ Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 5 .
6.5 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 6,7 or 8 .
6.6 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 9.
6.7 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 10 or a multiple of 10 .
6.8 Multiplying two 1 -digit numbers by using the standard algorithm.
6.9 Multiplying a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number, by using the standard algorithm and showing the partial sums.
6.10 Multiplying a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number, by using the standard algorithm.
6.11 Multiplying three 1 -digit numbers.
7.1 Understanding different terms used for division.
7.2 Dividing by 1 or 10 .
7.3 Dividing by whole numbers from 1 to 10 by using arrays.
7.4 Dividing by 1-digit numbers by using the standard algorithm.
7.5 Finding the unknown number in a division number sentence.

| MM <br> Question | SB <br> Skill No. | [Maths Mate - Mathematical strand] Skill Builder - Skill description |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8. | 8.1 8.2 8.3 8.4 | [Word Problems] $\qquad$ <br> Solving word problems using addition. <br> Solving word problems using subtraction. <br> Solving word problems using multiplication. <br> Solving word problems using division. |  |
| 9. | $\begin{aligned} & 9.1 \\ & 9.2 \\ & 9.3 \\ & 9.4 \\ & 9.5 \\ & 9.6 \\ & 9.7 \\ & 9.8 \\ & 9.9 \\ & 9.10 \\ & 9.11 \\ & 9.12 \\ & 9.13 \\ & 9.14 \\ & 9.15 \\ & 9.16 \end{aligned}$ | [Fractions] <br> Recognising fractions as part of a whole. <br> Illustrating fractions as part of a whole by shading parts of a diagram. <br> Illustrating fractions as part of a group by shading parts of a diagram. <br> Illustrating fractions as part of a whole by drawing dividing lines in a diagram. <br> Writing fractions to represent parts of a whole. <br> Writing fractions to represent parts of a group. <br> Matching fractions to diagrams. <br> Reading and illustrating fractions on a number line. <br> Completing equivalent fractions. <br> Comparing two fractions with the same denominators. <br> Finding the remaining fraction from a whole. <br> Reading and illustrating mixed numbers on a number line. <br> Recognising mixed numbers in a diagram. <br> Comparing two fractions with the same numerators. <br> Modeling addition and subtraction of fractions with the same denominators, by using parts of a whole. <br> Adding and subtracting fractions with the same denominators. | $.129$ |
| 10. | $\begin{aligned} & 10.1 \\ & 10.2 \\ & 10.3 \\ & 10.4 \\ & 10.5 \\ & 10.6 \\ & 10.7 \\ & 10.8 \\ & 10.9 \\ & 10.10 \\ & 10.11 \end{aligned}$ | [Place Value] <br> Writing numbers illustrated by base 10 blocks. <br> Writing numbers illustrated by an abacus showing place values. <br> Writing the expansion of a number by identifying the digit in each place. <br> Writing numbers by using the place values of each digit. <br> Writing the expansion of a number by adding the values of each digit based on its place. <br> Recognising the place of a digit in a number. <br> Finding the value of a digit in a number. <br> Comparing numbers by using $<,=$ or $>$. <br> Making the largest or the smallest number when the digits are given. <br> Ordering numbers. <br> Rounding whole numbers to the nearest 10 or 100 . | $151$ |
| 11. | $\begin{aligned} & 11.1 \\ & 11.2 \\ & 11.3 \\ & 11.4 \\ & 11.5 \end{aligned}$ | [Word Numbers] <br> Expressing word numbers in numerals. <br> Writing 2-digit numbers in words. <br> Writing 3-digit numbers in words. <br> Writing 4 -digit numbers in words. <br> Writing 5 -digit numbers in words. | 165 |
| 12. | $\begin{aligned} & 12.1 \\ & 12.2 \\ & 12.3 \\ & 12.4 \\ & 12.5 \\ & 12.5 \\ & 12.7 \\ & \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | [Money] $\qquad$ <br> Recognising coins and values of coins. <br> Recognising banknotes and values of banknotes. <br> Adding values of coins and banknotes. <br> Counting collections of coins and banknotes to make up a value shown on a price tag. <br> Comparing prices. <br> Counting collections of identical coins to make up a cost. <br> Calculating change. <br> Adding two or more prices in dollars and cents. | 173 |
| 13. | $\begin{aligned} & 13.1 \\ & 13.2 \\ & 13.3 \\ & 13.4 \\ & 13.5 \end{aligned}$ | [Number Patterns] <br> Completing number patterns by adding the same number. Completing number patterns by subtracting the same number. Completing number patterns by adding changing numbers. Completing number patterns by subtracting changing numbers. Completing number patterns by multiplying by the same number. | 187 |

14.2 Using calendars to identify a date or a day of the month.
14.3 Naming and ordering months and seasons of the year.
14.4 Telling the time by using 'past' and 'to'.
14.5 Showing the time on an analogue clock.
14.6 Matching digital and analogue time.
14.7 Expressing digital and analogue time in words.
14.8 Reading timetables.
14.9 Converting between units of time.
15.
15.1 Comparing objects based on their length.
15.2 Comparing objects based on their weight.
15.3 Comparing objects based on their capacity.
15.4 Estimating length, weight and capacity by using the standard units of measurement.
15.5 Selecting the appropriate units of measurement.
15.6 Measuring length by using a ruler.
15.7 Reading scales for length, weight and capacity.
15.8 Finding the perimeter of a shape by counting the units around the shape on a grid.
15.9 Finding the area of a shape by counting the unit squares covered by the shape on a grid
15.10 Converting units of length.
15.11 Converting units of mass (weight).
15.12 Converting units of capacity (liquid volume).
15.13 Finding the perimeter of a shape by adding the lengths of all sides.
15.14 Finding the area of a rectangle by multiplying the side lengths.
15.15 Measuring an angle using a protractor.
16.
[Shapes]
16.1 Recognising 3D shapes.
16.2 Recognising properties of 2D shapes.
16.3 Counting vertices, edges and faces of 3D shapes.
16.4 Recognising 2D shapes.
16.5 Drawing 2D shapes.
16.6 Counting vertices and sides of 2D shapes.
16.7 Drawing lines of symmetry in 2D shapes.
16.8 Recognising and drawing pairs of parallel and perpendicular lines.
16.9 Recognising and drawing different types of angles.
16.10 Comparing the size of two angles.
16.11 Recognising different types of triangles.
16.12 Recognising properties of triangles and quadrilaterals.
17.
[Location]
17.1 Naming the position of objects (under, outside, next to, etc).
17.2 Drawing objects in the positions under, outside, next to, etc.
17.3 Naming and drawing objects in the positions left, right and middle.
17.4 Identifying the location of objects on a map or a plan.
17.5 Identifying the location of objects using columns and rows.
17.6 Following paths on a maze, grid or map.
17.7 Describing the transformation of an object.
17.8 Drawing the transformation of an object on a grid.
17.9 Describing location by using regions on a grid (e.g. A3).
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18.1 Interpreting picture graphs using one-to-one correspondence.
18.2 Recognising tally marks.
18.3 Interpreting and completing tables with tally marks.
18.4 Interpreting bar graphs.
18.5 Recognising the likelihood of an event as likely, unlikely, certain, uncertain, possible, impossible.
18.6 Interpreting picture graphs where one picture represents many data values.
18.7 Comparing the chance of two events.
18.8 Listing all the possible outcomes of an event.
18.9 Representing data from tables as bar graphs and data from bar graphs as tables.
18.10 Describing the degree of likelihood of an event.
18.11 Interpreting pictographs with a scale.

## 1. [Counting]

## Skill 1.1 Counting objects.

- Decide on a movement e.g. left to right / top row first.
- Touch each object.
- Count out loud.
a. How many bows are there?

A. 9

a) How many dolphins are there?

b) How many presents are there?

c) How many frogs are there?

e) How many hay bales are there?

g) How many fish are there?

d) How many teddies are there?

f) How many ducks are there?

h) How many starfish are there?


Skill 1.2 Investigating number sequences by finding numbers before and after a number.

## After the number

- Count on once.
Q. Write the numbers before and after 26.

a) Write the numbers before and after 13.

c) Write the numbers before and after 44.

e) Write the numbers before and after 51 .

g) Write the numbers before and after 72 .

i) Write the numbers before and after 18.

k) Write the numbers before and after 121 .

m) Write the numbers before and after 127 .



## Before the number

- Think of a smaller number and count on.
A. 252627 Count on:
26, 27, 28 ...
Count on:
23, 24, 25, 26 ...
b) Write the numbers before and after 23.

d) Write the numbers before and after 38.

f) Write the numbers before and after 69 .

h) Write the numbers before and after 90.

j) Write the numbers before and after 55.

I) Write the numbers before and after 170.

n) Write the numbers before and after 636 .


Skill 1.3 Counting forwards and backwards by 1 s .
Q. Count backwards from 43.
A. 434241403938
a) Count on from 28 .

\section*{| 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |}

c) Count backwards from 9 .

e) Count on from 76 .

g) Count on from 43 .

i) Count backwards from 304.

304 $\square$ $\square$ $\square \square$
k) Count on from 189 . 189 $\square \square$

m) Count on from 1005 .

b) Count on from 7 .

d) Count on from 18.

f) Count backwards from 15 .

h) Count backwards from 94.

j) Count on from 200.
200
 $\square$

I) Count backwards from 553.

n) Count on from 5998.


Skill 1.4 Counting forwards by $2 \mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{~s}$ and 5 s .
Q. When counting by $3 s$, what is the
A. 21 next number?

$$
3,6,9,12,15,18
$$


a) Count by 2 s .

| 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

c) When counting by $2 s$, what is the next number?

$$
2,4,6,8,10,12,14
$$

$\square$
e) Use the hearts to show counting by 3 s .

g) Use the bells to show counting by 4 s .

i) Count by 5 s .

b) Count by 4 s .

| * | * | * | * | * | * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * | * | * | * | 畨 | * |
| * | * | * | * | * | * |
| * | * | * | * | * | * |
| 4 | 8 |  |  |  |  |

d) When counting by 5 s , what is the next number?
$5,10,15,20,25,30$,

f) Use the balls to show counting by 5 s .
25

10
(15)
20

h) Use the hens to show counting by 2 s .

j) Count by 3 s .


Skill 1.5 Counting forwards and backwards by 10s, 100s and 1000s (1).
Hint: When you count by 10s the last digit stays the same.
Q. Count forwards by 10 s.

a) Count backwards by 10s.

c) Count forwards by 10 s .

e) Count forwards by 10 s .

g) Count forwards by 10 s .

i) Count forwards by 10s.

k) Count backwards by 10 s .

m) Count forwards by 10 s.

b) Count forwards by 10s.
 20 $\square$


d) Count backwards by 10 s .
57
47
$\square$

f) Count backwards by 10s.
 50

h) Count backwards by 10s.

j) Count forwards by 10 s .

I) Count forwards by 10s.

n) Count forwards by 10 s.


Skill 1.5 Counting forwards and backwards by 10s, 100s and 1000s (2).
o) Count forwards by 100s.
$200 \square \square \square \square$
q) Count backwards by 100s.

| 500 | $\square$ | $\square$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

s) Count forwards by 100s.

u) Count backwards by 100s.

w) Count forwards by 1000 s.

y) Count forwards by 1000 s.

A) Count backwards by 1000s.

p) Count backwards by 100s.

r) Count forwards by 100s.

t) Count forwards by 100s.

v) Count forwards by 100s.

x) Count backwards by 1000s.

z) Count forwards by 1000s.

B) Count backwards by 1000 s .


Skill 1.6 Investigating number sequences by skip counting.

- Find the amount added to get from one number to the next number.
- Add that amount to continue the pattern.
Q. Complete the skip counting pattern.

A. $33 \quad 36 \quad 394245485154$

3 is added to 33 to get to 36, so add 3 to 36 to get 39 .
Continue adding 3 .
a) Complete the skip counting pattern.
1520

c) Complete the skip counting pattern.

e) Complete the skip counting pattern.

g) Complete the skip counting pattern.

i) Complete the skip counting pattern.

k) Complete the skip counting pattern.

b) Complete the skip counting pattern.

d) Complete the skip counting pattern.
404448

68
f) Complete the skip counting pattern.

h) Complete the skip counting pattern.

j) Complete the skip counting pattern.

I) Complete the skip counting pattern.
$3639 \square 45 \square 54$

Skill 1.7 Counting forwards by numbers from 1 to 9 from a larger
Q. Count on by 7 s from 35 .

a) Count on by 4s from 4 .

| 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

c) Count on by 4 s from 12 .

e) Count on by 5 s from 20 .

g) Count on by 3 s from 33 .

i) Count on by 4s from 20.

k) Count on by 8 s from 16 .

m) Count on by 6 s from 18.

A. 354249566370
b) Count on by 3 from 6 .

d) Count on by 3 s from 15 .

f) Count on by 2 s from 28 .

h) Count on by 5 s from 50 .

j) Count on by 2 s from 46 .


1) Count on by 9 s from 18.

n) Count on by 7 s from 14 .


Skill 1.7 Counting forwards by numbers from 1 to 9 from a larger number (2).
p) Count on by 5s from 110 .

r) Count on by 9 s from 81.

t) Count on by 2 s from 96 .

v) Count on by 4s from 112.

x) Count on by 9 from 108.

z) Count on by 4 s from 304 .

A) Count on by 8 s from 640.

B) Count on by 6 from 360.


Skill 1.8 Recognising odd and even numbers (1).

## Even numbers

- Consider the last digit.

It must be 0, 2, 4, 6, 8 .
Q. Which of these numbers is odd? $8,104,96,52,39,50$

## Odd numbers

- Consider the last digit.

It must be 1, 3, 5, 7, 9 .

## A. 39

39 is the only number that ends in a
$1,3,5,7$ or a 9 so it is odd.
$8,104,96,52$ and 50
all end in either
$0,2,4,6$ or 8 , so they are all even.
b) Circle the even numbers.

$22^{13} 17 \quad 45^{29} \quad 41$| 110 |
| :--- |

d) Circle the odd numbers.
$22^{14} 37 \quad 82^{16}{ }_{93}{ }^{138}$
e) Circle the odd numbers.

| 124 |  | 83 |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | 102 |  |  |  |

g) Which of these numbers is even?
$18,7,99,145,87,23$

i) Which of these numbers is odd? $16,98,114,22,30,41$

k) Which of these numbers is odd? $24,56,18,92,33,100$
$\square$
f) Circle the even numbers. $\begin{array}{llllll}135 & & & & \\ & 78 & & 19 & 24\end{array}$
h) Which of these numbers is odd? 8, 104, 96, 52, 47, 50

j) Which of these numbers is even? $25,76,39,207,49,81$

I) Which of these numbers is even? $15,113,27,69,51,94$

m) Is the sum of 16 and 14 an odd or an even number?

o) Is the sum of 14 and 11 an odd or an even number?

q) Is the sum of 25 and 33 an odd or an even number?

s) Redraw the shape with an even number of sides.



u) Redraw the shape with an even number of sides.

w) Redraw the shape with an odd number of sides.

n) Is the sum of 15 and 22 an odd or an even number? $\square$
p) Is the sum of 23 and 22 an odd or an even number?

r) Is the sum of 46 and 13 an odd or an even number?

t) Redraw the shape with an odd number of sides.

v) Redraw the shape with an odd number of sides.

x) Redraw the shape with an even number of sides.

$\square$

Skill 1.9 Counting forwards by numbers from 1 to 9 using a number line.

- Find the difference between any 2 given numbers that are one after the other.
- Count on from the first number in the number line by this amount.
Q. Complete the number line.

A.


The two given numbers, one after the other, are 25 and 30 .
The difference between 25 and 30 is 5 .
Count on by 5 s from 15 :
$15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50$
a) Complete the number line.

c) Complete the number line.

e) Complete the number line.

g) Complete the number line.

i) Complete the number line.

j) Complete the number line.


Skill 1.10 Counting forwards by $6 \mathrm{~s}, 7 \mathrm{~s}, 8 \mathrm{~s}$ and 9 s .
Q. Count by 6 s .

$\square$

## A. $6 \quad 1218 \quad 243036$

a) When counting by 9 s , what is the next number?

$$
9,18,27,36,45,54,63
$$

c) When counting by 8 s , what is the next number?

8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, $\square$
e) Use the bells to show counting by 6 s.

g) Use the hearts to show counting by 7 s .

i) Count by 9 s .

k) Count by 8 s .

b) When counting by 7 s , what is the next number?

$$
7,14,21,28,35,42 \text {, }
$$

$\square$
d) When counting by $6 s$, what is the next number?

$$
6,12,18,24,30,36,
$$

$\square$
f) Use the hens to show counting by 9 s.

h) Use the balls to show counting by 8 s .

j) Count by 7 s .

I) Count by 6 s .


Skill 1.11 Counting forwards and backwards by a number greater than 1, from a larger number.

- Count forwards or backwards by 1 s .
Q. Start at 23. Count backward 5 .
A. 18

Count backward 5 by 1 s :
23, 22, 21, 20, 19, 18
$4_{1}^{4} 4_{4}^{4}$
a) Start at 15. Count forward 8 .
b) Start at 12. Count forward 7 .
c) Start at 24. Count backward 5 .

e) Start at 34. Count forward 6 .

g) Start at 25. Count backward 4 .

i) Start at 69. Count forward 8 .

k) Start at 119. Count backward 9 .

m) Start at 195. Count forward 8 .
$\square$
d) Start at 36. Count backward 5 .

f) Start at 64. Count forward 7.

h) Start at 45. Count backward 8 .

j) Start at 91 . Count backward 6 .

I) Start at 135. Count forward 6 .

n) Start at 203. Count backward 7 .

2. [Addition / Subtraction]

Skill 2.1 Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 represented by pictures, by counting on (1).

- Count all the objects in both groups to complete the addition.
Q. Complete the addition.
A. $4+6=10$

a) Complete the addition.

c) Complete the addition.

e) Complete the addition.

g) Complete the addition.

b) Complete the addition.

d) Complete the addition.

plus

f) Complete the addition.

plus


$$
8+3=
$$


h) Complete the addition.

plus

$\square$ $+$ $\square$ $=$ $\square$

Skill 2.1 Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 represented by pictures, by counting on (2).
i) Complete the addition.

k) Complete the addition.

m) Complete the addition.

o) Complete the addition.

q) Complete the addition.

j) Complete the addition.

I) Complete the addition.

n) Complete the addition.

$+\square=$

p) Complete the addition.

r) Complete the addition.


Skill 2.2 Recognising pairs of numbers that add to 10 (1).

Numbers that add to 10:

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |

Q. Circle two blocks that add to 10 .



The blocks are in order, $9,4,7$ and 1 .
$9+1=10$
a) Circle two blocks that add to 10 .

c) Circle two blocks that add to 10 .

e) Circle two blocks that add to 10 .

g) Circle two blocks that add to 10 .

i) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10.

| 2 | 5 | 1 | 7 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 6 | 9 | 5 | 8 |

k) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10.

b) Circle two blocks that add to 10 .

d) Circle two blocks that add to 10 .

f) Circle two blocks that add to 10 .

h) Circle two blocks that add to 10 .

j) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10.

| 5 | 3 | 9 | 8 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 1 |

I) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10.

| 4 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 3 | 6 | 5 | 1 | 2 |

Skill 2.2 Recognising pairs of numbers that add to 10 (2).
m) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10 .

| 1 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 3 | 8 | 5 | 4 |

o) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10.

| 5 | 3 | 9 | 8 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 7 | 5 | 2 | 1 |

q) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10 .

| 2 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 6 |

s) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10 .

| 5 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 6 | 9 | 8 | 5 | 3 |

u) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10 .

| 9 | 6 | 5 | 8 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 2 | 1 | 7 | 5 |

n) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10.

| 6 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 7 |

p) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10.

r) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10.

t) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10 .

| 6 | 3 | 9 | 5 | 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mid$ | 7 | 1 | 2 | 5 |

v) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 10.

| 4 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 5 | 1 | 3 | 6 |

Skill 2.3 Adding numbers by first making 10 (1).

- Recognise the pair of numbers that add to 10.

| 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |

- Add the remaining number to 10.
Q. Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
2+7+8=\square
$$

a) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
\text { (3) }+6+7=16
$$

c) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
8+4+6=\square
$$

e) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
7+9+1=\square
$$

g) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
6+4+3=\square
$$

i) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
4+5+5=\square
$$

k) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
7+8+3=\square
$$

A. (2) $+7+(8)=17$
$2+8=10$
$10+7=17$
b) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
5+9+5=\square
$$

d) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
1+9+3=\square
$$

f) Circle the numbers that make 10, then add.

$$
8+5+2=\square
$$

h) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
7+1+3=\square
$$

j) Circle the numbers that make 10, then add.

$$
2+8+6=\square
$$

I) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
4+6+9=\square
$$

Skill 2.3 Adding numbers by first making 10 (2).
m) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
1+6+2+9=18
$$

o) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
3+9+4+6=\square
$$

q) Circle the numbers that make 10, then add.

$$
6+5+8+5=\square
$$

s) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
6+7+3+8=\square
$$

u) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
8+9+7+1=\square
$$

w) Circle the numbers that make 10, then add.

$$
5+3+8+7=\square
$$

y) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
4+9+1+8=\square
$$

n) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
5+4+5+3=\square
$$

p) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
4+9+6+9=\square
$$

r) Circle the numbers that make 10, then add.

$$
2+7+6+8=\square
$$

t) Circle the numbers that make 10 , then add.

$$
3+4+6+9=\square
$$

v) Circle the numbers that make 10, then add.

$$
6+5+5+6=\square
$$

x) Circle the numbers that make 10, then add.

$$
6+8+5+2=\square
$$

z) Circle the numbers that make 10, then add.

$$
7+9+3+5=\square
$$

Skill 2.4 Recognising pairs of numbers that add to 20.

## Numbers that add to 20:

| 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 1 | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ | $\mid$ |
| 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |

Q. Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 20.

| 9 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | 11 | 18 | 16 | 13 |

A.

$4+16=20$
$6+14=20$
$7+13=20$
$2+18=20$
a) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 20.

c) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 20.

e) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 20.

## $\begin{array}{ccccc}12 & 14 & 20 & 17 & 15 \\ 8 & 0 & 5 & 6 & 3\end{array}$

b) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 20.

| 3 | 10 | 7 | 4 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | 18 | 10 | 13 | 17 |

d) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 20.

| 9 | 6 | 8 | 1 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14 | 19 | 15 | 11 | 12 |

f) Draw lines to join pairs of numbers that add to 20.

| 8 | 2 | 10 | 4 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16 | 12 | 17 | 18 | 10 |

Skill 2.5 Adding 10 and 100 to a number by using base 10 blocks (1).

## To add 10

- Count the tens and then add the units.

OR

- Add a 1 to the tens place.
- Keep the other digits unchanged.


## To add 100

- Count the hundreds and the tens, and then add the units.
OR
- Add a 1 to the hundreds place
- Keep the other digits unchanged.
Q. Complete the addition.

A. $10+8=18$

a) Complete the addition.


$$
10+2=12
$$

b) Complete the addition.


$$
10+4=\square
$$

plus

$$
10+1=\square
$$

e) Complete the addition.

$10+5=\square$
f) Complete the addition.

plus

$10+7=$ $\square$

Skill 2.5 Adding 10 and 100 to a number by using base 10 blocks (2).
g) Complete the addition.

i) Complete the addition.

k) Complete the addition.

m) Complete the addition.

h) Complete the addition.
 $10+3=\square$
j) Complete the addition.

I) Complete the addition.

n) Complete the addition.


Skill 2.6 Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting forwards on a number line (1).

- Mark the largest number in the sum on the number line.
- Use your pencil to count forwards the smallest number.
Q.

A. $5+3=8$

b)

$6+2=8$

c)


$$
2+4=\square
$$

d)


e)


$$
4+3=\square
$$


g)

$6+4=\square$

## j)



$$
7+9=\square
$$

$$
8+6=\square
$$

Skill 2.6 Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting forwards on a number line (2).
k)


$$
9+9=\square
$$

m)


202122232425262728293031323334353637383940

$$
7+27=\square
$$

0) 

011234156178101011121314151617181920

$$
6+13=\square
$$

p)

202122232425262728293031323334353637383940
q)


202122232425262728293031323334353637383940

$$
9+23=\square
$$

r) 303132333435363738394041424344454647484950 $39+6=$ $\square$

## s)

t)

202122232425262728293031323334353637383940

$$
28+7=\square
$$

303132333435363738394041424344454647484950

$$
8+39=\square
$$

u)

## v)



$$
6+45=\square
$$

Skill 2.7 Adding numbers by using base 10 blocks (1).

- Write the total number of $10 \times 10$ blocks in the hundreds place.
- Write the total number of $1 \times 10$ blocks in the tens place.
- Write the total number of minis in the ones place.
Q. Complete the addition.

a) Complete the addition.


$$
13+16=29
$$

c) Complete the addition.

e) Complete the addition.

A. $400+20+8=428$

b) Complete the addition.

$52+5=\square$
d) Complete the addition.


$$
20+36=\square
$$

f) Complete the addition.


Skill 2.7 Adding numbers by using base 10 blocks (2).
g) Complete the addition.


$$
4+35=\square
$$

i) Complete the addition.

$17+22=\square$
k) Complete the addition.

m) Complete the addition.

n) Complete the addition.
h) Complete the addition.

$40+27=\square$
j) Complete the addition.

I) Complete the addition.


Skill 2.7 Adding numbers by using base 10 blocks (3).
o) Complete the addition.

q) Complete the addition.

s) Complete the addition.

p) Complete the addition.

r) Complete the addition.

t) Complete the addition.



Skill 2.8 Completing addition number sentences by using base 10 representation.

- Count by 10 s the number of dots on each side of the number sentence.
- Add the totals.
Q. Complete the number sentence.
A. $38+41=79$

a) Complete the number sentence. :8080800000 +8000000808

$$
16+30=46
$$

c) Complete the number sentence.

e) Complete the number sentence.

g) Complete the number sentence.

b) Complete the number sentence.


d) Complete the number sentence.

f) Complete the number sentence.

h) Complete the number sentence.


Skill 2.9 Modelling the commutative property for addition on a number line.

- Use the number line to check both sums.
- Find the missing number from the other side of the sum.

Hint: When adding two numbers, the order of the numbers can be reversed.
Q.

A. $5+3=3+5$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5+3=8 \\
& 3+5=8
\end{aligned}
$$

a)

b)


$$
2+7=7+\square
$$

c)
d)
d)

$\square+3=3+9$
$6+5=\square+6$

g)
h)


$$
8+3=\square+8
$$

$$
4+\square=7+4
$$

i)
j)
$4|1| 1 \mid$

$\square+6=6+7$
$\square+9=9+5$

Skill 2.10 Adding 2-digit numbers by trading with base 10 blocks.

- Count the tens and ones on the first side of the number sentence.
- Count the tens and ones on the second side of the number sentence, and count the totals.
Q. Complete the addition.

A.

$37+55=92$
a) Complete the addition.

$25+36=61$
b) Complete the addition.

$49+43=\square$
c) Complete the addition.

e) Complete the addition.

d) Complete the addition.

f) Complete the addition.


Skill 2.11 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 represented by pictures, by counting back (1).

- Look at the number you need to subtract.
- Cross this amount.
- Count the remaining objects to complete the subtraction.
a. Take away 4.


$$
\square-\square=\square
$$

a) Complete the subtraction.

c) Complete the subtraction.

d) Complete the subtraction.

e) Take away 8 .

f) Take away 7.


Skill 2.11 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 represented by pictures, by counting back (2).
g) Take away 5 .

h) Take away 6.

i) Take away 3.


$$
\square-\square=\square
$$

k) Take away 7.

m) Take away 6.
n) Take away 8.

o) Take away 2.


j) Take away 4.

I) Take away 6.


Skill 2.12 Subtracting 1-digit and 2-digit numbers by using base 10 blocks, no trading (1).

## EITHER

- Count the total number of blocks.
- Cross off the number of blocks to be subtracted.
- Count the remaining blocks to complete the subtraction.


## OR

- Count the total number of blocks. Write your answer in the first box.
- Count the blocks that have been crossed off. Write your answer in the box after the subtraction sign.
- Count the remaining blocks to complete the subtraction.
a. Complete the subtraction.

a) Complete the subtraction.

c) Complete the subtraction.

e) Complete the subtraction.

b) Complete the subtraction.


$$
16-2=\square
$$



$$
17-5=\square
$$

f) Complete the subtraction.


Skill 2.12 Subtracting 1-digit and 2-digit numbers by using base
g) Complete the subtraction.


$$
36-13=\square
$$

i) Complete the subtraction.


$$
35-14=\square
$$

k) Complete the subtraction.

m) Complete the subtraction.

o) Complete the subtraction.

h) Complete the subtraction.

j) Complete the subtraction.
 $\begin{array}{ll}\text { a } \\ \text { a } \\ \text { a } \\ \text { a } \\ \text { a } \\ \text { a } & 47-15=\end{array}$

I) Complete the subtraction.

n) Complete the subtraction.

p) Complete the subtraction.


Skill 2.12 Subtracting 1-digit and 2-digit numbers by using base
q) Complete the subtraction.

s) Complete the subtraction.

u) Complete the subtraction.

w) Complete the subtraction.

$\square$
r) Complete the subtraction.

t) Complete the subtraction.

v) Complete the subtraction.

x) Complete the subtraction.

$\square$

Skill 2.13 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting backwards on a number line (1).

- Mark the first number in the subtraction on the number line.
- Use your pencil to count backwards the second number.
Q.

A. $7-5=2$

b)

c)

e)


$$
7-3=\square
$$

g)


$$
10-7=\square
$$

## i)

 01234567891011121314151617181920

$$
12-5=\square
$$

f)

h)


$$
9-8=\square
$$

d)

$8-5=$


## j)



Skill 2.13 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting backwards on a number line (2).
k)


$$
16-8=\square
$$

m)

- | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 101112131415161718192021222324252627282930

$$
26-9=\square
$$

o)


101112131415161718192021222324252627282930

q)
 202122232425262728293031323334353637383940

$$
34-8=\square
$$

s)
+| | | | | | | | | | | | | | 申 | | | | |
202122232425262728293031323334353637383940

$$
35-6=\square
$$

u)


303132333435363738394041424344454647484950

$$
44-7=\square
$$

I)

$14-6=\square$
n)
 101112131415161718192021222324252627282930

$$
25-4=\square
$$

p)

r)
 202122232425262728293031323334353637383940

$$
33-9=\square
$$

## t)



202122232425262728293031323334353637383940

$$
35-7=\square
$$

## v)



303132333435363738394041424344454647484950


Skill 2.14 Subtracting 1-digit and 2-digit numbers by first building up to the nearest multiple of 10 on a number line (1).

- Mark the smallest number in the subtraction on the number line.
- Count on to the nearest 10.
- Then count on to the total. (Repeat if necessary)
- Add the totals.
- Check the subtraction by counting backwards from the largest number.
Q. How much must be added to 24 to make 33?


202122232425262728293031323334353637383940

$$
33-24=\square
$$

a) How much must be added to 7 to make 15?

c) How much must be added to 8 to make 16?

A. $33-24$
$=6+3$
$=9$


202122232425262728293031323334353637383940
6 units from 24 to 30 .
3 units from 30 to 33 .
Check that counting backwards 9 from 33 is 24 .
b) How much must be added to 6 to make 13?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 15-7= \\
& 3+5=8
\end{aligned}
$$

$13-6=$

d) How much must be added to 9 to make 15?

$$
\begin{aligned}
16-8 & = \\
& =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

Skill 2.14 Subtracting 1-digit and 2-digit numbers by first building up to
e) How much must be added to 8 to make 14?

$14-8=$

g) How much must be added to 8 to make 13?

$\begin{array}{lllllllllllllllll}0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 1314 & 15 & 16 & 17 \\ 18 & 19 & 20\end{array}$

$$
13-8=\square
$$

i) How much must be added to 25 to make 34?


202122232425262728293031323334353637383940

$$
34-25=\square
$$

k) How much must be added to 17 to make 29?
 101112131415161718192021222324252627282930
f) How much must be added to 7 to make 12?

$12-7=$

h) How much must be added to 6 to make 14?

j) How much must be added to 17 to make 31?


151617181920212223242526272829303132333435

$$
31-17=\square
$$

I) How much must be added to 24 to make 37?


$$
29-17=\square
$$

Skill 2.14 Subtracting 1-digit and 2-digit numbers by first building up to
m) How much must be added to 5 to make 21?


4567189101112131415161718192021222324
n) How much must be added to 7 to make 24?


$$
21-5=\square
$$

$24-7=$ $\square$
o) Subtract by first building up from 36 to 40.


$$
54-36=\square
$$

p) Subtract by first building up from 18 to 20.

$36-18=$

q) Subtract by first building up from 17 to 20 .



$$
34-17=\square
$$

s) Subtract by first building up from 25 to 30.
t) Subtract by first building up from 29 to 30.


Skill 2.15 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 from 2-digit numbers with smaller unit values, by trading with base 10 blocks (1).

Note: The trading of 1 long (from the left) for 10 minis (on the right) is shown in the table.
Note: The crossing of the subtracted number of blocks is also shown.

- Count the number of remaining blocks on the right.
a. Complete the subtraction.


$$
22-8=\square
$$

a) Complete the subtraction.


$$
24-7=17
$$

c) Complete the subtraction.


$$
25-6=\square
$$

b) Complete the subtraction.

$23-9=\square$
d) Complete the subtraction.


$$
34-8=\square
$$

Skill 2．15 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 from 2－digit numbers with smaller unit values，by trading with base 10 blocks（2）．
e）Complete the subtraction．

$27-9=\square$
g）Complete the subtraction．


$$
23-9=\square
$$

i）Complete the subtraction．


$$
27-18=\square
$$

f）Complete the subtraction．


$$
36-7=\square
$$

h）Complete the subtraction．


$$
30-7=\square
$$

j）Complete the subtraction．

| Trade 1 long for 10 minis |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | G | 斩 |
|  |  |  | 6\％ |
|  | $\square$ |  | 田为 |
|  | $\square$ | － | 回嵒 |
|  | $\square$ |  | 回乐 |

$$
33-16=\square
$$

Skill 2.16 Relating addition and subtraction facts.

- Notice the arrangement of numbers in both the sum and the subtraction.

Use the sum to find the missing number in the subtraction.

- Check that the missing number is the result using the number line.
Q.



$$
7+6=13
$$

A. $13-6=7$


$$
13-\square=7
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 7+6=13 \\
& 13-?=7
\end{aligned}
$$

a)


$$
9+9=18
$$

$$
18-9=9
$$

c)


$$
9+\square=17
$$

$$
17-9=\square
$$

e)


$$
\begin{aligned}
& 5+6=11 \\
& 11-6=\square
\end{aligned}
$$

g)


$$
\begin{aligned}
& 9+4=13 \\
& 13-\square=9
\end{aligned}
$$


$10+\square=14$
$14-10=\square$
d)

$11+\square=16$
$16-11=\square$
f)

$6+8=14$
$14-\square=6$
h)

$9+7=16$
$16-7=\square$

Skill 2.17 Modelling facts for subtraction on a number line.

- Use the number line to do both subtractions.
- If the results are equal, then the fact is true.

Hint: When subtracting two numbers, the order of the numbers cannot be reversed to get the same result.
Q.
A. false

$16-4=4-16$
True or false?
a)


$$
9-5=5-9
$$

True or false?
false
c)

$5-1=1-5$
True or false? $\square$

## e)


$18-6=6-18$
True or false?

## 3. [Multiplication / Division]

## Skill 3.1 Recognising and counting groups of equal numbers of objects.

- Find identical groups.
- Count the number of identical groups.
Q. How many groups of 3 snails?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { @(ロ) C (Q) }
\end{aligned}
$$

A. 5

a) How many groups of 4 balls?

b) How many groups of 3 scissors?


## 4

c) How many groups of 3 rockets?

e) How many groups of 6 stars?

| $t \star t$ $t \star t$ | $\begin{aligned} & t \star t \\ & \star t \star t \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\star \star \star$ * $\star \star$ | $\star \star \star$ <br>  |

g) How many groups of 3 birds?

d) How many groups of 4 mouths?

f) How many groups of 3 bugs?

h) How many groups of 5 chickens?



Skill 3.2 Counting equal groups and objects in a group (1).

- Count the number of groups.
- Count the number of objects in each group.
Q. Fill in the gaps.

blocks =
blocks
A. 4 groups of 9 blocks = = 36 blocks
皀

N1

(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)

There are 4 groups.
Each group has 9 blocks.
a) Fill in the gaps.

c) Fill in the gaps.

d) Fill in the gaps.
 peas
e) Fill in the gaps.


Skill 3.2 Counting equal groups and objects in a group (2).
g) Fill in the gaps.

h) Fill in the gaps.

i) Fill in the gaps.

j) Fill in the gaps.

k) Fill in the gaps.

m) Fill in the gaps.

n) Fill in the gaps.

$\square$ groups of


Skill 3.3 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using arrays (1).

- Count the total number of shapes in the array.

OR

- Use counting by the number of rows or by the number of columns.
a. Complete the multiplication.


3 rows of $8=$

A. $3 \times 8=24$

3 rows of $8=3 \times 8=24$ or
8 columns of $3=8 \times 3=24$
OR
Count by 3 s eight times:
$3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24$
8 times
a) Complete the multiplication.


2 rows of $3=$

$$
2 \times 3=6
$$

c) Complete the multiplication.


4 rows of $5=$

e) Complete the multiplication.

b) Complete the multiplication.


3 rows of $6=$ $3 \times 6=\square$
d) Complete the multiplication.


4 rows of $7=$ $4 \times 7=\square$
f) Complete the multiplication.


Skill 3.3 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using arrays (2).
g) Complete the multiplication.

i) Complete the multiplication.

k) Complete the multiplication.

m) Complete the multiplication.

n) Complete the multiplication.


Skill 3.3 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using arrays (3).

o) Complete the multiplication.


$$
4 \times 4=\square
$$

q) Complete the multiplication.


$$
3 \times 10=\square
$$

s) Complete the multiplication.

u) Complete the multiplication.

w) Complete the multiplication.

$\square$ $\times 7=$ $\square$
p) Complete the multiplication.


$$
4 \times 5=\square
$$

r) Complete the multiplication.


$$
2 \times 9=\square
$$

t) Complete the multiplication.

v) Complete the multiplication.

x) Complete the multiplication.


Skill 3.3 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using arrays (4).
y) Complete the multiplication.

A) Complete the multiplication.

C) Complete the multiplication.

E) Complete the multiplication.

$\square$ $\times 10=$
z) Complete the multiplication.

B) Complete the multiplication.

D) Complete the multiplication.

F) Complete the multiplication.


Skill 3.4 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using repetitive addition (1).

## Repetitive addition

- Add the numbers in the repetitive addition.


## Multiplication

- Count the number of objects.
- Add the number of parts of each object, the number of times needed.

Hint: Multiplication is a shortcut to repetitive addition.
Q.


$$
4+4+4+4+4+4=\square
$$

A. $4+4+4+4+4+4=\mathbf{2 4}$
$6 \times 4=24$

$$
6 \times 4=\square
$$

a)


$$
7+7+7=21
$$

b)


$$
6+6+6+6+6+6=\square
$$

$$
3 \times 7=21
$$

$$
6 \times 6=\square
$$

c)


$$
9+9=\square
$$

d)


$$
2 \times 9=\square
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
5+5+5 & =\square \\
3 \times 5 & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

(1)
(2)
(3)
(4)
(5)
$4+4+4+4+4+4$
6 times
$=6 \times 4=24$
e)


$$
\begin{aligned}
6+6+6+6+6 & =\square \\
5 \times 6 & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

## f)



$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8+8=\square \\
& 2 \times 8=\square
\end{aligned}
$$

Skill 3.4 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using repetitive addition (2).
g)


$$
3+3+3+3+3+3+3=\square
$$

$$
7 \times 3=\square
$$

i)


$$
6+6+6=\square
$$

$$
3 \times 6=\square
$$

k)


$$
10+10+10=\square
$$

$$
3 \times 10=\square
$$

m)


$$
\begin{aligned}
5+5+5+5 & =\square \\
4 \times 5 & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
4 \times 6=\square
$$

j)


$$
7+7=\square
$$

$$
2 \times 7=\square
$$

I)


$$
3+3+3=\square
$$

$3 \times 3=$ $\square$


$$
6+6+6+6=\square
$$


n)


$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4+4=\square \\
& 2 \times 4=\square
\end{aligned}
$$

- Draw the same number of objects next to the given objects.
- Count the total number of objects.

OR

- Add the number to itself.
Q. Double this number of triangles by first drawing them.


$$
2 \times 4=\square
$$

A. 8


4 doubled $=8$
OR
$2 \times 4$
$=4+4$
$=8$
a) Double this number of stars by first drawing them.


$$
2 \times 1=2
$$

b) Double this number of hexagons by first drawing them.

d) Double this number of pentagons by first drawing them.

e) Double 7 .

$$
2 \times 7=\square
$$

g) Double 6 .

i) Double 10 .

h) Double 3.

j) Double 12.


Skill 3.6 Multiplying by 10 and 100 by using base 10 blocks (1).

By 10

- Count by 10 s using base 10 blocks $(1 \times 10)$. OR
- Add a zero to the end of the number that is being multiplied by 10.


## By 100

- Count by 100 s using base 10 blocks ( $1 \times 100$ ).
OR
- Add two zeros to the end of the number that is being multiplied by 100 .
a. Complete the multiplication.


$$
9 \times 10=\square
$$

a) Complete the multiplication.


$$
4 \text { lots of } 10=40
$$

c) Complete the multiplication.

$$
2 \text { lots of } 10=\square
$$

e) Complete the multiplication.

$$
8 \times 10=\square
$$



f) Complete the multiplication.

$10 \times 10=$

## A. 90

Count by 10s nine times:
$10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90$
OR
$9 \times 10$
$=90$-add a zero to the 9
b) Complete the multiplication. 5 lots of $10=$ $\square$

d) Complete the multiplication.

$\square$

Skill 3.6 Multiplying by 10 and 100 by using base 10 blocks (2).
g) Complete the multiplication.

i) Complete the multiplication.

$$
8 \times 10=\square
$$

k) Complete the multiplication.

$$
25 \times 10=\square
$$

m) Complete the multiplication.


$$
3 \times 100=\square
$$

o) Complete the multiplication.



$$
2 \times 100=\square
$$

q) Complete the multiplication.

$$
9 \times 100=\square
$$

h) Complete the multiplication.


$$
3 \times 10=\square
$$

j) Complete the multiplication.

$$
11 \times 10=\square
$$

I) Complete the multiplication.

$$
33 \times 10=\square
$$

n) Complete the multiplication.


$$
5 \times 100=\square
$$

p) Complete the multiplication.

r) Complete the multiplication.
$12 \times 100=\square$

Skill 3.7 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using multiplication

- Follow the shaded lines from the numbers to be multiplied, moving down and across.
- Read the number where the shaded lines meet.
a. Complete the multiplication.

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |



## A. 60

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |

a) Complete the multiplication.

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |


c) Complete the multiplication.

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |


e) Complete the multiplication.

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |


b) Complete the multiplication.

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |

d) Complete the multiplication.

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |

$6 \times 9=$ $\square$
f) Complete the multiplication.

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |

$$
7 \times 7=
$$



Skill 3.7 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by using multiplication
g) Complete the multiplication.

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |

i) Complete the multiplication.

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |

$$
3 \times 7=\square
$$

k) Complete the multiplication.

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |

$6 \times 7=\square$
m) Complete the multiplication.

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |

$9 \times 8=\square$
h) Complete the multiplication.

j) Complete the multiplication.

| $\mathbf{x}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |

$$
9 \times 3=\square
$$

I) Complete the multiplication.

n) Complete the multiplication.

| $\times$ | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1 0}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 30 |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 40 |
| $\mathbf{5}$ | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 | 50 |
| $\mathbf{6}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 | 60 |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 | 70 |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 80 |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 | 90 |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |



Skill 3.8 Modelling the commutative property for multiplication by using | Orage 112233 |
| :--- |
| Rose |
| 1122 | arrays.

- Count the number of rows and the number of columns on both sides of the table. Hint: When multiplying two numbers, the order of the numbers can be reversed.
Q.

$3 \times \square=6 \times 3$
a)


$$
2 \times 4=4 \times 2
$$

c)

$8 \times \square=3 \times 8$
e)

$4 \times \square=6 \times 4$
g)

A. $3 \times 6=6 \times 3$

| 3 rows, 6 columns | $\Rightarrow 3 \times 6=18$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 6 rows, 3 columns | $\Rightarrow 6 \times 3=18$ |
| Equal number in array | $\Rightarrow$ same result |

b)

$4 \times 5=\square \times 4$
d)

| ■■■■■■■ | - - - |
| :---: | :---: |
| ■■■■■■■ | -■■■ |
| ■■■■■■■ | ■■■ |
| ■■■■■■■ | ■■■日 |
|  |  |
|  | - |
|  | ■■■ |

$4 \times 7=\square \times 4$
f)

h)


Skill 3.9 Modelling multiplication of numbers greater than 12 by a single $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Orage } 112233 \\ \text { Rose } 1122 & 3\end{array}$ digit, by using base 10 blocks.

- Find the total number of tens by counting the base 10 blocks $(1 \times 10)$.
- Find the total number of units by counting the base 10 blocks $(1 \times 1)$.
- Add the results to complete the multiplication of the number greater than 12.
Q.

$3 \times 10=\square$

$$
3 \times 7=\square
$$

$3 \times 17=\square$
a)

$4 \times 20=\square \quad 4 \times 2=\square$
$4 \times 22=\square$
c)

$3 \times 10=\square$
$3 \times 4=\square$
$3 \times 14=\square$

$3 \times 10=\square$
$3 \times 5=\square$
$3 \times 15=\square$
b)

$5 \times 20=\square$

$5 \times 22=\square$
d)

$4 \times 10=\square$ $4 \times 7=\square$
$4 \times 17=\square$
$2 \times 10=\square \quad 2 \times 6=\square$
$2 \times 16=\square$

Skill 3．10 Dividing objects into equal groups（1）．
－Try different ways to arrange the objects into equal groups．
－Count the number of objects in each group．

Q．Circle to divide 8 pipes into 2 equal groups．How many in each group？


A． 4


Group 1


Group 2
a）Circle to divide 15 candles into 5 equal groups．How many in each group？


## 3

c）Circle to divide 9 books into 3 equal groups．How many in each group？

e）Circle to divide 18 butterflies into 3 equal groups．How many in each group？



b）Circle to divide 12 crowns into 2 equal groups．How many in each group？

d）Circle to divide 16 clubs into 4 equal groups．How many in each group？

f）Circle to divide 14 leaves into 2 equal groups．How many in each group？

g) Circle to divide 16 ducks into 2 equal groups. How many in each group?

i) Circle to divide 12 tennis balls into 3 equal groups. How many in each group?

k) Circle to divide 6 bows into 2 equal groups. How many in each group?

m) Circle to divide 12 pinwheels into 4 equal groups. How many in each group?



Skill 3.11 Modeling division by arranging objects in equal groups, by using pictures (1).

- Try different ways to arrange all the objects into equal groups.
- Count the number of objects in each group to complete the division.
Q. Circle to make 5 equal groups.


10 divided into 5 groups = $\square$
A. 10 divided into 5 groups $=2$


Group 1 Group 2 Group 3 Group 4 Group 5
b) Circle to make 6 equal groups.


12 divided into 6 groups $=$ $\square$
d) Circle to make 3 equal groups.
 Cole
Core

42 divided into 7 groups $=$ $\square$

Skill 3.11 Modeling division by arranging objects in equal groups, by using pictures (2).
e) Circle to make 4 equal groups.


40 divided into 4 groups $=\square$
g) Circle to make 3 equal groups.


15 divided into 3 groups $=$ $\square$
i) Circle to make 4 equal groups.


28 divided into 4 groups $=\square$
f) Circle to make 5 equal groups.


35 divided into 5 groups $=$ $\square$
h) Circle to make 4 equal groups.
 16 divided into 4 groups $=\square$
j) Circle to make 3 equal groups.


24 divided into 3 groups $=$ $\square$

Skill 3.12 Modeling division by arranging objects in equal groups, by using arrays (1).

- Count the number of objects in each group to complete the division.
Q.


21 divided into 3 groups =

$$
21 \div 3=\square
$$

a)

20 divided into 5 groups $=$

$$
20 \div 5=4
$$

c)


24 divided into 8 groups $=$ $24 \div 8=$ $\square$
e)


21 divided into 3 groups $=$

$$
21 \div 3=\square
$$



20 divided into 10 groups $=$

$$
20 \div 10=\square
$$

b) 00000

18 divided into 6 groups $=$

$$
18 \div 6=\square
$$

d)


32 divided into 4 groups = $32 \div 4=$ $\square$
f)


30 divided into 5 groups $=$

$$
30 \div 5=\square
$$

h)


24 divided into 3 groups $=$ $24 \div 3=$ $\square$


Skill 3.13 Modeling division by the numbers from 1 to 10 , by using repetitive subtraction (1).

- Identify the smaller number which is repeatedly subtracted from the bigger number.
- Count how many times the smaller number is subtracted, to complete the division.

OR

- Count the number of equal groups containing a number of objects equal to the number being subtracted.
Q.

A. $30 \div 6=5$
$30-6-6-6-6-6=0$ 5 times

6 is subtracted repeatedly 5 times from 30.

6 divides exactly 5 times into 30 .
OR


There are 5 groups of 6 balls.
a)


$$
\begin{aligned}
24-8-8-8 & =0 \\
24 \div 8 & =3
\end{aligned}
$$

c)


$$
\begin{aligned}
36-9-9-9-9 & =0 \\
36 \div 9 & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

b)

$24-4-4-4-4-4-4=0$ $24 \div 4=\square$
$\square$
d)


$$
\begin{array}{r}
21-7-7-7=0 \\
21 \div 7=
\end{array}
$$

Skill 3.13 Modeling division by the numbers from 1 to 10 , by using
e)


$$
\begin{aligned}
18-6-6-6 & =0 \\
18 \div 6 & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

f)


$$
\begin{array}{r}
30-10-10-10=0 \\
30 \div 10=\square
\end{array}
$$

g)

$21-3-3-3-3-3-3-3=0$

$$
21 \div 3=\square
$$


h)

$\begin{aligned} 12-3-3-3-3 & =0 \\ 12 \div 3 & =\square\end{aligned}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
15-3-3-3-3-3 & =0 \\
15 \div 3 & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$



$$
\begin{aligned}
25-5-5-5-5-5 & =0 \\
25 \div 5 & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

Skill 3.14 Modeling division by arranging an equal number of objects into groups, by using arrays (1).

- Count the number of groups to complete the division.
Q.

| $*$ | $*$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ |

24 divided into groups of $4=$ $24 \div 4=\square$
A. $24 \div 4=6$


There are 6 groups of 4 objects.
b) $\quad$ * * * * *

10 divided into groups of $2=$

d)


32 divided into groups of $4=$

$$
32 \div 4=\square
$$

f)


45 divided into groups of $9=$

$$
45 \div 9=
$$

$\square$

Skill 3.14 Modeling division by arranging an equal number of objects into groups, by using arrays (2).
g)
*

28 divided into groups of $4=$

$$
\square \div \square=\square
$$

i)


40 divided into groups of $5=$

k)

| * | * | * | * | * | * | * |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| * | * | * | * | * | * |  |  |

21 divided into groups of $3=$

m)

| $*$ | $*$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| $*$ |  |  |

40 divided into groups of $4=$



27 divided into groups of $3=$

j)


35 divided into groups of $5=$

$$
\square \div \square
$$



$$
\text { * } * * \text { * } * * \text { * } * * \text { * }
$$

20 divided into groups of $5=$

$$
\square \div \square=\square
$$

n) $\begin{array}{llllllll}* & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & * & * & * \\ * & * & * & * & * & *\end{array}$

25 divided into groups of $5=$
$\square$

Skill 3.15 Modeling division by the numbers from 1 to 10 , by using arrays (1).

- Look at the number you divide by.
- Circle squares to make that number of equal groups.
- Count the number of squares in each group to complete the division.
a. Circle to complete the division.


$$
50 \div 5=\square
$$

A. $50 \div 5=10$


There are 10 squares in each group.
a) Circle to complete the division.


$$
30 \div 6=5
$$

c) Circle to complete the division.


$$
40 \div 5=\square
$$

e) Circle to complete the division.


$$
42 \div 7=\square
$$

b) Circle to complete the division.

d) Circle to complete the division.


$$
36 \div 6=\square
$$

f) Circle to complete the division.


$$
48 \div 6=
$$

$\square$

Skill 3.15 Modeling division by the numbers from 1 to 10 , by using arrays
g) Circle to complete the division. ■■■■■■■■■■

$$
20 \div 2=\square
$$

i) Circle to complete the division.


$$
24 \div 6=\square
$$

k) Circle to complete the division.


$$
50 \div 10=\square
$$

m) Circle to complete the division.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |

$$
27 \div 3=\square
$$

o) Circle to complete the division.


$$
36 \div 9=\square
$$

h) Circle to complete the division. ■■■■■■ -
■■■■■■■
$14 \div 2=\square$
j) Circle to complete the division.


$$
32 \div 4=\square
$$

I) Circle to complete the division.

n) Circle to complete the division.


$$
30 \div 10=\square
$$

p) Circle to complete the division.


$$
40 \div 8=\square
$$

Skill 3.15 Modeling division by the numbers from 1 to 10 , by using arrays
q) Circle to complete the division.


$$
48 \div 4=\square
$$



$$
35 \div 5=\square
$$

t) Circle to complete the division.


$$
21 \div 3=\square
$$

v) Circle to complete the division.


$$
63 \div 9=\square
$$

w) Circle to complete the division.


$$
48 \div 8=\square
$$

x) Circle to complete the division.

| ■■■■■■ |
| :---: |
| ■■■■■■ |
| ■■■■■■ |
|  |
|  |
|  |  |

z) Circle to complete the division.


$$
36 \div 12=
$$

$\square$

Skill 3.16 Modeling division by the numbers from 1 to 12 with remainder, by using arrays.

- Identify by what number you divide.
- Circle this number of dots to make as many equal groups as possible.
- Count the number of equal groups to get the result of the division.
- Count the number of left over dots to get the remainder of the division.
Q.

A. $33 \div 5=\mathbf{6}$ remainder $\mathbf{3}$


There are 6 groups of 5 dots.
a)

$21 \div 2=10$ remainder 1

$18 \div 4=\square$ remainder $\square$
c)

$30 \div 9=\square$ remainder $\square$

$20 \div 3=\square$
remainder $\square$ $54 \div 7=$ $\square$ remainder $\square$

Skill 3．17 Relating multiplication and division facts by using arrays（1）．

## Array is divided into equal groups

－Notice the arrangement of numbers in both the multiplication and division．
－Count the dots in each group to complete the division．

## Array is not divided

－Count the number of dots，rows and columns in the array to complete the multiplication and division number sentences．


A． $5 \times 7=35$
$7 \times 5=35$
$35 \div 5=7$
$35 \div 7=5$

There are 35 dots in the array， 5 rows and 7 columns．
a）


$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 \times 8=16 \\
& 16 \div 2=8
\end{aligned}
$$

b）

$4 \times 5=20$
$20 \div 4=\square$
c）

$3 \times 4=12$
$12 \div 3=\square$
e）

$5 \times 3=15$
$15 \div 5=\square$
d）$O$
$2 \times 4=8$
$8 \div 2=\square$
f）

$6 \times 2=12$
$12 \div 6=\square$

Skill 3．17 Relating multiplication and division facts by using arrays（2）．
g）$\pi \pi \pi$ ターム ヵタッ ターコ 7（7） ヶダロ ヶタュ ターコ ヶタッ タッタ タータ HM～
i）
ュュュュ コーネコ ュュュュ ターダタ
 タームネ ーゴゴ ～～アコ

$$
32 \div \square=8
$$

k）
コニゴーム



 コームネゴ ームネルネ エクエネコ コームター ココココエコ
m）ネルネルネ コームネコ

 ターダダロ
 コーゴゴ
$\square$

$$
\times 10=50
$$



I）
 ーム～ネ コーネコ ーム～ュ ターロー
 ターロー 7～～～～

n）
リ リ ム リ ム M ーダタ コーコ のダタ コーネ コーコ ッタュ ターム


$$
\begin{aligned}
24 \div \square & =6 \\
\square \div 6 & =4
\end{aligned}
$$



$$
\begin{gathered}
3 \times 9=\square \\
27 \div \square=9 \\
\square \div 9=3
\end{gathered}
$$

## 4. [+ Whole Numbers]

## Skill 4.1 Understanding different terms used for addition.

- Consider the words used with the numbers.

Addition is associated with words like: add on, and, plus, sum of, total of, increasing by, more than, all together.
Q. The sum of 7 and 2 is

A. $7+2=9$
'sum of' means adding
b) 10 and 6 makes
d) 9 and 6 all together make

e) 6 plus 7 equals

f) 9 add on 5 is
h) The sum of 9 and 8 is
g) 5 add on 8 is

j) 4 plus 5 equals
k) Increasing 8 by 5 is

I) 9 more than 3 equals
n) 7 add on 4 is
o) The sum of 7 and 6 is

p) 11 and 7 makes
r) 6 and 8 all together make

s) 5 and 7 all together make $\square$ t) 8 and 8 makes

Skill 4.2 Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting on, using your fingers or pencil marks.

- Start with the largest number.
- Count on the smaller number using your fingers or pencil marks.
Q.

A.


Start with the largest number, 6.
Count on 3 more.

$$
6+3=9
$$

## 8 counting on 5

a) $8+5=13$
b) $7+7=\square 7$ counting on...
d) $3+8=\square$
e) $4+8=\square$
f) $6+7=\square$
g)

i)

k)


Skill 4.3 Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting forwards on a number line.

- Mark the largest number in the sum on the number line.
- Use your pencil to count forwards the smallest number.
Q.

A.

count forward +7

a) $8+8=$

01234567891011121314151617181920
c) $4+7=\square$
- 1
01234567891011121314151617181920
b) $9+5=\square$

01234567891011121314151617181920
d) $6+6=\square$
$\begin{array}{rcccccccccccccccccc}1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12131415 & 1617 & 18 & 1920\end{array}$
e)

g)

h)

i)

-1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 01234567891011121314151617181920

j)


Skill 4.4 Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 by using base 10 blocks.

- Use blocks to represent both numbers.
- Borrow blocks from the second number to make the first number a ten, if possible.

Add to this ten the remaining blocks to complete the addition.

- Count the number of blocks.
Q. $8+9=\square$
A. $8+9=17$

$8+9=10+7=17$
a) $7+8=15$

c)

b) $4+9=\square$

d)


f)

g)

h)

|  | 29 | 12 | 15 | 23 | 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| +9 |  |  |  |  |  |

Skill 4.5 Adding the numbers from 1 to 10 by first making 10 or the nearest multiple of 10 .

- Find the biggest number in the addition.
- Ask yourself, "What number added to this number makes 10 (or the nearest multiple of 10 )?"
- Break down the other number in the addition to include the number you need.
- Add the two numbers that make 10 (or 20, 30, 40 etc).
- Complete the addition.
Q.

A.

a) $6+9=$
b) $8+17=$
c) $15+8=$
$=9+7+5$
$=9+1+5$
$10+5=$
15

d) $9+9=$
e) $6+15=$
f) $7+25=$

g)

i)



## Adding 10 to a single digit number

- Mark 10 on the number line.
- Use your pencil to count forwards the single digit number.


## Adding 10 to a double digit number

- Keep the units digit of the double digit number.
- Add 1 to the tens digit of the double digit number.
Q. $4+10=\square$
A. $4+10=14$
count forward 4)

a) $10+3=13$

01234567891011121314151617181920
b) $5+10=\square$


01234567891011121314151617181920
c) $8+10=\square$
d) $10+10=\square$
e) $9+10=\square$
f) $10+7=\square$
g) $10+6=\square$
h) $3+10=\square$
i) $14+10=\square$
j) $10+18=\square$
k) $10+17=\square$
I) $27+10=\square$
m) $25+10=\square$
n) $10+22=\square$
o) $26+10=\square$
p) $31+10=\square$
q) $36+10=\square$
r) $10+34=\square$

Skill 4.7 Adding two 2-digit numbers by separately adding the tens and the units, and then adding the results.

- Add the tens.
- Add the units.
- Add the totals.
a. $15+27=\square$
A. $10+20=30$ add the tens
$5+7=12$ add the units

$$
30+12=42
$$

a) $14+24=$
b) $32+13=$
c) $26+21=$
$10+20=30$
$30+10=$
$4+4=8$
$2+3=$
$30+8=$
38
 $\qquad$
d) $48+20=$
e) $19+31=$
f) $22+36=$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
g) $26+15=$
$\qquad$
$\square$
h) $18+37=$
i) $49+34=$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
j) $33+28=$
k) $46+19=$

1) $27+35=$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Skill 4.8 Adding multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, no carry.

- Always keep your working columns in lines. Line up units with units, tens with tens, etc.
- Add from right to left.

a)

b)
25
$+51$

d)
e)

e)
c)


f)

g)

h)

i)
571
$+208$

j)

$$
\begin{array}{r}
522 \\
+361
\end{array}
$$


m)

n)
4:8:0
$+402$

o)


Skill 4.9 Adding multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, with carry (1).

- Always keep your working columns in lines. Line up units with units, tens with tens, etc.
- Add from right to left.


Skill 4.9 Adding multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, with carry (2).
m)

p)

q)

t)

w)

z)
2:83
$+157$

B) $\quad 467$
$+234$


Skill 4.9 Adding multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, with carry (3).
E) $\quad 4: 467$
F) $\quad 40: 6$
$+1508$

G)

н) $\quad 3: 5: 8$
$+1903$

K)

L)
503
46

J) $\quad 5: 7: 8$
+2884

M)
6:43

N) $\quad 5371$

I)
7:40:4
$\begin{array}{r}797 \\ +\quad 397 \\ \hline\end{array}$


1283
0) $3: 56$
290
$+1531$

P) $\quad 72: 1$ 1259
$+1396$

Q) $\quad 4453$
$+15287$
$\square$
R) $\quad 6: 2: 4$
$+18281$

Skill 4.10 Finding the unknown number in an addition number sentence.

- Guess the value of the missing number that will make the number sentence true.
(Both sides of the number sentence must be equal).
- Fill in this value in the number sentence and check the sum.

Hint: If the total on the left hand side of the number sentence is not enough then add a larger number.
If the total on the left hand side of the number sentence is too great then add a smaller number.

- Keep guessing and checking until the number sentence is true.

A. $4+?=16$
Guess 10.
$4+70=14 \quad$ Adding 10 gives a sum of $14-$
$4+12=16$ not enough so guess a larger number.
Guess 12.
Check again.
a) $13+5=18$
$13+3=16$ (not enough)
b) $16+\square=23$
$16+5=21$ (notenough)
$13+5=18$
d) $\square+13=32$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
g) $12+\square=29$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
j) $\square+25=31$
e) $8+\square=24$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
h) $11+\square=33$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
k) $8+\square=32$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
i)
 $+18=27$
f) $21+\square=28$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

1) 



## 5. [- Whole Numbers]

## Skill 5.1 Understanding different terms used for subtraction.

- Consider the words used with the numbers.

Subtraction is associated with words like: minus, difference, take away, subtract, less than, decreasing by, how many more.
Q. The difference between

17 and 8 is

A. $17-8=9$
difference between' means subtracting
a) 11 minus 3 equals

## 8

b) 14 minus 9 equals

c) The difference between 16 and 4 is
e) The difference between 19 and 12 is
g) 15 take away 4 equals
i) 32 take away 6 equals
k) 15 minus 8 equals
m) 37 minus 12 equals
o) 23 subtract 9 makes
q) 31 subtract 7 makes
s) The difference between 17 and 4 is $\square$ t) 14 subtract 8 makes

Skill 5.2 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting backwards,
 using your fingers or pencil marks.

- Start with the first number given.
- Count backwards the smaller number using your fingers or pencil marks.
Q.

A.


9 counting back $5 \quad 9$ counting back 5


Start with the first number given, 9 .
Count backwards 5 .

$$
9-5=4
$$

12 counting back 3
a) $12-3=9$

b) $14-9=\square 14$ counting back...
c) $21-7=\square$
d) $25-6=\square$
e) $32-5=\square$
g)

i)

k)


Skill 5.3 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 by counting backwards on a number line.

- Mark the first number in the subtraction on the number line.
- Use your pencil to count backwards the second number.
Q.

A.

count backwards 8
b) $17-8=\square$

d) $21-5=\square$

4 1-1 1 1-1 1 101112131415161718192021222324252627282930
f)

h)

j)


Skill 5.4 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 from 2-digit numbers,
 by first moving backwards to the nearest 10.

- Look at the unit value of the two-digit number.
- Break down the single digit number to include this number and the remainder.
- Subtract the number from the two-digit number giving 10 (or the nearest multiple of 10 ) as the result.
- Then subtract the remainder from 10 (or 20, 30, 40 etc).
Q.

break down the 8-25-8=
$=25-5-3$

- ${ }^{-1}{ }^{-1}$
- 

make 20- $=25-5-3$ Subtract 5 from 25 to get 20 .
$=20-3 \quad$ Subtract 3 from 20.
$=17$
A.


The unit value of 25 is 5. You need a 5.
Breakdown 8 into 5 and $3.5+3=8$
b) $27-8=$
c) $25-9=$
$=12-2-4$
= $12-2-4$
= $10-4$ =
6
d) $22-8=$
e) $31-5=$
f) $25-7=$

g)

i)

h)


Skill 5.5 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 from 2-digit numbers,
 by trading with base 10 blocks.

- Use blocks to represent the first number.
- Cross out a number of blocks equal to the second number.
- Count the remaining blocks to complete the subtraction.
Q. $13-8=\square$
A. $13-8=5$

a) $13-7=6$

c)

g)

|  |  | 22 | 15 | 17 | 28 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |$|$

Skill 5.6 Subtracting the numbers from 1 to 10 by first building up to the nearest 10 on a number line.

- Mark the second number in the subtraction on the number line.
- Count forwards to the nearest $10,20,30$ or 40 on the number line.
- Then count on to the first number on the number line.
- Add the total number of places you moved on the number line to complete the subtraction.
Q.

A.

$17-8=9$


Start at 8 .
Count forwards 2 places to 10 .
Count on 7 places to 17 .
$2+7=9$ places

e)


01234567891011121314151617181920
g)

b) $17-9=\square$

- 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

01234567891011121314151617181920
d) $24-6=\square$

f)


01234567891011121314151617181920
h)


Skill 5.7 Subtracting two 2-digit numbers by separately subtracting the units and tens, and then adding the results.

- Subtract the tens.
- Subtract the units.
- Add the totals.
Q. $38-15=\square$
A. $30-10=10-$ subtract the tens
$8-5=3$ subtract the units

$$
10+3=13
$$

a) $46-22=$
b) $38-17=$
c) $49-23=$
$40-20=20$
$30-10=$
$6-2=4$
$8-7=$
$20+4=$
24


d) $33-20=$
e) $58-24=$
f) $69-32=$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
g) $56-21=$
$\qquad$
h) $29-17=$
i) $49-34=$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
j) $38-22=$
k) $56-33=$

1) $77-45=$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Skill 5.8 Subtracting multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, no carry (1).

- Always keep your working columns in lines. Line up units with units, tens with tens, etc.
- Subtract from right to left.
Q.

A.



## Units:

$6-4=2 \quad \Rightarrow 2$ units

## Tens:

$3-2=1 \quad \Rightarrow 1$ ten

## Hundreds:

$5-1=4 \quad \Rightarrow 4$ hundreds
a)

b)

c)

d)

g)

j)

n)
49

- 37

i)
44
h) $\begin{array}{r}34 \\ -\quad 13\end{array}$
f)
53

k)

I) 78
$-43$

m)

o)
69
- 24


Skill 5.8 Subtracting multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, no carry (2).
p)

q)

r)
366

- 121

s)

5:8:9
t)

6:7
u) $\quad 4: 3$
$-265$

v)

w)

3:75
$-124$

x)
469
$-216$

y)
567
$-323$

z)
7:6:4
$-452$

A)
4:59

- 128

B)
673
$-351$

c) $\quad 3: 5$
$-232$

D)
7:4:5
E)

F)
4:76
$-351$

G) $\quad 6: 8: 7$
- 532


Skill 5.9 Subtracting multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, with carry (1).

- Always keep your working columns in lines. Line up units with units, tens with tens, etc.
- Subtract from right to left.

a) $\quad \begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & 5\end{aligned}$
b)
3
4
4
- 25

- 26

c)

d)

e)

f)


Skill 5.9 Subtracting multi-digit whole numbers by using the standard algorithm, with carry (2).
g)

h)
5:2
i)

j) $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ -18 \\ \hline \square \\ \hline\end{array}$
k)

I)
35:2

- 17

m)

n)
6:42
- 327

o)
3:56
- 219

p)
2:6:3

$-137$
q) $\quad 516$
$-342$

r)
4:37
$-184$

s)
400
t)
300
$-125$
u)
62:0

- 154


v)

| 470 |
| ---: |
| -179 |
| $\square \quad$ |

w)

| 503 |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| -23 |  |
|  | 4 |
|  |  |

x)
4:06
$-328$


## Skill 5.10 Finding the unknown number in a subtraction number sentence.

- Guess the value of the missing number that will make the number sentence true. (Both sides of the number sentence must be equal).
- Fill in this value in the number sentence and check the subtraction.

Hint: If the total on the left hand side of the number sentence is not enough then subtract a smaller number.

If the total on the left hand side of the number sentence is too great then subtract a larger number.

- Keep guessing and checking until the number sentence is true.

A. $\quad 14-?=6$
Guess 10.
$14-10=4$
Subtracting 10 gives a total of 4 -
$14-8=6 \quad$ not enough, so guess a smaller number.
Guess 8.
Check again.
a) $18-5=13$
$18-4=14$ (too big)
$18-5=13$
d) $\square-13=15$
b) $29-\square=22$
$29-5=24(t o o \mathrm{big})$
c)

e) $16-\square=7$
f) $21-\square=13$
g) $25-\square=15$
h) $27-\square=16$
i)
$\square-18=9$
j) $\square-12=4$
k) $18-\square=9$
I)



## 6. [ $\times$ Whole Numbers]

## Skill 6.1 Understanding different terms used for multiplication.

- Consider the words used with the numbers.

Multiplication is associated with words like: multiplied by, lots of, times, groups of, twice as much, product of.
Q. 3 groups of 2 are
A. $3 \times 2=6$
groups of means multiplication
a) 8 multiplied by 5 is

40
b) 3 lots of 5 are
c) 6 times 10 is

d) 7 groups of 2 are

e) 5 times 2 is

f) 6 groups of 5 are
g) 2 lots of 9 are

h) 7 multiplied by 4 is
j) 8 times 3 is

k) 6 multiplied by 3 is

I) 6 lots of 3 are
m) 4 multiplied by 5 is

n) 3 groups of 7 are
o) 10 times 9 is

p) 5 lots of 7 are
q) 2 groups of 6 are

r) 3 times 5 is
s) 10 multiplied by 6 is

t) 5 lots of 5 are

Skill 6.2 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 2 or 4.

## Multiplying a number by 2

- Add the number to itself. (Doubling)

Hint: Think of the counting pattern by 2.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \times 2= \mathbf{2} \\
& 2 \times 2= \mathbf{4} \\
& 3 \times 2= \mathbf{6} \\
& 4 \times 2= 8 \\
& 5 \times 2= \mathbf{1 0} \\
& 6 \times 2=12 \\
& 7 \times 2=\mathbf{1 4} \\
& 8 \times 2=\mathbf{1 6} \\
& 9 \times 2=18 \\
& 10 \times 2=\mathbf{2 0} \\
& 11 \times 2=\mathbf{2 2} \\
& 12 \times 2=\mathbf{2 4}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Multiplying a number by 4

- Double the number. Double the result. Hint: Think of the counting pattern by 4.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \times 4= 4 \\
& 2 \times 4= 8 \\
& 3 \times 4= \mathbf{1 2} \\
& 4 \times 4=16 \\
& 5 \times 4=\mathbf{2 0} \\
& 6 \times 4=\mathbf{2 4} \\
& 7 \times 4=\mathbf{2 8} \\
& 8 \times 4=32 \\
& 9 \times 4=36 \\
& 10 \times 4=40 \\
& 11 \times 4=44 \\
& 12 \times 4=48
\end{aligned}
$$

A. $5 \times 4=20$

Double 5 is 10 .
Double 10 is 20 .
b) $3 \times 4=\square$
c) $6 \times 4=\square$
e) $8 \times 4=\square$
g) $6 \times 2=\square$
i) $4 \times 4=\square$
k) $10 \times 2=\square$
m)
a) $5 \times 2=10$

Q. $5 \times 4=\square$

Skill 6.3 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 3.
Hint: Think of the counting pattern by 3.
$1 \times 3=3$
$2 \times 3=6$
$3 \times 3=9$
$4 \times 3=12$
$5 \times 3=15$
$6 \times 3=18$
$7 \times 3=21$
$8 \times 3=24$
$9 \times 3=27$
$10 \times 3=30$
$11 \times 3=33$
$12 \times 3=36$
a. $6 \times 3=\square$
A. $6 \times 3=18$
a) $5 \times 3=15$
b) $4 \times 3=\square$
c) $1 \times 3=\square$
d) $6 \times 3=\square$
e) $2 \times 3=\square$
f) $8 \times 3=\square$
g) $7 \times 3=\square$
h) $3 \times 3=\square$
i) $10 \times 3=\square$
j) $9 \times 3=\square$
k) $11 \times 3=\square$
I) $12 \times 3=\square$
m)

n)


Skill 6.4 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 5 .
Hints: Think of the counting pattern by 5.
The last digits in the results are always a 0 or a 5 .
Multiplying by 5 produces the same values as the minutes on a clock face.

$1 \times 5=5$
$2 \times 5=10$
$3 \times 5=15$
$4 \times 5=20$
$5 \times 5=\mathbf{2 5}$
$6 \times 5=30$
$7 \times 5=35$
$8 \times 5=40$
$9 \times 5=45$
$10 \times 5=50$
$11 \times 5=55$
$12 \times 5=60$
Q. $6 \times 5=\square$
a) $5 \times 5=25$
c) $1 \times 5=\square$
e) $2 \times 5=\square$
g) $7 \times 5=\square$
i) $10 \times 5=\square$
k) $11 \times 5=\square$
m)

A. $6 \times 5=30$
b) $4 \times 5=\square$
d) $6 \times 5=\square$
f) $8 \times 5=\square$
h) $3 \times 5=\square$
j) $9 \times 5=\square$
I) $12 \times 5=\square$
n)


Skill 6.5 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 6,7 or 8.

Hint: Think of the counting pattern by 6 .
$1 \times 6=6$
$2 \times 6=12$
$3 \times 6=18$
$4 \times 6=24$
$5 \times 6=30$
$6 \times 6=36$
$7 \times 6=42$
$8 \times 6=48$
$9 \times 6=54$
$10 \times 6=60$
$11 \times 6=66$
$12 \times 6=72$

Hint: Think of the counting pattern by 7.
$1 \times 7=7$
$2 \times 7=14$
$3 \times 7=21$
$4 \times 7=28$
$5 \times 7=35$
$6 \times 7=42$
$7 \times 7=49$
$8 \times 7=56$
$9 \times 7=63$
$10 \times 7=70$
$11 \times 7=77$
$12 \times 7=84$

Hint: Think of the counting pattern by 8.

$$
1 \times 8=8
$$

$$
2 \times 8=16
$$

$$
3 \times 8=24
$$

$$
4 \times 8=32
$$

$$
5 \times 8=40
$$

$$
6 \times 8=48
$$

$$
7 \times 8=56
$$

$$
8 \times 8=64
$$

$$
9 \times 8=72
$$

$$
10 \times 8=80
$$

$$
11 \times 8=88
$$

$$
12 \times 8=96
$$

Q. $6 \times 7=\square$
A. $6 \times 7=42$
a) $3 \times 8=24$
b) $5 \times 7=\square$
c) $8 \times 8=$

d) $9 \times 6=\square$
e) $4 \times 7=\square$
f) $6 \times 8=\square$
g) $4 \times 6=$

h) $3 \times 7=\square$
i) $2 \times 7=$ $\square$
j) $5 \times 8=$ $\square$
k)

I)

m)

n)


Skill 6.6 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 9.

Hints: Think of the counting pattern by 9.
Apart from $11 \times 9$, the digits in the results always add to 9 .
Example: $2 \times 9=18 \quad \Rightarrow \quad 1+8=9$
$1 \times 9=9$
$2 \times 9=18$
$3 \times 9=27$
$4 \times 9=36$
$5 \times 9=45$
$6 \times 9=54$
$7 \times 9=63$
$8 \times 9=72$
$9 \times 9=81$
$10 \times 9=90$
$11 \times 9=99$
$12 \times 9=108$
Q. $7 \times 9=\square$
a) $5 \times 9=45$
c) $1 \times 9=\square$
e) $2 \times 9=\square$
g) $7 \times 9=\square$
i) $10 \times 9=\square$
k) $11 \times 9=\square$
m)

A. $7 \times 9=63$
b) $4 \times 9=\square$
d) $6 \times 9=\square$
f) $8 \times 9=\square$
h) $3 \times 9=\square$
j) $9 \times 9=\square$

1) $12 \times 9=\square$
n)


Skill 6.7 Multiplying the numbers from 1 to 10 by 10 or a multiple of 10 .

## Multiplying by 10

- Add a zero to the end of the number.

Example: $6 \times 10=60$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \times 10= 10 \\
& 2 \times 10= 20 \\
& 3 \times 10= 30 \\
& 4 \times 10= 40 \\
& 5 \times 10= 50 \\
& 6 \times 10= 60 \\
& 7 \times 10= 70 \\
& 8 \times 10= 80 \\
& 9 \times 10= 90 \\
& 10 \times 10= 100 \\
& 11 \times 10=110 \\
& 12 \times 10=120
\end{aligned}
$$

## Multiplying by a multiple of 10

- Multiply the two numbers, ignoring the zero.
- Add a zero to the end of the result.

Example: $7 \times 30=210$
Q. $4 \times 80=\square$
a) $30 \times 6=180$
c) $40 \times 5=\square$
e) $8 \times 70=\square$
g) $90 \times 2=\square$
i) $60 \times 4=\square$
k)

A. $4 \times \underbrace{80}_{4 \times 8=32}=320$

Add a zero after the 32 .
b) $50 \times 9=$ $\square$
d) $7 \times 60=\square$
f) $3 \times 80=\square$
h) $20 \times 6=\square$
j) $6 \times 70=\square$
I)


Skill 6.8 Multiplying two 1-digit numbers by using the standard algorithm.

- Write the result of the multiplication with the unit under the 1-digit numbers.

a)
8
b)
3
$\times 4$

c)
5

$$
\times 5
$$


d)

e)
7
$\times 5$

f)

$\times 8$

g)
4
h)
9
$\times 3$

i)

j)

k)
$\begin{array}{r}6 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$

I)

$$
\times 8
$$


m)

n)
7
$\times 7$

o)
8
$\times 7$


Skill 6.9 Multiplying a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number, by using the standard algorithm and showing the partial sums (1).

- Multiply the units by the single digit.
- Write the result with the unit under the 1-digit number.
- Multiply the tens by the single digit.
- Write the new result under the first result, with the unit under the 1-digit number.
- Add the two results from right to left to complete the multiplication.

a)

| 25 |
| ---: |
| $\times \quad 7$ |
| $35-7 \times 5$ units |
| $+140-7 \times 2$ tens |
| 175 |

b) 32
$\begin{array}{r}32 \\ \times \quad 8 \\ \hline 16\end{array}$
$-8 \times 2$ units
$+240-8 \times 3$ tens

c)

| 59 |
| ---: |
| $\times \quad 4$ |
| $36-4 \times 9$ units |
| $+200-4 \times 5$ tens |
| $\square$ |

d)
28

$40-5 \times 8$ units
$+100-5 \times 2$ tens
$\square$
 standard algorithm and showing the partial sums (2).
e)

g)

i)

k)

f)

h)

j)

I)


Skill 6.10 Multiplying a 2-digit number by a 1 -digit number, by using the

## Multiply with no carry

- Multiply the units, tens and hundreds by the single digit.
- Multiply from right to left.


## Multiply with carry

- Multiply the units, tens and hundreds by the single digit.
- Multiply from right to left.
- If there is a 'carry over':

First multiply.
Then add on the carry over.
Q.


## Units:

$2 \times 8=16$
16 units $=1$ ten and 6 units $\Rightarrow 6$ units
Carry over the 1 ten to the tens column.
Tens:
$2 \times 3=6$
$876 \quad \begin{array}{c}\text { Units } \\ \text { first! }\end{array} 6+1$ (carry over $)=7$ tens

## Hundreds:

$2 \times 4=8 \quad \Rightarrow 8$ hundreds
a)

b)
$\begin{array}{r}22 \\ \times \quad 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$

c)

d)

e)

f)

g)

j)

k)

i)

h)


Skill 6.10 Multiplying a 2-digit number by a 1-digit number, by using the standard algorithm (2).
m)

n)

o)

p)

q)

r)

s)

t)

u)

v)

w)

x)

y)

z)

A)

B)

C)

D)


Skill 6.11 Multiplying three 1-digit numbers.

- Multiply two of the three numbers first, by choosing two that give a simple answer.
- Multiply the answer by the third number.

Hint: When multiplying 3 or more numbers, the order is not important (multiplication is associative).
Q. $3 \times 9 \times 2=\square$
A. $3 \times 9 \times 2=$
$=3 \times 2 \times 9$
$=6 \times 9$
$=54$
Choose 3 and 2 to multiply first.
Multiply 6 and 9 .

$$
0
$$

b) $2 \times 9 \times 4=$
$=2 \times 4 \times 9$
$=8 \times 9=$


$$
\text { a) } \begin{aligned}
& 2 \times 6 \times 5= \\
= & 2 \times 5 \times 6 \\
= & 10 \times 6=
\end{aligned}
$$


d) $7 \times 4 \times 2=$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& = \\
& = \\
& =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

e) $5 \times 8 \times 2=$
f) $6 \times 3 \times 2=$

c) $9 \times 5 \times 2=$
$=$
$=$
$=$

g) $4 \times 6 \times 2=$
$=$
$=$
h) $2 \times 3 \times 8=$
$\begin{array}{ll}= \\ = & =\square\end{array}$
i) $5 \times 6 \times 9=$
$=$
j) $7 \times 5 \times 8=$
k) $6 \times 2 \times 5=$

1) $6 \times 4 \times 5=$
$=$
$=$
$=$

m) $6 \times 8 \times 2=$
n) $9 \times 8 \times 5=$
o) $5 \times 6 \times 7=$

$=$

$=$
$=$
$\qquad$

## 7. [ $\div$ Whole Numbers]

## Skill 7.1 Understanding different terms used for division.

- Consider the words used with the numbers.

Division is associated with words like: how many in, divided by, shared between, equally shared.
Q. How many 2 s in 10 ?

how many 2 s in' means division
a) 20 shared between 2 is
c) How many 5 s in 15 ?

d) 24 shared between 3 is

f) How many 5 s in 20?
h) 16 divided by 2 is
j) 6 divided by 3 is
I) How many 3 s in 12?
n) 18 divided by 2 is
p) 10 shared between 5 is
r) 45 shared between 5 is
q) 24 shared between 4 is

s) 40 divided by 10 is $\square$ t) How many 5 s in 35 ?

## Dividing by 1

- Write the given number as the result.

Hint: dividing any number by 1 leaves the number unchanged.

## Dividing by 10

- Remove one zero from the given number.
A. $9 \varnothing \div 1 \varnothing=9$
Q. $90 \div 10=\square$
a) $5 \div 1=5$
b) $30 \div 10=\square$
c) $60 \div 10=\square$
d) $2 \div 1=\square$
e) $8 \div 1=\square$
f) $50 \div 10=\square$
g) $4 \div 1=\square$
h) $80 \div 10=\square$
i) $10 \div 10=\square$
j) $6 \div 1=\square$
k) $3 \div 1=\square$
I) $9 \div 1=\square$
m) $70 \div 10=\square$
n) $20 \div 10=\square$
o) $40 \div 10=\square$
p) $7 \div 1=\square$
q) $100 \div 10=$ $\square$ r) $12 \div 1=\square$

Skill 7.3 Dividing by whole numbers from 1 to 10 by using arrays (1).

- Look at the number you divide by.
- Circle dots to make that number of equal groups.
- Count the number of dots in each group to complete the division.
Q. $30 \div 5=$ $\square$
A. $30 \div 5=6$
the number you divide by


There are 6 dots in each group.
a) $12 \div 3=4$
b) $45 \div 5=\square$

c) $18 \div 3=\square$
d) $15 \div 3=\square$

e) $15 \div 5=\square$
f) $16 \div 4=\square$

g) $24 \div 4=\square$


$$
\text { i) } 14 \div 2=\square
$$

h) $30 \div 3=\square$


Skill 7.3 Dividing by whole numbers from 1 to 10 by using arrays (2).
k) $90 \div 10=\square$

I) $40 \div 5=\square$

n) $32 \div 4=\square$

o) $25 \div 5=\square$

p) $27 \div 3=\square$

q) $20 \div 4=\square$

r) $30 \div 10=\square$

s) $27 \div 3=\square$

t) $16 \div 2=\square$


Skill 7.3 Dividing by whole numbers from 1 to 10 by using arrays (3).

u)

w)

|  | 4 | 12 | 20 | 16 | 18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\div 2$ |  |  |  |  |  |

y)

A)

C)

E)

|  |  | 7 | 56 | 28 | 42 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 63 |  |  |  |  |
| $\div 7$ |  |  |  |  |  |

Skill 7.4 Dividing by 1-digit numbers by using the standard algorithm.

- Divide the hundreds, tens and units by the single digit.
- Divide from left to right.
Q.

A.



## Hundreds:

$6 \div 2=3 \quad \Rightarrow 3$ hundreds

## Tens:

$0 \div 2=0 \quad \Rightarrow 0$ tens

## Units:

$8 \div 2=4 \quad \Rightarrow 4$ units
a)

b)

$3 \longdiv { 3 6 }$
$2 \longdiv { 6 4 }$
c)

$4 \longdiv { 8 4 }$
d)

e)

$8 \longdiv { 4 8 }$
$5 \longdiv { 4 5 }$
f)

$9 \longdiv { 8 1 }$
g)

h)

$6 \longdiv { 2 4 }$
$8 \longdiv { 7 2 }$
i)

$6 \longdiv { 3 6 }$
j)
k)

$3 \longdiv { 3 0 6 }$
$3 \longdiv { 9 0 3 }$
I)

$2 \longdiv { 4 6 8 }$
m)

n)

$2 \longdiv { 6 0 2 }$
$4 \longdiv { 4 8 8 }$
o)

$4 \longdiv { 8 0 4 }$
p)

q)

r)

$2 \longdiv { 8 2 4 }$
$5 \longdiv { 5 0 5 }$

Skill 7.5 Finding the unknown number in a division number sentence.

- Guess the value of the missing number that will make the number sentence true. (Both sides
of the number sentence must be equal).
- Fill in this value in the number sentence and check the division.

Hint: Dividing by a smaller number gives a larger result.
Dividing by a larger number gives a smaller result.

- Keep guessing and checking until the number sentence is true.
Q. $63 \div \square=9$
A. $63 \div ?=9 \quad$ Guess 3 .
$63 \div 3=21$ Dividing by 3 gives 21 (too big).
$63 \div 7=9 \quad$ Guess 7 .
Check again.
a) $18 \div 6=3$
$18 \div 3=6$ (too big)
b) $15 \div \square=5$
$15 \div 5=3$ (not enough)
c)
$\square \div 2=8$
$18 \div 6=3 \boldsymbol{V}$
d)

e) $48 \div \square=6$
f) $45 \div \square=9$
g) $18 \div \square=9$
h) $32 \div \square=8$
i)

j) $\square \div 6=6$
k) $70 \div \square=7$
I)



## 8. [Word Problems]

## Skill 8.1 Solving word problems using addition.

- Write a number sentence using the facts.

Hint: Use the terms to help decide on the operation. (see skill 4.1 pg 79 )
Q. To ride the monorail at

Disneyland takes 9 minutes. The Pirates of the Caribbean ride lasts 16 minutes. If you took both rides, how long would they take?
[Write the number sentence.]

$$
=\quad \min
$$

a) The pasta took 20 minutes to cook. Next the apple pie went into the oven for 45 minutes. How long did everything take to cook?

$$
20+45=65 \mathrm{~min}
$$

c) Saturn has 33 moons. The other planets in our solar system have 106 more moons. How many moons altogether in our solar system?

e) The Rialto Tower in Melbourne has 63 floors. The Eureka Tower has 29 more floors than Rialto Tower. How many floors does the Eureka Tower have? $\square=$
A. $9+16=25$ min

Add the 9 minutes for the first ride, and the 16 minutes for the second ride. 'both' asks for the 'total' which means 'addition'.
b) The Pier 39 Carousel has 32 rides. The LA Zoo Carousel has 34 more rides than the Pier 39 Carousel. How many rides does the LA Zoo Carousel have?

$$
=
$$

min
d) The average lifespan of a housefly is 14 days. The average lifespan of a bee is 32 days. For how many days in total are a bee and a fly likely to live?

f) At Disneyland, the King Arthur Carousel has 68 horses and the Haunted Mansion has 999 spooks. How many horses and spooks all together?


## Skill 8.2 Solving word problems using subtraction.

- Write a number sentence using the facts.

Hint: Use the terms to help decide on the operation. (see skill 5.1 pg 91)
Q. Africa has 54 countries. North

America has 23 countries. How many more countries are in Africa than in North America?
$\square$
a) There have been 40 missions to Mars but only 15 have been successful. How many missions to Mars have not been successful?

$$
40-15=25
$$

c) Chuck had 16 minutes. He took 8 minutes to boil an egg. How much time did Chuck have left?
$=\quad \mathrm{min}$
e) The brain of a chimpanzee weighs 420 grams. The brain of a horse weighs 530 grams. What is the difference between these weights?
$=\quad \mathrm{g}$
g) A Chinese checkers board has 121 holes. A scrabble board has 225 squares. How many more squares than holes on these game boards?
$\qquad$

## A. $54-23=31$

Subtract the smaller number from the larger number.
'How many more' asks for the 'difference' which means 'subtraction'.
b) A baseball has 108 stitches and a cricket ball has 70 stitches. How many more stitches does a baseball have?
$\square$
d) There are 26 bones and 33 joints in the foot. How many more joints than bones are in the foot?
$\square=$
f) There are 25 birds in the gaggle of geese and 57 birds in the murder of crows. How many more crows are there than geese?
$\square=$
h) South Korea has the world's longest golf hole. It is 1003 m long. The longest drive ever was 503 m long. What is the difference between these lengths?
$=\mathrm{m}$

- Write a multiplication number sentence using the facts.

Hints: Always multiply to find a number a few times greater than another number. Always multiply to find the total number of parts of some objects, when the number of objects and the number of parts of each object are given.
Q. Septuplets are seven children born at one birth. There are 4 sets of septuplets in the world at the moment where every septuplet survived. How many septuplets is this altogether?

a) If 1 eyeball weighs 28 grams, how much would 10 eyeballs weigh?

## 10 eyeballs, 28 g each

$$
10 \times 28=280 \mathrm{~g}
$$

c) One egg costs 50 cents. A loaf of bread costs 7 times more. How much does a loaf of bread cost?

$$
=\$
$$

e) For every 100 people, 9 are likely to be left handed. If there were 300 people in the room, how many would be left handed?

> A. 4 sets of septuplets
> 7 children in each set
> $\Rightarrow 4 \times 7=28$
b) Spiders have 8 legs. If you have 3 spiders, how many spider legs are there altogether?

d) Insects have 6 legs. If you have 9 insects, how many insect legs are there altogether?

f) If you double the height of a

2 year old you get their adult height. Alex was 90 cm when he was 2 years old. How tall will Alex be as an adult? 2 year old

$$
\begin{array}{|l|}
\hline \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

## Skill 8.4 Solving word problems using division.

- Write a division number sentence using the facts.

Hint: Always divide to find a number of objects in each group, after equal sharing. Always divide by 2 to find one half of a quantity.
Q. Christmas cards are wrapped in packs of 10 . How many packs are needed to wrap 80 cards?
$\square$
a) Men's kayak single race measures 1000 m. Women's kayak single race is half of this. How long is the women's kayak single race?

1000 m halved

$$
1000 \div 2=500 \mathrm{~m}
$$

c) Eggs are packed in cartons of 12 (a dozen). If you need 48 eggs, how many cartons do you have to buy?
$\square$
e) There are 18 chapters in 'Harry Potter and the Chamber of Secrets'. Laura reads 3 chapters every day. In how many days will Laura finish reading the book?
A. 80 cards equally shared in packs of 10
How many groups of 10 in 80?
$\Rightarrow 80 \div 10=8$
b) Lydia bought a $\$ 720$ watch. She has to pay it in eight equal monthly instalments. How much does she have to pay every month?

$$
=\$
$$

d) Mary has $\$ 180$ in her bank account. She makes equal withdrawals of $\$ 20$ each. How many withdrawals can she make?
$\square$
f) There are 9 seats in a minibus. How many minibuses are needed to take all 30 students and their teacher to the Zoo?

$$
=\text { days }
$$

## 9. [Fractions]

## Skill 9.1 Recognising fractions as part of a whole.


thirds - 3 equal parts


halves - 2 equal parts

- Find the number of parts in each shape.
- Match the number of parts with the fraction given.
- Check that the parts are of equal size.
Q. Circle the picture that shows thirds.

a) Circle the picture that shows quarters.

b) Circle the picture that shows halves.

A.

d) Circle the picture that shows halves.

e) Circle the pictures that show quarters.

c) Circle the picture that shows thirds.

f) Circle the pictures that show quarters.


Skill 9.2 Illustrating fractions as part of a whole by shading parts of a diagram (1).


| $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{1}{7}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

- First find the smallest part that the shape is divided into.
- Colour the number of parts needed.
Q. Colour one quarter of the circle.

A.
 the smallest part = one quarter
a) Colour one tenth of the decagon.

b) Colour one eighth of the octagon.

c) Colour one sixth of the hexagon.
d) Colour one seventh of the rectangle.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

e) Colour one half of the rectangle.

f) Colour one third of the semicircle.

g) Colour two quarters of the square.
h) Colour three quarters of the rhombus.


Skill 9.2 Illustrating fractions as part of a whole by shading parts of a diagram (2).
i) Colour five eighths of the parallelogram.

k) Colour $\frac{1}{2}$ of the flower.

m) Colour $\frac{3}{5}$ of the pentagon.

o) Colour $\frac{3}{4}$ of the symbol.

q) Colour $\frac{2}{4}$ of the emblem.

n) Colour $\frac{2}{3}$ of the triangle.
j) Colour three fifths of the pentagon.

I) Colour $\frac{1}{6}$ of the flower.

p) Colour $\frac{1}{4}$ of the symbol.

r) Colour $\frac{5}{8}$ of the symbol.


Skill 9.3 Illustrating fractions as part of a group by shading parts of a diagram (1).
Hint: The dotted lines show the collection divided into the parts needed.

- Colour the shapes in the number of parts needed.
Q. Colour one quarter of the shapes.

A.


A quarter of $12=12 \div 4=3$ Any 3 shapes are a quarter.
a) Colour one half of the shapes.

[any 2 shapes]
c) Colour one half of the shapes.

e) Colour one quarter of the shapes.

g) Colour one third of the shapes.

b) Colour one third of the shapes.

d) Colour one half of the shapes.

f) Colour one third of the shapes.

h) Colour one quarter of the shapes.


Skill 9.3 Illustrating fractions as part of a group by shading parts of a diagram (2).
i) Colour one quarter of the shapes.

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |

j) Colour one third of the shapes.


1) Colour three quarters of the shapes.

HMyNMHMNMOH
n) Colour three quarters of the shapes.

p) Colour two fifths of the shapes.

| E全 | Ep | Es | है |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q | Es | Es | Q | $\varepsilon$ |

r) Colour two thirds of the shapes.


Skill 9.4 Illustrating fractions as part of a whole by drawing dividing lines in a diagram (1).

- Draw a line, or lines, to divide the shape into an equal number of identical parts as needed. Example: To divide this shape into halves, draw a vertical line through the middle of the shape.

Q. Draw lines to divide the stamp into quarters.

A.


Draw a vertical line through the middle of the shape.
Draw a horizontal line through the middle of the shape.
a) Draw a line to divide the hair brush into halves.

c) Draw a line to divide the glass into halves.

e) Draw lines to divide the cake into thirds.

b) Draw a line to divide the penguin into halves.

d) Draw a line to divide the hat into halves.

f) Draw lines to divide the symbol into thirds.
[Hint: A line has been drawn for you.]


Skill 9.4 Illustrating fractions as part of a whole by drawing dividing lines in a diagram (2).
g) Draw lines to divide the symbol into thirds. [Hint: A line has been drawn for you.]

i) Draw lines to divide the rug into quarters.

j) Draw lines to divide the stove top into quarters.

I) Draw lines to divide the window into quarters.


## Skill 9.5 Writing fractions to represent parts of a whole.

- Count the shaded parts of the whole shape.
- Write this number as the top number of the fraction.
- Count the total number of parts in the whole shape.
- Write this number as the bottom number of the fraction.
Q. Write a fraction for the shaded part.

A. $\frac{1}{4}$


1 out of 4 parts shaded.
a) Write a fraction for the shaded part.


## 2

b) Write a fraction for the shaded part.

c) Write a fraction for the shaded part.

e) Write a fraction for the shaded part.

g) Write a fraction for the shaded part.

h) Write a fraction for the shaded part.


- Count the shaded shapes in the group.
- Write this number as the top number of the fraction.
- Count the total number of shapes in the group.
- Write this number as the bottom number of the fraction.
Q. Write a fraction for the shaded part of the group.

a) What part of the group is shaded?

c) What part of the group is shaded?

e) Write a fraction for the shaded part of the group.

g) Write a fraction for the shaded part of the group.

A. $\frac{4}{5}$


4 out of 5 shapes are shaded.
b) What part of the group is shaded?

$\square$ out of

d) What part of the group is shaded?

f) Write a fraction for the shaded part of the group.

h) Write a fraction for the shaded part of the group.


## Skill 9.7 Matching fractions to diagrams (1).

- Join with a line the fraction and the diagram that has a number of parts equal to the bottom number of that fraction.
Q. Match the fractions to the shapes.

| $\frac{3}{5}$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


A. $\frac{3}{5}$

a) Match the fractions to the shapes.
b) Match the fractions to the shapes.

c) Match the fractions to the shapes.
d) Match the fractions to the shapes. $\begin{array}{lll}\frac{5}{8} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{4}\end{array}$

e) Match the fractions to the shapes.

f) Match the fractions to the shapes.

| $\frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{3}{3}$ | $\frac{2}{5}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



Skill 9.7 Matching fractions to diagrams (2).
g) Match the fractions to the shapes.
h) Match the fractions to the shapes.

i) Match the fractions to the shapes.
$\frac{2}{5}$
$\frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{1}{2}$

k) Match the fractions to the shapes.
I) Match the fractions to the shapes.

m) Match the fractions to the shapes.
n) Match the fractions to the shapes.

$\frac{1}{2}$
$\frac{4}{9}$
$\frac{5}{6}$


Skill 9.8 Reading and illustrating fractions on a number line (1).

## To read a fraction

- Count the spaces between 0 and 1 .
- Write this number as the bottom number of the fraction.
- Count the spaces to the arrow.
- Write this number as the top number of the fraction.


## To illustrate a fraction

- Check that the number line has the same number of spaces as shown by the bottom number of the fraction.
- Count the number of spaces as shown by the top number and draw an arrow.
a. What fraction is shown by the arrow on the number line?

a) Show with an arrow the fraction $\frac{1}{7}$ on the number line.

c) Show with an arrow the fraction $\frac{1}{2}$ on the number line.

e) What fraction is shown by the arrow on the number line?

b) Show with an arrow the fraction $\frac{1}{9}$ on the number line.

d) Show with an arrow the fraction $\frac{1}{10}$ on the number line.

f) What fraction is shown by the arrow on the number line?


Skill 9.8 Reading and illustrating fractions on a number line (2).
g) What fraction is shown by the arrow on the number line?

i) Show with an arrow the fraction $\frac{1}{5}$ on the number line.

k) Show with an arrow the fraction $\frac{3}{8}$ on the number line.

h) What fraction is shown by the arrow on the number line?

j) Show with an arrow the fraction $\frac{5}{6}$ on the number line.

I) Show with an arrow the fraction $\frac{4}{7}$ on the number line.

m) What fraction is shown by the arrow on the number line?

n) What fraction is shown by the arrow on the number line?

o) What fraction is shown by the arrow on the number line?

p) What fraction is shown by the arrow on the number line?


Skill 9.9 Completing equivalent fractions (1).


2 equal parts
1 part shaded
$\frac{\mathbf{1}}{\mathbf{2}}$ of the circle is shaded


4 equal parts
2 parts shaded
$\frac{\mathbf{2}}{\mathbf{4}}$ of the circle is shaded


6 equal parts
3 parts shaded
8 equal parts $\frac{\mathbf{3}}{6}$ of the circle is shaded $\frac{4}{8}$
The fractions $\frac{\mathbf{1}}{\mathbf{2}}, \frac{\mathbf{2}}{\mathbf{4}}, \frac{\mathbf{3}}{\mathbf{6}}$ and $\frac{\mathbf{4}}{\mathbf{8}}$ are all equivalent.
You can write: $\frac{1}{2}=\frac{2}{4}=\frac{3}{6}=\frac{4}{8}$

To find an equivalent fraction from a given diagram

- Read the shaded fractions from both fraction bars.
- Complete the missing number in one of the fractions.

To find an equivalent fraction by drawing a diagram

- Draw two fraction bars one under the other.
- Divide each box in equal parts, as shown by the denominators.
- Shade both fraction bars to show the given fraction.
- Read the second fraction from the bottom fraction bar.
Q. Complete the equivalent fractions.

A. $\frac{1}{4}=\frac{2}{8}$

a) Complete the equivalent fractions.

| $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |  | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ |

b) Complete the equivalent fractions.

| $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  | $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  | $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ |

$$
\frac{1}{2}=\frac{6}{\overline{12}}
$$



Skill 9.9 Completing equivalent fractions (2).
c) Complete the equivalent fractions.

| $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  | $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  | $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ |$\frac{1}{12}$

$$
\frac{1}{3}=\frac{\square}{\overline{12}}
$$

d) Complete the equivalent fractions.

| $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{1}{6}$ | $\frac{1}{2}=\frac{\square}{\overline{6}}$

e) Complete the equivalent fractions.

| $\frac{1}{10}$ | $\frac{1}{10}$ | $\frac{1}{10}$ | $\frac{1}{10}$ | $\frac{1}{10}$ | $\frac{1}{10}$ | $\frac{1}{10}$ | $\frac{1}{10}$ | $\frac{1}{10}$ | $\frac{1}{10}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

$$
\frac{4}{10}=\frac{\square}{5}
$$

g) Complete the equivalent fractions.

$$
\frac{1}{4}=\overline{\overline{12}}
$$

i) Complete the equivalent fractions.
$\frac{2}{5}=\bar{\square}$
k) Complete the equivalent fractions.
$\frac{4}{12}=\bar{\square}$
h) Complete the equivalent fractions.
$\frac{1}{2}=\overline{\overline{18}}$
j) Complete the equivalent fractions.
$\frac{9}{12}=\frac{\square}{\overline{4}}$
I) Complete the equivalent fractions.
$\frac{12}{16}=\bar{\square}$

Skill 9.10 Comparing two fractions with the same denominators.

## Using fraction bars

- Compare the size of the two shaded areas.
- Use < if the area showing the first fraction is smaller than the area showing the second fraction.
- Use = if the areas are equal.
- Use > if the area showing the first fraction is greater than the area showing the second fraction.


## Using a number line

- Compare the position of the fractions on the number line.
- Use < if the first fraction is to the left of the second fraction on the number line.
- Use = if the two fractions are at the same point on the number line.
- Use > if the first fraction is to the right o the second fraction on the number line.

Hint: The fraction with the larger numerator is greater.
Q. Use $<,=$ or $>$ to make this true.

| $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ | $\frac{1}{5}$ |


$\frac{3}{5}$
a) Use $<,=$ or $>$ to make this true.

| $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ | $\frac{1}{9}$ |


c) Use $<,=$ or $>$ to make this true.

e) Show with arrows the fractions $\frac{5}{7}$ and $\frac{1}{7}$ on the number line.
Which fraction is greater?

A. $\frac{4}{5}>\frac{3}{5} \quad 4$ is greater than 3 .
b) Use $<$, $=$ or $>$ to make this true.

| $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ |

 $\frac{3}{8}$
d) Use $<,=$ or $>$ to make this true.

$\square$ $\frac{5}{10}$
f) Show with arrows the fractions $\frac{3}{6}$ and $\frac{5}{6}$ on the number line. Which fraction is greater?


A whole amount is made out of:

| two halves | three thirds | four quarters | five fifths | six sixths | seven sevenths | eight eighths | nine ninths |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\xrightarrow{2}$ |  |
|  | - | $\underline{4}$ | $\frac{5}{5}$ |  |  |  |  |
| $\overline{2}$ | $\overline{3}$ | $\overline{4}$ | $\overline{5}$ | $\overline{6}$ | 7 | 8 | 9 |

- Subtract the fraction from the whole amount.
Q. Two thirds of the students in the class can swim. What fraction of the students cannot swim?
a) Lou has painted one half of the wall. What fraction of the wall is left to paint?
one whole - one half $=\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$
c) Loretta has eaten three quarters of the box of chocolates. What fraction of the box of chocolates remains?

e) Two fifths of the animals at the zoo are mammals. What fraction of the animals are not mammals?

g) Five sevenths of the gym floor has been cleaned. What fraction of the floor is left to clean?
A. one whole - two thirds $=\frac{1}{3}$

b) David has finished one half of his test. What fraction of his test is left to do?

d) Matthew blew out five sixths of the candles on his cake. What fraction of the candles are left to blow out?
f) Dad finished unpacking three eighths of the trunk. What fraction of the trunk is left to unpack?

h) Laura learned seven tenths of the song on the piano. What fraction of the song is left to learn?


## To read a mixed number

- Write the number before the arrow as the whole number.
- Count the spaces between that whole number and the next number.
- Write this number as the bottom number of the fraction.
- Count the spaces from the whole number to the arrow.
- Write this number as the top number of the fraction.


## To illustrate a mixed number

- Check that the number line has the same number of spaces as shown by the bottom number of the fraction.
- Mark the whole number of the mixed number on the line.
- Count the spaces as shown by the top number and draw an arrow.
MIXED NUMBER $\begin{aligned} & \text { whole } \\ & \text { number }\end{aligned}=1$
Q. Show with an arrow $1 \frac{3}{4}$ on the number line.

A.

a) Show with an arrow $2 \frac{1}{3}$ on the number line.

c) Show with an arrow $1 \frac{2}{3}$ on the number line.

d) Show with an arrow $2 \frac{3}{4}$ on the number line.

e) What mixed number is shown by the arrow on the number line?

g) What mixed number is shown by the arrow on the number line?

f) What mixed number is shown by the arrow on the number line?

h) What mixed number is shown by the arrow on the number line?



## Skill 9.13 Recognising mixed numbers in a diagram.

- Count the number of whole circles.
- Write this number first.
- Count the total number of parts in a complete circle.
- Write this number as the bottom number of the fraction.
- Count the number of parts in the incomplete circle.
- Write this number as the top number of the fraction.


## MIXED NUMBER



Read as: "One and three fifths"
Q. Write a mixed number to match this picture.

A. $2 \frac{1}{6}$


There are 2 whole circles.
There are 6 parts in a circle.
There is 1 part in the incomplete circle.
a) Write a mixed number to match this picture.

b) Write a mixed number to match this picture.

d) Write a mixed number to match this picture.

f) Write a mixed number to match this picture.

h) Write a mixed number to match this picture.


Skill 9.14 Comparing two fractions with the same numerators.

- Compare the position of the fractions on the number line.
- Use < if the first fraction is to the left of the second fraction on the number line.
- Use = if the two fractions are at the same point on the number line.

```
< is less than
= is equal to
> is greater than
```

- Use > if the first fraction is to the right of the second fraction on the number line.
Hint: The fraction with the smaller denominator is larger.
Q. Use $<,=$ or $>$ to make this true.


One seventh is smaller than one fourth.
Therefore 3 sevenths is less than 3 fourths.

a) Use $<,=$ or $>$ to make this true.

b) Use $<,=$ or $>$ to make this true.

d) Use $<,=$ or $>$ to make this true.


Skill 9.15 Modeling addition and subtraction of fractions with the same denominators, by using parts of a whole.

To add two fractions by using parts of a whole

- Colour the fraction bar to represent the second fraction.
- Count the number of shaded parts.
- Write this number as the top number of the result.
- Count the total number of parts.
- Write this number as the bottom number of the result.

To subtract two fractions by using parts of a whole

- Count the total number of light shaded parts.
- Write this number as the top number of the result.
- Count the total number of parts.
- Write this number as the bottom number of the result.
Q. Complete the subtraction.


$$
\frac{4}{5}-\frac{1}{5}=-
$$

A. $\frac{4}{5}-\frac{1}{5}=$
$=\frac{4}{5}-\frac{7}{5}$
$=\frac{3}{5}$

$\frac{4}{5}$
$\frac{4}{5}-\frac{1}{5}$
a) Shade to complete the sum.


$$
\frac{3}{8}+\frac{2}{8}=\frac{5}{8}
$$

c) Shade to complete the sum.
$\square$

$$
\frac{1}{6}+\frac{3}{6}=-
$$

e) Shade to complete the sum.

g) Shade to complete the sum.


$$
\frac{7}{9}-\frac{2}{9}=-
$$

b) Shade to complete the sum.


$$
\frac{3}{4}+\frac{1}{4}=-
$$

d) Shade to complete the sum.


$$
\frac{7}{10}+\frac{1}{10}=\square-
$$

f) Shade to complete the sum.


$$
\frac{6}{7}-\frac{1}{7}=\square-
$$

h) Shade to complete the sum.


Skill 9.16 Adding and subtracting fractions with the same denominators.

- Add or subtract the numerators (top numbers of the fractions).
- Copy the denominator in the result.
Q. $\frac{1}{9}+\frac{5}{9}=$
A. $\frac{6}{9}$

Add the fractions:
One ninth plus five ninths is six ninths.
Add only the top numbers.

a) $\frac{7}{8}-\frac{4}{8}=\frac{3}{8}$

b) $\frac{1}{5}+\frac{2}{5}=\square$
c) $\frac{3}{7}+\frac{3}{7}=\square-$
d) $\frac{4}{10}+\frac{5}{10}=\square$
e) $\frac{5}{11}+\frac{2}{11}=\square-$
f) $\frac{4}{6}+\frac{1}{6}=\square$
g) $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{1}{4}=\square$
h) $\frac{4}{9}+\frac{4}{9}=-$
i) $\frac{1}{12}+\frac{9}{12}=\square$
j) $\frac{5}{7}-\frac{1}{7}=\square$
k) $\frac{8}{9}-\frac{2}{9}=\square$
I) $\frac{7}{12}-\frac{2}{12}=\square$
m) $\frac{4}{4}-\frac{1}{4}=\square-$
n) $\frac{9}{10}-\frac{8}{10}=\square$
o) $\frac{4}{5}-\frac{2}{5}=\square$

## 10. [Place Value]

Skill 10.1 Writing numbers illustrated by base 10 blocks (1).

- Count the number of the blocks $(10 \times 10 \times 10)$, flats $(10 \times 10)$, longs $(1 \times 10)$ and minis ( 1 ) to determine the value of each digit in the number.
Q.


4 hundreds 7 tens 2 ones = $\square$

## A. 472

4 hundreds $=400$
7 tens $=70$
2 ones $=2$
400 and 70 and $2=472$
b)

2 tens 5 ones $=25$
a)

6 tens 7 ones $=\square$
c)


5 tens 8 ones $=$ $\square$
d)
 7 hundreds 1 ten 9 ones =

e)

f)


6 hundreds 3 tens 4 ones =

g)


h)


Skill 10.1 Writing numbers illustrated by base 10 blocks (2).
i)

j)


k)


5 hundreds 2 tens 1 one = $\square$
m)


o)


1 thousand 2 hundreds 3 tens 4 ones =
$\square$
p)


1 thousand 4 hundreds 4 tens 8 ones $=$ $\square$

Skill 10.2 Writing numbers illustrated by an abacus showing place values (1).

- Count the discs in each column.
- Write the digits in the appropriate places to form a number.
Q. Write the numeral.

a) Write the numeral.


147
b) Write the numeral.

d) Write the numeral.

f) Write the numeral.

h) Write the numeral.


Skill 10.2 Writing numbers illustrated by an abacus showing place values (2).
i) Write the numeral.

k) Write the numeral.

m) Write the numeral.

o) Write the numeral.

q) Write the numeral.

j) Write the numeral.

I) Write the numeral.

n) Write the numeral.

p) Write the numeral.

r) Write the numeral.


Skill 10.3 Writing the expansion of a number by identifying the digit in each place.

- Identify the place of each digit.

Hint: Starting from the right the places are: ones, tens, hundreds and thousands.

- Write the digit to match the place.
Q. Expand 508 by filling in the place value table.

| Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

a) Expand 45 .

c) Expand 62 .

e) Expand 228 .
hundreds tens
ones
g) Expand 476 .
hundreds tens ones
i) Expand 156 by filling in the place value table.

| Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

k) Expand 6815 by filling in the place value table.

| Thousands | Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

A.

b) Expand 51 .

d) Expand 39 .

f) Expand 583.
hundreds tens
ones
h) Expand 901.
hundreds tens one
j) Expand 749 by filling in the place value table.

| Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

I) Expand 2703 by filling in the place value table.

| Thousands | Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Skill 10.4 Writing numbers by using the place values of each digit.

- Write the digits in order from left to right to form the number.

Example: 7 thousands +3 hundreds +0 tens +5 ones $=7305$

| Thousands | Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |

Q. Write the number:

3 hundreds +5 tens +9 ones $=$

a) Write the number:

6 tens +4 ones

## 64

c) Write the number:

8 tens +0 ones

e) Write the number:

4 hundreds +3 tens +7 ones $=$

g) Write the number:

8 hundreds +0 tens +2 ones $=$

i) Write the number:

4 thousands +5 hundreds +8 tens
+5 ones =

k) Write the number:

1 thousand +3 hundreds +6 tens
+9 ones =

A. 359

| Place |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Hundreds | Tens |
| Ones |  |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |

b) Write the number:

5 tens +2 ones

d) Write the number:

7 hundreds +1 ten +3 ones $=$

f) Write the number:

1 hundred +6 tens +5 ones $=$

h) Write the number:

9 hundreds +4 tens +0 ones $=$

j) Write the number: 7 thousands +8 hundreds +2 tens +2 ones =

I) Write the number: 5 thousands +0 hundreds +6 tens +7 ones =


Skill 10.5 Writing the expansion of a number by adding the values of each digit based on its place.

- Say the number out loud.

Example: 275 reads "two hundred and seventy-five".
so $275=200+70+5$
Hint: Consider the exceptions for 2-digit numbers like 15 and 20.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 15=10+5 \\
& 20=20+0
\end{aligned}
$$

| Place |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | ---: |
| Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| 2 | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ |


| Value |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200 | 70 | 5 |

Q. Write the value of each digit. $392=\square+90+\square$
A. $392=300+90+2$
three hundred and ninety-two
b) Write the value of each digit. $928=900+\square+\square$
d) Write the value of each digit. $750=700+\square+\square$
f) Write the value of each digit. $826=\square+20+\square$
h) Write the value of each digit. $470=\square+70+\square$
j) Write the value of each digit.

$$
3142=3000+\quad+40+
$$

I) Write the value of each digit.

$$
8390=8000+\quad+\quad+0
$$

Skill 10.6 Recognising the place value of a digit in a number.
Hint: Starting from the right, the places are: ones, tens, hundreds and thousands.

| Thousands | Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ |

Q. In the number 761 which of the digits 7,6 or 1 lies in the tens place?

A. 6

| Hundreds | Tlans | Ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | On |  |
| $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |

a) In the number 25 which of the digits 2 or 5 lies in the tens place?

## 2

c) In the number 84 which of the digits 8 or 4 lies in the tens place?

e) In the number 562 which of the digits 5,6 or 2 lies in the tens place?

g) In the number 359 which of the digits 3,5 or 9 lies in the hundreds place?

i) Circle the hundreds digit in the number:
751
k) Circle the ones digit in the number:
483
m) Circle the hundreds digit in the number:
1836
b) In the number 63 which of the digits 6 or 3 lies in the ones place?

d) In the number 324 which of the digits 3, 2 or 4 lies in the ones place?

f) In the number 816 which of the digits 8,1 or 6 lies in the hundreds place?

h) In the number 490 which of the digits 4,9 or 0 lies in the ones place?
j) Circle the tens digit in the number:
284
I) Circle the thousands digit in the number:
5149
n) Circle the thousands digit in the number:
6240

- If the digit is in the thousands place, add 3 zeros to show its value.
- If the digit is in the hundreds place, add 2 zeros to show its value.
- If the digit is in the tens place, add 1 zero to show its value.
- If the digit is in the ones place, that is its value.

| Thousands | Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |


|  | Value |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 3000 | 400 | 20 |

Q. In which number does the digit 5 have lesser value?
A) 845
B) 512

a) What is the value of the 8 in 248 ?
A) 8
B) 80
C) 800

A
c) What is the value of the 4 in 4327 ?
A) 40
B) 400
C) 4000

A. $A$
$84 \underline{5} 5$ is in the ones place $\quad \Rightarrow$ value 5 $\underline{5} 125$ is in the hundreds place $\Rightarrow$ value $\underline{5} 00$ $5<500$
b) What is the value of the 5 in 659 ?
A) 5
B) 50
C) 500

d) What is the value of the 6 in 1768 ?
A) 60
B) 600
C) 6000

e) What is the value of the underlined digit in 375 ?
A) 7
B) 70
C) 700

g) In which number does the digit 1 have lesser value?
A) 461
B) 217

i) In which number does the digit 4 have greater value?
A) 748
B) 419

k) In which number does the digit 5 have lesser value?
A) 2359
B) 1564
f) What is the value of the underlined digit in $\underline{327}$ ?
A) 3
B) 30
C) 300

h) In which number does the digit 7 have lesser value?
A) 270
B) 587

j) In which number does the digit 8 have greater value?
A) 281
B) 958

I) In which number does the digit 3 have greater value?
A) 1432
B) 5903

Skill 10.8 Comparing numbers by using <, = or >.

- Compare the value of the digits in the same place, one at a time.
- Work from left to right across each number.
- Use less than ( $<$ ) when the number on the left is less than the number on the right.
- Use greater than (>) when the number on the left is greater than the number on the right.
Q. 51 is less than (<) 26

True or false?
a) 35 is less than (<) 76

True or false?
true
c) $8407=8470$

True or false?

e) 8471 is greater than (>) 8714 True or false?

g) Use greater than (>) or less than (<) to make this statement true.

i) Use $<,=$ or $>$ to make this statement true.

k) Use $<$, $=$ or $>$ to make this statement true.

j) Use <, = or > to make this statement true.
859 $\square$ 895
h) Use greater than (>) or less than
(<) to make this statement true. 462 $\square$ 426
f) 7265 is less than (<) 7256 True or false?


## A. false

5 is greater than 2 so
51 is greater than 26 , not less than.
b) 42 is greater than ( $>$ ) 83

True or false?

d) 891 is greater than (>) 934

True or false?

.
I) Use $<$, $=$ or $>$ to make this statement true. 2703
 7200
n) Use $<$, $=$ or $>$ to make this statement true.
$15445 \square 15545$

Skill 10.9 Making the largest or the smallest number when the digits are given.

## Writing the largest number

- Write the digits from largest to smallest.
Q. Write the smallest 3-digit number that contains the digits 4,7 and 3 .

a) Write the largest 2-digit number that contains the digits 3 and 7 .
c) Write the largest 3-digit number that contains the digits 7, 2 and 4 .

e) Write the smallest 3-digit number that contains the digits 6,1 and 8 .

g) Write the smallest 4-digit number that contains the digits
$3,1,5$ and 2 .

i) Write the largest 4-digit number that contains the digits $2,9,4$ and 7 .

k) Using the digits 3,9 and 8 write a number between 920 and 960.

m) Write the largest 4-digit number less than 7000, that contains the digits $2,7,6$ and 4 . $\square$


## Writing the smallest number

- Write the digits from smallest to largest.
b) Write the largest 2-digit number that contains the digits 4 and 9 .

d) Write the smallest 3-digit number that contains the digits 8,3 and 6 .

f) Write the largest 3-digit number that contains the digits 7,4 and 9 .

h) Write the largest 4-digit number that contains the digits $5,7,9$ and 3 .

j) Write the smallest 4-digit number that contains the digits $6,1,5$ and 2.

I) Using the digits 5, 7 and 2 write a number between 700 and 750 .
n) Using the digits $6,8,5$ and 1 write a number between 5800 and 5850.


Skill 10.10 Ordering numbers.
Hint: 1-digit numbers are less than 2-digit numbers, which are less than 3-digit numbers, etc.

- Compare the size of the digits in the same place, one at a time.
- Work from left to right across each number.
Q. Place in order from largest to smallest:
189, 93, 4, 11, 240
a) Place in order from smallest to largest:
31, 13, 3, 11


## $3,11,13,31$

c) Place in order from largest to smallest:
66, 604, 406, 46

e) Place in order from largest to smallest:
$32,75,311,40,128$
$\square$
g) Place in order from smallest to largest:
546, 456, 54, 56, 465

i) Place in order from largest to smallest:
8431, 3148, 4183, 1384
$\square$

## A. $240,189,93,11,4$

3-digit numbers: 189,240
2 is larger than 1 so 240 is larger than 189.
2-digit numbers: 93,11
9 is larger than 1 so 93 is larger than 11 .
1-digit numbers: 4
b) Place in order from largest to smallest:
7, 87, 17, 71, 8

d) Place in order from smallest to largest:
209, 90, 29, 92, 200

f) Place in order from smallest to largest:
$13,521,38,124,9$

h) Place in order from largest to smallest:
312, 123, 231, 321

j) Place in order from smallest to largest:
8070, 8870, 4748, 7408
$\square$

- Underline the digit to the right of the requested place.
- If this digit is $0,1,2,3$ or $4(<5)$ - round down - keep the digit in the requested place the same.

$$
5,6,7,8 \text { or } 9(\geq 5) \text { - round up - add } 1 \text { to the digit in the requested place. }
$$

- Keep the number of digits in the answer the same as in the question by using zeros to fill the vacated spaces.
Q. Round 4158 to the nearest ten.



## A. 4160

$415 \underline{8}$
The digit to the right of the tens place is 8 . $8 \geq 5$ so round up.
Add 1 to the 5 in the tens place to make 6 . Put a zero in the units place.
a) Circle the number closest to 150 .

154 (151) 15 |  | 145 | 155 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 105 |  |  |

c) Which of these numbers is closest to 400 ?
$418,490,403,590,508,493$

e) Round 5319 to the nearest ten.

g) Round 6348 to the nearest ten.

i) Round 12321 to the nearest hundred.

k) Round 10479 to the nearest hundred.

b) Circle the number closest to 300 . $\begin{array}{lllll}310 & 389 & & 292 & 305\end{array}$ 203
d) Which of these numbers is closest to 500 ?
$555,495,510,105,550,506$

f) Round 2371 to the nearest ten.

h) Round 7015 to the nearest ten.

j) Round 15398 to the nearest hundred.

I) Round 21450 to the nearest hundred.


## 11. [Word Numbers]

## Skill 11.1 Expressing word numbers in numerals (1).

- Write the digits in order from left to right.
- Write a zero in any place that is left empty between other digits.
Example: Two hundred and one $2 \underline{0} 1$

| Hundreds | Tens | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |


| ten | 10 | eleven | 11 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| twenty | 20 | twelve | 12 |
| thirty | 30 | thirteen | 13 |
| forty | 40 | fourteen | 14 |
| fifty | 50 | fifteen | 15 |
| sixty | 60 | sixteen | 16 |
| seventy | 70 | seventeen | 17 |
| eighty | 80 | eighteen | 18 |
| ninety | 90 | nineteen | 19 |

Q. Write in numerals:
five thousand, four hundred and two
A. 5402

|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Thousands | Hundreds | Tens | Units |
| 5 | 4 | 0 | 2 |

a) Write in numerals: fifteen
b) Write in numerals:
twenty-seven

c) Write in numerals:
fifty-one

d) Write in numerals:
eighty-four
f) Write in numerals:
ninety
h) Write in numerals:
three hundred and six

g) Write in numerals:
six hundred and four

i) Write in numerals: five hundred

k) Write in numerals: two hundred and fifteen
$\square$
j) Write in numerals:
eight hundred
I) Write in numerals: one hundred and ninety-seven

Skill 11.1 Expressing word numbers in numerals (2).
m) Write in numerals:
seven hundred and eighteen

o) Write in numerals: nine thousand

q) Write in numerals: one thousand and five

s) Write in numerals:
one thousand and fifty-two

u) Write in numerals:
eight thousand and twenty-four

w) Write in numerals:
four thousand, five hundred and forty-seven

y) Write in numerals: twenty-five thousand

A) Write in numerals: ten thousand and ninety-six $\square$
n) Write in numerals: nine hundred and sixty-seven

p) Write in numerals: eight thousand

r) Write in numerals: two thousand and one

t) Write in numerals: one thousand, three hundred

v) Write in numerals: two thousand, three hundred and eight

x) Write in numerals: seven thousand, eight hundred and six

z) Write in numerals: sixty-three thousand

B) Write in numerals:
fifty-one thousand and thirteen


Skill 11．1 Expressing word numbers in numerals（3）．

C）Write in numerals：
forty thousand，eight hundred


E）Write in numerals：
twenty－one thousand，three hundred and fifteen


G）Write in numerals：
nine hundred thousand


I）Write in numerals：
one hundred and five thousand


к）Write in numerals：
three hundred and ninety thousand

m）Write in numerals：
seven million


0）Write in numerals：
two million，nine hundred thousand


D）Write in numerals：
fifteen thousand，three hundred and thirty


F）Write in numerals：
fourteen thousand，six hundred and seventy－five


н）Write in numerals： six hundred thousand


J）Write in numerals： eight hundred and thirty thousand


L）Write in numerals： six hundred thousand，four hundred and twenty


N）Write in numerals： four million


P）Write in numerals：
five million，one hundred thousand


Skill 11.2 Writing 2-digit numbers in words.

- Write the word for the value of the tens.
- Write the word for the value of the units.

Example:

Q. Write the number 26 in words.
a) Write the number 11 in words.

| eleven |
| :---: |

c) Write the number 19 in words.

e) Write the number 64 in words.
$\square$
g) Write the number 81 in words.
$\square$
i) Write the number 20 in words.
$\square$
k) Write the number 50 in words.
$\square$
A. twenty-six

| 10 ten | 11 eleven |
| :--- | :--- |
| 20 twenty | 12 twelve |
| 30 thirty | 13 thirteen |
| 40 forty | 14 fourteen |
| 50 fifty | 15 fifteen |
| 60 sixty | 16 sixteen |
| 70 seventy | 17 seventeen |
| 80 eighty | 18 eighteen |
| 90 ninety | 19 nineteen |



\section*{| - Value |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| 20 |  |
| 20 | 6 |}

b) Write the number 15 in words.
$\square$
d) Write the number 38 in words.

f) Write the number 59 in words.

h) Write the number 93 in words.
$\square$
j) Write the number 70 in words.

I) Write the number 30 in words.


Skill 11.3 Writing 3-digit numbers in words.

- Write the word for the value of the hundreds.
- Always write 'hundred' not hundreds.
- Write the word 'and' if other values follow.
- Then write the word for the value of the tens.
- Write the word for the value of the units.

Hint: Consider the exceptions for 2-digit numbers like 15 (fifteen) and 20 (twenty).
Q. Write the number 491 in words.

## A. four hundred and ninety-one

| Hundreds | Plens | Units |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |
| Value |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{4 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{9 0}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |

b) Write the number 101 in words.
$\square$
d) Write the number 600 in words.

f) Write the number 708 in words.
$\square$
h) Write the number 850 in words.
$\square$
i) Write the number 514 in words.
$\square$
k) Write the number 306 in words.
I) Write the number 220 in words.
$\square$

## Skill 11.4 Writing 4-digit numbers in words.

- Write the word for the value of the thousands.
- Always write 'thousand' not thousands.
- Write the word 'and' if there are no hundreds.
- Write the word for the value of the hundreds.
- Always write 'hundred' not hundreds.
- Write the word 'and' if other values follow.
- Then write the word for the value of the tens.
- Write the word for the value of the units.

Hint: Consider the exceptions for 2-digit numbers like 15 (fifteen) and 20 (twenty).
Q. Write the number 9007 in words.
a) Write the number 5000 in words.

## five thousand

c) Write the number 2060 in words.

e) Write the number 1026 in words.
$\square$
g) Write the number 2043 in words.

i) Write the number 5003 in words.
$\square$
k) Write the number 1040 in words.
$\square$
A. nine thousand and seven

| Thousands | Hundreds | Tens | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{9}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ |


| 9000 | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Skip the value of the hundreds.
Skip the value of the tens.
b) Write the number 7002 in words.
$\square$
d) Write the number 8000 in words. $\square$
f) Write the number 3010 in words.
$\square$
h) Write the number 4035 in words.

j) Write the number 9200 in words.
$\square$
I) Write the number 8600 in words.
$\square$

Skill 11.5 Writing 5 -digit numbers in words.

- Group and write the first two digits from the left as a 2-digit number.
- Always write 'thousand' not thousands.
- Write the word 'and' if there are no hundreds.
- Write the word for the value of the hundreds.
- Always write 'hundred' not hundreds.
- Write the word 'and' if other values follow.
- Then write the word for the value of the tens.
- Write the word for the value of the units.

Hint: Consider the exceptions for 2-digit numbers like 15 (fifteen) and 20 (twenty).
Q. Write the number 82000 in words.
a) Write the number 26000 in words.

## twenty-six thousand

c) Write the number 97000 in words.
$\square$
e) Write the number 50600 in words.
$\square$
g) Write the number 12600 in words.
$\square$
i) Write the number 50030 in words.
$\square$

## A. eighty-two thousand

| Ten Thousands | Thousands | Hundreds | Tens | Units |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{8}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |


| 80000 | 2000 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Skip the values of the hundreds, tens and units.
b) Write the number 54000 in words.
$\square$
d) Write the number 40200 in words.
$\square$
f) Write the number 39000 in words.
$\square$
h) Write the number 10070 in words.
$\square$
j) Write the number 10400 in words.
$\square$

## 12. [Money]

## Skill 12.1 Recognising coins and values of coins.

- If the coin is golden it will be worth 1 dollar or 2 dollars. These values are written on the coins.
- If the coin is silver, it will be worth 20 cents or 50 cents. These values are written on the coins.
- If the coin is copper, it will be worth 10 cents.

This value is written on the coin.


100 cents


200 cents
Q. Circle the coin with the greatest value.

A.

\$1

$=100$ cents
a) What is the value of the coin?

c) What is the value of the coin?

e) Circle the coin with the least value.

g) Circle the coin with the least value.

b) What is the value of the coin?
 dollars
d) What is the value of the coin?
 cents
f) Circle the coin with the greatest value.

h) Circle the coin with the greatest value.


Skill 12.2 Recognising banknotes and values of banknotes (1).

- Find the number written on the note.

This number is the worth of the note in dollars.
a. Which note has the greatest value?
A)

B)

C)

A. $A$
A) $\$ 100$
B) $\$ 5$
C) $\$ 50$

So A has the greatest value.
a) Match the fronts to the backs of the notes.

c) What is the value of the note?


## dollars

e) What is the value of the note?

f) What is the value of the note?

dollars

Skill 12.2 Recognising banknotes and values of banknotes (2).
g) Which note has the greatest value?

B)

C)

i) Which note has the smallest value?

B)

C)

k) Which note has the greatest value?
A)

B)

C)

m) Which note has the smallest value?

B)

C)

h) Which note has the smallest value?
A)

B)

C)

j) Which note has the greatest value?
A)

B)

C)

I) Which note has the smallest value?
A)

B)

C)

n) Which note has the greatest value?

B)

C)



Skill 12.3 Adding values of coins and banknotes (1).

- Add the cents first.

Hint: 100 cents = $\$ 1$
Q. How much money in total?
A. $50 \phi+20 \phi+10 ¢=80 ¢$

a) How much money in total?


$$
10 \phi+10 \phi+50 \phi=70 \phi
$$

b) How much money in total?

c) How much money in total?

$$
=\varnothing
$$

d) How much money in total?


$=\$$
f) How much money in total?

g) How much money in total?


$$
=\$
$$

h) How much money in total?


Skill 12.3 Adding values of coins and banknotes (2).
i) How much money in total?


$$
=\$
$$

k) How much money in total?

m) How much money in total?

o) How much money in total?

q) How much money in total?

j) How much money in total?

$=\$$
I) How much money in total?


$$
=\$
$$

n) How much money in total?

p) How much money in total?

r) How much money in total?


Skill 12.4 Counting collections of coins and banknotes to make up a value shown on a price tag (1).

- Circle the whole dollars first, if needed.
- Using trial and error, try to find how to make up the cent amount.
Q. Circle the exact money needed to buy the pencil.

A.


Circle the $\$ 2$ first.
To make $30 \phi$ you need a $20 \phi$ and a $10 \phi$.
a) Circle the exact money needed to buy the iced donut.

c) Circle the exact money needed to buy the coffee scroll.

b) Circle the exact money needed to buy the mask.

$\$ 4.20$

d) Circle the exact money needed to buy the apple.


Skill 12.4 Counting collections of coins and banknotes to make up a value shown on a price tag (2).
e) Circle the exact money needed to buy a litre of milk.

g) Circle the exact money needed to buy the hotdog.

i) Circle the exact money needed to buy the toy soldier.

f) Circle the exact money needed to buy the banana.

h) Circle the exact money needed to buy the candy cane.

j) Circle the exact money needed to buy the mask.


Skill 12.5 Comparing prices（1）．
－Find which item is less than the amount you have．
a．You have $\$ 25$ ．Which item can you afford to buy？
A）

B）串高
C）部
$\$ 25.50$
$\$ 25.99$
$\$ 24.99$
a）You have 60c．Which item can you afford to buy？
A）
 55c
556
C）

B）

$65 ¢$
c）You have \＄3．Which item can you afford to buy？
A）

B）

C）

$\$ 3.50$
$\$ 3.05$

| $\$ 2.50$ |
| ---: |
| $\square$ |

e）You have $\$ 65$ ．Which item can you afford to buy？
A）

B）

C）

d）You have \＄20．Which item can you afford to buy？
A．C
A）$\$ 25.50$ is more than $\$ 25$ ．
B）$\$ 25.99$ is more than $\$ 25$ ．
C）Only $\$ 24.99$ is less than $\$ 25$ ．
b）You have 90c．Which item can you afford to buy？
A）

996
B）

C）

95c


$\$ 20.20$
B）

$\$ 18.20$


f）You have \＄5．Which item can you afford to buy？
A）

\＄5．50
B）


Skill 12.5 Comparing prices (2).
g) You have $\$ 20$. Which item can you afford to buy?
A)

B)

C)

i) You have $\$ 25$. Which item can you afford to buy?
A)

$\$ 35.95$
B)

C)

k) You have $\$ 20$. Which item can you afford to buy?
A)


C)

h) You have \$30. Which item can you afford to buy?
A)
\$28.75
B)

C)
j) You have \$35. Which item can you afford to buy?
A)

$\$ 35.50$
B) $\square$
C)


I) You have \$500. Which item can you afford to buy?
A)

$\$ 450$

C)
 \$750

Skill 12.6 Counting collections of identical coins to make up a cost.

- Count by the smaller amount until you reach the larger amount.

OR

- Divide the smaller amount into the larger amount.
Q. How many $10 ¢$ coins make $\$ 1.00$ ?
A. 10


$$
100 \div 10=10
$$

a) How many $10 \phi$ coins make $20 \phi$ ?

## 2

c) How many $\$ 2$ coins make $\$ 18$ ?

e) How many $20 ¢$ coins make $\$ 1.00$ ?

g) How many $10 ¢$ coins make $\$ 2.00$ ?

i) How many 20 coins make $\$ 2.00$ ?

k) How many 10¢ coins make $\$ 1.30$ ?

m) How many 50¢ coins make $\$ 5.00$ ?

o) How many $50 \not \subset$ coins make $\$ 15.00$ ?
$\square$
b) How many $10 \phi$ coins make $40 \phi$ ?

d) How many $\$ 2$ coins make $\$ 30$ ?

f) How many 10¢ coins make 70¢?

h) How many 50 ¢ coins make $\$ 2.00$ ?

j) How many 50¢ coins make $\$ 10.00$ ?

I) How many $20 ¢$ coins make $\$ 1.60$ ?

n) How many 20 coins make $\$ 3.00$ ?

p) How many 20 coins make $\$ 5.00$ ?


Skill 12.7 Calculating change.

- Count on from the price to make whole dollars or workable amounts like 50c.
- Add the amounts that you count on.
Q. How much change would you get from \$50?

A. $\$ 42.50+50 ¢=\$ 43$ Count on.
$\$ 43+\$ 7=\$ 50$
$50 ¢+\$ 7=\$ 7.50$

Add the amounts that you count on.
a) How much change would you get from \$1?

c) How much change would you get from \$20?

e) How much change would you get from \$10?

g) How much change would you get from \$100?

b) How much change would you get from $\$ 20$ ?

## \$15


d) How much change would you get from \$1?
f) How much change would you get from \$3?


## \$2.70


h) How much change would you get from \$300?
\$245

## \$

Skill 12.8 Adding two or more prices in dollars and cents (1).

- Add the dollars.
- Add the cents.
- If you have lots of the same coin, add these separately.

Example: 2 one-dollar coins = \$1 + \$1 = \$2
3 fifty-cent coins $=50 \phi+50 \phi+50 \phi=\$ 1.50$
Q. Calculate the cost of 2 triangles and 1 tambourine.
a) Calculate the cost of a hat and a scarf.

A. $\$ 15+\$ 15+\$ 25$
$=\$ 30+\$ 25$
$=\$ 55$
= pus

Skill 12.8 Adding two or more prices in dollars and cents (2).
e) Calculate the cost of 2 muffins

g) Calculate the cost of 1 water colour set and 2 art brushes.

i) What is the total value of:

2 ten-cent coins and
4 fifty-cent coins?

$$
=
$$

k) What is the total value of:

2 twenty-cent coins and 1 fifty-cent coin?
$=\square$

Skill 12.8 Adding two or more prices in dollars and cents (3).
m) What is the total value of:

1 ten-cent coin,
1 twenty-cent coin and
1 fifty-cent coin?

o) Calculate the cost of 2 tickets to the football at $\$ 30.90$ each.

q) Calculate the cost of 2 paint brushes at $\$ 2.10$ each.

s) Calculate the total cost of:
sushi at $\$ 3.50$
a drink at $\$ 2.50$
a toy at $\$ 1.00$
$\qquad$
$\square$
$=\square=\$$

## 13. [Number Patterns]

## Skill 13.1 Completing number patterns by adding the same number (1).

- Find the amount added to get from one number to the next number.
- Add that amount to the last number of the pattern.
a. $3,9,15,21,27$, $\square$
A. $3,9,15,21,27$,
33 ,
a)
c)
e)
$12,14,16,18,20, ~+,-$


## f)

d) $25,35,45,55$,

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b) $4,6,8,10,12$, $\square$ $\underset{+3}{4} \underset{+3}{4} \underset{+3}{4} \underset{+3}{4} \underset{+3}{4}$
c) 70,80,90,100, $\square$
$\Varangle \rightarrow$
$24,28,32,36,40$, $\square$
$\qquad$

h)


| $\leftrightarrow$ |
| :---: |

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

j) $37,40,43,46$,

k)
$48,53,58,63,68$,

I)


Skill 13.1 Completing number patterns by adding the same number (2).
m)

26, 30, 34, 38, 42,

n) 35,37,39,41,43, $\square$
$\qquad$
 $+$
o) $38,44,50,56, \ldots, \ldots$ 4 4 (
p) $3,5,7,9,11$,

$\qquad$
q)


M M
$\qquad$
s)
t)

r)

u) $54,56,58,60, \square, \ldots$

## y)

$13,18,23,28,33, \square_{-}$
v) $40,48,56,64$,


$\qquad$
$\qquad$
w)

x)
$27,31,35,39,43$,

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\square$

## z)

$42,46,50,54,58$, $\square$

$\qquad$

Skill 13.2 Completing number patterns by subtracting the same number (1).

- Find the amount taken away to get from one number to the next number.
- Subtract that amount from the last number of the pattern.
Q. $48,44,40,36, \square, \ldots$
A. $48,44,40,36, \underline{32}, \underline{28}$

a) $40,35,30,25,20, \underline{15}$
$\underset{-5}{-1}$
b) $58,48,38,28, \square \ldots$,
c)
d)

$57,55,53,51,49, \square \ldots$

e)
$48,45,42,39,36, \ldots, \ldots$
f)



$\qquad$
g)
h)


$$
59,55,51,47,43, \square_{-}
$$

i)

k)

j)

 I) $48,42,36,30,24, ~+\ldots$,




- Find the amounts added to get from one number to the next number.
- Check all the way through the pattern.
- Add these amounts in order to the last number of the pattern.
Q. $2,4,7,9,12$, $\square$
A. $2,4,7,9,12$,
$\underset{+2+3+2+3}{4}$
$\underset{+2}{\underline{14}} \underset{+3}{\substack{17}}$

b) $4,5,10,11,16$, $\square$ ( A A
$\qquad$
d) $4,7,11,14,18$,

$\qquad$

e) $1,5,10,14,19, \square, \ldots$
f) $3,6,8,11,13$,
 * A



Skill 13.4 Completing number patterns by subtracting changing numbers.

- Find the amounts taken away to get from one number to the next number.
- Check all the way through the pattern.
- Subtract these amounts in order from the last number of the pattern.
Q.

a)


$$
\begin{array}{cccccc}
1 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 \\
-2 & -5 & -2 & -5 & -2 & -5 \\
-\cdots \cdots & -\cdots & -\cdots
\end{array}
$$

c)
$21,20,15,14,9, Z_{1},-$

$\qquad$
e)

28, 25, 20, 17, 12,

g)

i)

k)


b)

d)

f)

25, 21, 18, 14, 11,


h)

33, 30, 28, 25, 23,

j)

I)

30, 28, 22, 20, 14,


Skill 13．5 Completing number patterns by multiplying by the same number．
－Find the amount you multiply by to get from one number to the next number．
－Multiply the last number of the pattern by that amount．

| Q． | 4，8，16，32， | A．$\underbrace{4}_{\times 2}, \underbrace{8}_{\times 2}, ~ \underbrace{16}_{\times 2}, ~ \underbrace{32}_{\times 2} 64$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a） | 15，30，60，120， 240 | b） $2,6,18,54$ ， |
|  | $\times 2 \times 2 \times 2$ | $\wedge \cup$ |
| c） | 30，60，120，240， | d） $5,15,45,135$ ， |
|  | M M M | \＆\＆ |
| e） | 4，12，36，108， | f） $9,27,81,243$ ， |
|  |  | ル $\downarrow$ い |
| g） | 10，30，90，270， | h） $20,60,180,540$ ， |
|  |  |  |
| i） | 1，5，25，125， | j） $1,10,100,1000$ ， |
|  |  |  |
| k） | 5，50，500，5000， | I） $10,50,250,1250$ ， |
|  | « $\downarrow$ « | －$\downarrow$ 」 |
| m） | 4，20，100，500， | n）7，70，700，7000， |
|  | «（ |  |

## 14. [Time]

## Skill 14.1 Naming and ordering the days of the week.

- Say the days of the week in order.

Example: If today is Wednesday, consider the days yesterday and tomorrow.
Yesterday was Tuesday, tomorrow will be Thursday.

Sunday
Monday
Tuesday $\longleftrightarrow$ yesterday
Wednesday $\longleftrightarrow$ today
Thursday $\longleftrightarrow$ tomorrow Friday
Saturday
Q. Which day comes after Thursday?

a) Which day comes before Wednesday?

Tuesday
c) Which day comes before Tuesday?

e) Today is Tuesday. What day is tomorrow?

g) Tomorrow is Saturday. What day was it yesterday?

i) A week ago was Friday. What day is it today?

k) Today is Saturday. What day was it a week ago? $\qquad$

## A. Friday

b) Which day comes after Saturday?

d) Which day comes after Wednesday?

f) Yesterday was Tuesday. What day is today?

h) Which day is the last day of the weekend?

j) Tomorrow is Sunday. What day was it yesterday?

I) Yesterday was Sunday. What day is tomorrow?


Skill 14.2 Using calendars to identify a date or a day of the month.
Q. Which day of the week is

Christmas Day in 2021?

## DECEMBER-2021

Sun Mon Tue Wed 1 Thu 2 Fri 3 Sat 4 Sun 5 Mon 6 Tue $\mathbf{7}$ Wed 8 Thu 9 Fri 10 Sat 11 Sun 12 Mon 13 Tue 14 Wed 15 Thu 16 Fri 12 Sat 18 Sun 19 Mon 20 Tue 21 Wed 22 Thu 23 Fri 24 Sat 25 Sun 26 Mon 27 Tue 28 Wed 29 Thu 30 Fri 31 Sat
a) How many Tuesdays in September 2021?

## SEPTEMBER-2021

 Sun 5 Mon 6 Tue $\mathbf{7}$ Wed 8 Thu 9 Fri 10 Sat 11 Sun 12 Mon 13 Tue 14 Wed 15 Thu 16 Fri 17 Sat 18 Sun 19 Mon 20 Tue 21 Wed 22 Thu 23 Fri 24 Sat 25 Sun 26 Mon 27 Tue 28 Wed 29 Thu 30 Fri Sat
c) Mark this birthday with a cross. Barack Obama - 4th of August

## AUGUST - 2021

 Sun 8 Mon 9 Tue 10 Wed 11 Thu 12 Fri 13 Sat 14 Sun 15 Mon 16 Tue 17 Wed 18 Thu 19 Fri 20 Sat 21 Sun 22 Mon 23 Tue 24 Wed 25 Thu 26 Fri 27 Sat 28 Sun 29 Mon 30 Tue 31 Wed Thu Fri Sat
e) Which day of the week is the first day of February 2021?

## FEBRUARY-2021

Sun |Mon 1 Tue 2 Wed 3 Thu $4 \mid$ Fri $5 \mid$ Sat 6 Sun $\mathbf{7}$ Mon 8 Tue 9 Wed 10 Thu 11 Fri 12 Sat 13 Sun 14 Mon 15 Tue 16 Wed 17 Thu 18 Fri 19 Sat 20 Sun 21 Mon 22 Tue 23 Wed 24 Thu 25 Fri 26 Sat 27 Sun 28 Mon Tue Wed Thu Fri Sat


## A. Saturday

## DECEMBER-2021

Sun Mon Tre Wed 1 thul 2 Firil 3 Sat 4 Sun 5 Mon 6 The 7 Wed 8 thu 9 Firil 10 Sal 11 Sun 12 Mon 13 IUe 14 Wed 15 thul 16 Firl 12 Sat 18


Saturday

b) How many weekends in October 2021?

d) How many week days in June 2021?

JUNE - 2021
Sun Mon Tue 1 Wed 2 Thu 3 Fri 4 Sat 5 Sun 6 Mon $\mathbf{7}$ Tue 8 Wed 9 Thu 10 Fri 11 Sat 12 Sun 13 Mon 14 Tue 15 Wed 16 Thu 12 Fri 18 Sat 19 Sun 20 Mon 21 Tue 22 Wed 23 Thu 24 Fri 25 Sat 26 Sun 27 Mon 28 Tue 29 Wed 30 Thu Fri Sat

f) What is the date that Ramadan begins in 2021?

## APRIL - 2021



Skill 14.3 Naming and ordering months and seasons of the year.

- Say the months of the year in order.
- Say the seasons in order.
- Match the seasons to the months of the year.
- Learn the rhyme: " 30 days have September, April, June and November, all the rest have 31 except for February alone which has 28 days clear and 29 in each leap year."
OR Use your knuckles!
Months with 31 days are on the knuckles.



Spring September
October
November
Summer December
Q. Which month comes before March?

a) What is the 2nd month of the year? February
c) Which month comes after August?

e) How many days in February, in a leap year?

g) It is January in Christchurch. Which season are we in?

i) My birthday is on the 22/11/1958. In which month was I born?

k) How many days in October?
b) How many days in May?

d) In Wellington, which season is in March, April and May?

f) How many days in April?

h) In Auckland, which season is in September, October and November?

j) Which month comes before August?

I) How many months in the year?


Skill 14.4 Telling the time by using 'past' and 'to' (1).

- Check the position of the big hand.

Hint: Apart from pointing to 12 or 6 the big hand on a clock can point either right or left.

Q. Use 'to' or 'past' to complete the time.


A quarter $\square$ three.
A. to


The big hand is on the IX (9).
This is on the 'to' side of the clock.
a) Use 'to' or 'past' to complete the time.


A quarter

six.
c) Use 'to' or 'past' to complete the time.


Ten $\square$ twelve.
b) Use 'to' or 'past' to complete the time.


Twenty-five $\square$ twelve.
d) Use 'to' or 'past' to complete the time.


Five $\square$ ten.

Skill 14.4 Telling the time by using 'past' and 'to' (2).
e) Use 'to' or 'past' to complete the time.

g) Use 'to' or 'past' to complete the time.

i) Use 'to' or 'past' to complete the time.

nine.
f) Use 'to' or 'past' to complete the time.

h) Use 'to' or 'past' to complete the time.

A quarter $\square$ six.
j) Use 'to' or 'past' to complete the time.


Twenty $\square$ four.

## Skill 14.5 Showing the time on analogue clock (1).

## To show o'clock:

- Draw the big (minute) hand pointing to the 12.
- Draw the little (hour) hand pointing to hour given.

To show half past:

- Draw the big hand pointing to the 6.
- Draw the little hand pointing half way past the given hour and toward the next hour.

To show a quarter past:

- Draw the big hand pointing to the 3.
- Draw the little hand pointing one quarter of the way past the given hour and toward the next hour.

a quarter past 5
To show a quarter to:
- Draw the big hand pointing to the 9.
- Draw the little hand pointing one quarter of the way backwards from the given hour and three quarters of the way from the hour before.


To show other times:

- Count by 5 s starting from 12.
- Draw the big hand pointing to the number that tells the minutes.


## Showing 'past'

- Draw the little hand pointing past the number that tells the hour.

Count clockwise ( $\sim$ ) if the time is PAST

"Twenty minutes past seven"

## Showing 'to'

- Draw the little hand pointing before the number that tells the hour.

Count anticlockwise ( $\curvearrowleft$ ) if the time is TO

"Ten minutes to four"
Q. Draw hands on the clock to show half past nine.


Half past means the big hand is on the 6 .

Past nine means the little hand is past the nine and halfway to the 10 .
a) Draw hands on the clock to show three o'clock.

c) Draw hands on the clock to show a quarter past eight.

e) Draw hands on the clock to show ten past eleven.

b) Draw hands on the clock to show a quarter to three.

d) Draw hands on the clock to show twenty-five past two.

f) Draw hands on the clock to show twenty to seven.


Skill 14.6 Matching digital and analogue time (1).

```
\(3^{314}\)
```

Digital time
9hours $9: 25$ 25minutes
Read as: "nine twenty-five"

## Analogue to Digital time

- Draw the time on a clock face (if needed).
- Write the last hour that the little hand has past.
- Start counting the minutes by 5 s from 12.
- Write the number of minutes that the big hand is on.

Example: Twenty-five past nine becomes "9:25"


## Digital to Analogue time

Minutes from 00 to 30:

- Check the number of minutes on the digital clock.

00
15
30 Less than 30 just read the minutes

- Write the minutes past the hour.

Example: 9:25
Minutes 25
Hours 9
"Twenty-five minutes past nine"


Minutes from 30 to 60:

- Check the number of minutes on the digital clock.

45
a quarter to
Greater than 30 subtract the number from 60

- Write the resulting minutes to the next hour.

Example: 7:50
Minutes $60-50=10$
Hours The next hour is 8 .
"Ten minutes to eight"

Q. Which time is a quarter past eight?
A) $8: 15$
B) $8: 50$
C) $8: 30$


## A. $A$

A quarter past means 15 minutes after 8 .
So the time is $8: 15$

a) Which time is twenty past two?
A) $2: 20$
B) $2: 00$
C) 2:15

A
c) Which time is a quarter to four?
A) $4: 45$
B) $3: 45$
C) $5: 45$

e) Which time is nineteen minutes past three?
A) $3: 41$
B) $3: 15$
C) $3: 19$

g) Which time is shown on the clock?
A) $1: 15$
B) $3: 00$
C) $12: 15$

i) Which time is shown on the clock?
A) $6: 10$
B) $5: 10$
C) $5: 50$

b) Which time is half past ten?
A) $10: 30$
B) $10: 45$
C) $10: 00$ $\square$
d) Which time is five to seven?
A) $7: 05$
B) $6: 55$
C) $6: 05$

f) Which time is twenty to nine?
A) $8: 40$
B) $8: 20$
C) $9: 20$

h) Which time is shown on the clock?
A) $9: 25$
B) $5: 45$
C) 4:45

j) Which time is shown on the clock?
A) $11: 35$
B) $6: 55$
C) 11:25

k) Show five o'clock in the morning in digital time.

m) Show twenty-five past eleven in the morning in digital time.

o) Show twenty minutes past ten in the morning in digital time.

q) Show eleven minutes to eleven in the morning in digital time.

s) $8: 20$ am means twenty past eight in the morning.
True or false?

u) 11:15 am means a quarter past one in the morning. True or false?

w) 7:23 am means twenty-three past seven in the morning.
True or false?

I) Show half past eleven in the morning in digital time.

n) Show a quarter past twelve in the afternoon in digital time.

p) Show five minutes past four in the morning in digital time.

r) Show thirteen minutes to five in the afternoon in digital time.

t) 6:45 am means a quarter to six in the morning.
True or false?

v) 4:20 am means twenty to five in the morning.
True or false?

x) 7:55 am means five to eight in the morning.
True or false?


Skill 14.7 Expressing digital and analogue time in words (1).
To write the digital time in words

- Read the time out loud.
- Write what you have said.

Example: 12: 15
"Twelve fifteen"
To write the analogue time in words

- Write:

"five o'clock"

"a quarter past eight"

"half past ten"

"a quarter to two"
- Write "past" the hour if the big hand is in the right half of the clock.
Example: "twenty past eight".

- Write "to" the next hour if the big hand is in the left half of the clock.
Example: "ten to eight".
Hints: According to the big hand a jump to the next number shows 5 more minutes.
According to the little hand a jump to the next number shows 1 more hour.

Q. Write the time 7:30 in words.


## A. seven thirty <br> Or <br> half past seven

a) Write the time 10:00 in words. ten o'clock
b) Write the time 9:15 in words.
$\square$

Skill 14.7 Expressing digital and analogue time in words (2).
c) Write the time $3: 24$ in words.

e) Write the time 4:45 in words.
$\square$
g) Write the time shown in words.

$\square$
i) Write the time shown in words.

$\square$
k) Write the time shown in words.

d) Write the time 1:25 in words.
$\square$
f) Write the time 6:45 in words.
$\square$
h) Write the time shown in words.

j) Write the time shown in words.

$\square$
I) Write the time shown in words.

$\square$

Skill 14.7 Expressing digital and analogue time in words (3).
m) Write the time 7:20 in words.

o) Write the time 5:40 in words.

q) Write the time 11:55 in words.
$\square$
s) Write the time shown in words.

$\square$
u) Write the time shown in words.

$\square$
n) Write the time 8:10 in words.

p) Write the time 4:52 in words.

r) Write the time 5:20 in words.
$\square$
t) Write the time shown in words.

v) Write the time shown in words.

$\square$
Q. Gus takes the 8:00 am bus to Canberra. What time does he get there?


## A. 11:45 am


a) Charlie does jazz class. What time does he finish?

| Time | Style |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9:30 am - 11:00 am | Ballet | Beginner |
| 11:00 am - 12:30 pm | Contemporary | Intermediate |
| 6:30 pm - 8:00 pm | Stretch | Open |
| 6:30 pm - 8:00 pm | Jazz | Beginner |
| 6:30 pm - 8:00 pm | Lyrical | Intermediate |
| 6:30 pm - 8:00 pm | Ballet | Intermediate |
|  | 8:00 pm |  |

c) Which show begins at 5:03 pm?

## Sydney TV Guide



| $4: 16 \mathrm{pm}$ | Pat and Stan |
| :--- | :--- |
| $4: 28 \mathrm{pm}$ | Oggy and the Cockroaches |
| 4:40 pm | Pink Panther and Pals |
| 5:03 pm | Bolts \& Blip |
| 5:30 pm | Black Hole High |

$\square$
e) For how many days is Luna Park closed in February?

| February - 2012 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sun | Mon | Tue | Wed | Thu | Fri | Sat |
|  |  |  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 |
| 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 |
| 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 |
| 2.6 | 27 | 28 | 29 |  |  |  |


b) How long should it take to travel between North Sydney and Wynyard stations?


> minutes
d) How long does it take to get from Melbourne to Bordertown?

f) Which ferry number would take the shortest time?

Irishferries ocom
Dublin (Ireland) - Holyhead (Britain)

| Ferry | Departure | Arrival |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1 | $8: 05 \mathrm{am}$ | $11: 30 \mathrm{am}$ |
| 2 | $8: 45 \mathrm{pm}$ | $10: 45 \mathrm{pm}$ |
| 3 | $2: 00 \mathrm{pm}$ | $4: 30 \mathrm{pm}$ |
| 4 | $8: 55 \mathrm{pm}$ | $12: 20 \mathrm{am}$ |

Skill 14.9 Converting between units of time (1).
Hint: Conversion Facts 1 year $=12$ months $=52$ weeks $=365$ days
1 fortnight $=2$ weeks
1 week $=7$ days
1 day $=24$ hours
1 hour $=60$ minutes
1 minute $=60$ seconds
Q. Write in minutes.

## 420 seconds $=\quad$ minutes

a) Write in weeks.

$$
7 \text { days }=1 \text { week }
$$

c) Write in days.

$$
4 \text { weeks }=\text { days }
$$

e) Write in hours.

$$
2 \text { days }=\text { hours }
$$

g) Circle the longest time.

30 minutes
3 hours 300 seconds
i) Circle the longest time.

$$
1 \text { year }
$$

300 days 60 weeks
k) Circle the shortest time.

300 seconds
6 minutes
2 days
A. 420 seconds $=7$ minutes

To convert seconds to minutes, make groups of 60 .
b) Write in seconds.

d) Write in hours.

180 minutes $=$ hours
f) Write in seconds.

h) Circle the shortest time.

3 hours
150 minutes
1 day
j) Circle the shortest time.

30 hours
1 week
1 day
I) Circle the longest time.

## 3 weeks

14 days 1 month

Skill 14.9 Converting between units of time (2).
m) Write in seconds.

o) Write in minutes. 360 seconds $=\quad$ minutes
q) Write in minutes.

$$
6 \text { hours }=\quad \text { minutes }
$$

s) Write in weeks.

$$
14 \text { days }=\quad \text { weeks }
$$

u) Write in days.

$$
5 \text { weeks }=\square \text { days }
$$

w) Write in hours.

$$
3 \text { days }=\text { hours }
$$

y) Circle the longest time.

## 2 days

40 hours 200 minutes
n) Write in seconds.

p) Write in hours.

r) Write in minutes.

t) Write in weeks.

$$
280 \text { days }=\text { weeks }
$$

v) Write in days.

$$
240 \text { hours }=\text { days }
$$

x) Write in days.

$$
10 \text { weeks }=\quad \text { days }
$$

z) Circle the shortest time.

4 weeks

$$
1 \text { month } 21 \text { days }
$$

## 15. [Measuring]

## Skill 15.1 Comparing objects based on their length (1).

- Use a piece of string, paper or a ruler to check the length of each object if possible.
- Use your best estimate.
- Compare the given lengths.
Q. Which bat is the longest?
A)
B)

a) Which snake is the longest?

C)



## A

b) Circle the cat with the shortest tail.

d) Which landmark is the shortest?
A)
B)

f) Which candle is the widest?
A)

B)

C)

$\square$

## Skill 15.1 Comparing objects based on their length (2).

g) Circle the rabbit with the longest ears.

i) Which is likely to be the longest?
A) car
B) scooter
C) train

k) Which is likely to be the shortest?
A) sword
B) javelin
C) relay baton

m) Which is likely to be the widest?
A) window
B) doorway
C) driveway

o) Which is the shortest?
A) paper clip 4 centimetres
B) hair brush 20 centimetres

q) Which river is the shortest?
A) Taieri River 288 kilometres
B) Waikato River 425 kilometres

h) Which ship is the longest?
A)

B)

C)

j) Which is likely to be the shortest?
A) cup
B) toaster
C) kettle

I) Which person is likely to be the tallest?
A) baby
B) woman
C) child
n) Which is likely to be the longest?
A) broom
B) axe
C) toilet brush

p) Which rail trip is the longest?
A) The TranzAlpine 223 kilometres
B) The Coastal Pacific 348 kilometres

r) Which shrub is the shortest?
A) Common Heath 2 metres
B) Golden Wattle 4 metres


## Skill 15.2 Comparing objects based on their weight (1).

- Weigh the object if possible.
- Use your best estimate.
- Compare the given weights.
Q. Which animal is likely to weigh
A. B the least?
A)

B)

C)

a) Which animal is likely to weigh the most?
A)

B)

C)

c) Which animal is likely to weigh the least?
A)

B)

C)


e) Which animal is likely to weigh the most?
A)
B)

b) Which animal is likely to weigh the least?
A)

B)

C)

d) Which animal is likely to weigh the most?
A)

B)

C)

f) Which object is likely to weigh the most?
A) sheet of A4 paper
B) sandal
C) cement brick

Skill 15.2 Comparing objects based on their weight (2).
g) Which object is likely to weigh the most?
A) banana
B) cherry
C) strawberry

i) Which object is likely to weigh the most?
A) television
B) refrigerator
C) microwave oven

k) Which object does not weigh about 1 kilogram?
A) a clothes iron
B) a teaspoon
C) a bicycle pump

m) What is the total weight of a stack of 50 TV guides?
TV guide $=30$ grams

o) How much more does a tennis racquet weigh than a squash racqet?
A) squash racquet $=150$ grams
B) tennis racquet $=280$ grams
h) Which object is likely to weigh the least?
A) ship
B) paper plane
C) bicycle
j) Which object is likely to weigh the least?
A) candy bar
B) bag of cement
C) bag of potatoes

I) Which object does not weigh about 1 kilogram?
A) a bunch of 5 bananas
B) a medium rockmelon
C) iPad

n) What is the total weight of 3 pecan pies?
pecan pie $=900$ grams

p) How much more does a can of fruit weigh than a can of soup?
A) can of fruit $=825$ grams
B) can of soup $=420$ grams

Skill 15.3 Comparing objects based on their capacity (1).

- Measure the volume if possible.
- Use your best estimate.
- Compare the given volumes.
Q. Which container is likely to have the greatest capacity?
A)

B)

C)

A. $C$
A.
b) Which container is likely to have the least capacity?
A)
B)

$B$
C)


c) Which ball has the greatest volume?
A)

B)

Tennis ball

d) Which container is likely to hold the least volume?
A)

B)

C)

e) Which container is likely to hold the least volume?
A)

B)


f) Which container is likely to have the greatest capacity?
A)

B)
C)

g) Which container is likely to hold the greatest volume?
A)

B)


h) Which container is likely to have the least capacity?
A)

B)

C) $\begin{aligned} \text { 空 } \\ \\ \square\end{aligned}$


Skill 15.3 Comparing objects based on their capacity (2).
i) Which object is likely to have the greatest capacity?
A) thimble
B) tea cup
C) match box

k) Which object is likely to have the greatest capacity?
A) bird bath
B) swimming pool
C) kitchen sink

m) Which object is likely to hold the least volume?
A) watering can
B) cement mixer
C) wheelbarrow

o) How many times would you have filled the sprayer if you used 64 litres of spray? back pack sprayer $=8$ litres

q) What is the total volume of an egg?
egg yolk $=22 \mathrm{~mL}$
egg white $=30 \mathrm{~mL}$
j) Which object is likely to have the least capacity?
A) petrol can
B) wine barrel
C) jam jar

I) Which object is likely to hold the greatest volume?
A) baby's bottle
B) drink bottle
C) esky

n) How many more litres does a wheelbarrow hold than a rubbish bin?
rubbish bin = 125 litres wheelbarrow = 170 litres

p) How many more millilitres of liquid in the sauce bottle than the salad dressing bottle?
A) sauce bottle $=500$ millilitres
B) salad dressing bottle
$=330$ millilitres

r) What is the total volume of a soda can and a drink bottle?
soda can $=375$ millilitres
drink bottle $=330$ millilitres

Skill 15.4 Estimating length, weight and capacity by using the standard units of measurement.

## Measuring an object

- Check with a measuring instrument the given unit of length, weight or capacity.
- Compare the object with the unit.
Q. Which object is not about 1 centimetre long?
A) USB drive
B) finger nail
C) staple
a) A mug holds:
A) less than a litre
B) about a litre
C) more than a litre
c) An orange weighs:
A) less than a kilogram
B) about a kilogram
C) more than a kilogram

e) Which item weighs about 1 kilogram?
A) BBQ
B) clothes iron
C) spoon

g) Which object is about 1 centimetre long?
A) biro
B) envelope
C) drawing pin

i) Which item would hold about 1 litre?
A) thermos
B) pen refill
C) milk vat $\square$


## Comparing objects

- Check with a measuring instrument the given unit of length, weight or capacity.
- Measure the given objects, if possible.


## A. A


b) The length of a calculator is:
A) less than a metre
B) about a metre
C) more than a metre

d) The length of a lamp post is:
A) less than a metre
B) about a metre
C) more than a metre

f) Which item would hold about 1 litre?
A) washing machine
B) thimble
C) carton of milk

h) Which object is not about 1 metre high?
A) guitar
B) ukulele
C) cello

j) Which object is about 1 metre high?
A) stilts
B) pogo stick
C) roller blades


## Choosing the type of unit

- Consider which units measure length, weight or capacity.
Q. Which unit measures the length of a pencil?
A) millimetre (mm)
B) metre (m)
 of juice in a jug?
A) metre (m)
B) litre (L)
C) $\operatorname{gram}(\mathrm{g})$
c) Which unit measures the volume of water in a puddle?
A) kilometre (km)
B) kilogram (kg)
C) litre (L)
e) Which unit measures the length of a paper clip?
A) centimetre (cm)
B) metre (m)

g) Which unit measures the width of a mobile phone?
A) kilometre (km)
B) centimetre (cm)

i) Which unit is most commonly used to measure the length of a highway?
A) centimetre (cm)
B) kilometre (km)
C) metre (m) $\square$


## Choosing the size of unit

- Consider the amount of each unit and what is reasonable.


## A. $A$

A millimetre looks like this: -
A metre is over 3 times the length of this page.
This is a possible pencil length.

So the length of a pencil is measured in millimetres not metres.
b) Which unit measures the length of a piece of wood?
A) litre (L)
B) kilogram (kg)
C) millimetre ( mm )

d) Which unit measures the weight of a new born chick?
A) kilogram (kg)
B) gram (g)

f) Which unit measures the weight of a bag of cement?
A) kilogram (kg)
B) gram (g)

h) Which unit measures the volume of medicine in an eye dropper?
A) millilitre (mL)
B) litre (L)

j) Which unit is most commonly used to measure the capacity of a swimming pool?
A) litre (L)
B) millilitre ( mL )


Skill 15.6 Measuring length by using a ruler.

- Align the left edge of the ruler (zero) to the left edge of the object.
- Measure using the unit needed.
- Read in centimetres or use the fact $10 \mathrm{~mm}=1 \mathrm{~cm}$, to read in millimetres.
Q. Use a ruler to measure the length
of the screw.

a) Use a ruler to measure the length of the screw.

c) Use a ruler to measure the length of the nail.

e) Use a ruler to measure the length of the bullet.

g) Use a ruler to measure the length of the match.

h) Use a ruler to measure the height of the sharpener.


Skill 15.7 Reading scales for length, weight and capacity (1).

- Read the number that matches the length, weight or capacity on the scale.
Q. Use the scale. How wide is the crab?

a) Use this ruler to measure the length of the line.



## 3 cm

c) Use this ruler to measure the length of the line.

e) Use the scale. How tall is the rhinoceros?

b) Use this ruler to measure the length of the line.

d) Use this ruler to measure the length of the line.

f) Use the scale. How wide is the butterfly?


Skill 15.7 Reading scales for length, weight and capacity (2).
g) Use the scale. How long is the bear?

i) Use the scale. How tall is the giraffe?

k) Use the scale. How long is the snail?

m) What is the volume of the petrol?


Skill 15.7 Reading scales for length, weight and capacity (3).
o) What is the volume of the medicine?

q) What is the weight of the cheese?

s) What is the weight of the watermelon?

p) What is the volume of the water?

r) What is the weight of the lollies?

t) What is the weight of the pumpkin?


Skill 15.8 Finding the perimeter of a shape by counting the units around the shape on a grid (1).

- Mark a starting point and count the number of grid units around the outside of the shape. Hint: The perimeter is the distance around the outside of a shape.
Q. What is the distance around this rectangle (perimeter)?

cm
a) What is the distance around this square (perimeter)?

c) What is the perimeter of this square?

A. 18 cm


Each grid unit measures 1 cm .
Mark a starting point.
Count the number of grid units around the outside of the shape.
The perimeter is 18 centimetres.
b) What is the distance around this rectangle (perimeter)?

d) What is the perimeter of this rectangle?


Skill 15.8 Finding the perimeter of a shape by counting the units around the shape on a grid (2).
e) What is the perimeter of this polygon?


g) What is the perimeter of this polygon?

i) What is the perimeter of this polygon?

cm

Skill 15.9 Finding the area of a shape by counting the unit squares covered by the shape on a grid (1).

- Count the number of squares of a certain size that are needed to cover the shape. Hint: The area is the size a surface takes up.
Q. Find the area of the shaded shape. A. $11 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$

$\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
a) Find the area of the shaded rectangle.

$6 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
c) Find the area of the shaded shape.

b) Find the area of the shaded square.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Area <br> 1 <br> $1 \overline{c m}^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
d) Find the area of the shaded shape.

$\mathrm{cm}^{2}$

Skill 15.9 Finding the area of a shape by counting the unit squares covered by the shape on a grid (2).
e) Find the area of the shaded shape.
 $\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
g) Find the area of the shaded shape.

$\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
i) The area of the doll's house sketch is shaded. Find the area.
$\qquad$
$\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
f) Find the area of the shaded shape.

$\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
h) Find the area of the shaded shape.

$\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
j) The area of the cubby house sketch is shaded. Find the area.


Skill 15.9 Finding the area of a shape by counting the unit squares
k) The shapes below have the same:
A) perimeter
I) The shapes below have the same:
B) area
C) perimeter and area

m) The shapes below have the same:
A) perimeter
B) area
C) perimeter and area

A) perimeter
B) area
C) perimeter and area


n) The shapes below have the same:
A) perimeter
B) area
C) perimeter and area

o) The shapes below have the same:
A) perimeter
B) area
C) perimeter and area

p) The shapes below have the same:
A) perimeter
B) area
C) perimeter and area


To change from smaller units to larger units

- Divide by the conversion factor (because you need less).

Example: To change 40 millimetres to centimetres $\div$ by 10

To change from larger units to smaller units

- Multiply by the conversion factor (because you need more).

Example: To change 4 centimetres to millimetres $\times$ by 10

## Conversion Facts - LENGTH

$1 \mathrm{~km}=1000 \mathrm{~m}=100000 \mathrm{~cm}=1000000 \mathrm{~mm}$ $1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm}=\quad 1000 \mathrm{~mm}$ $1 \mathrm{~cm}=\quad 10 \mathrm{~mm}$

Q. A queen size matress is

150 centimetres wide. How many metres is this? [ $1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm}$ ]
A) 15
B) 1.5
C) 1500
D) 0.15

a) At 3 months old the average boy is 60 cm long. How many millimetres is this? [ $1 \mathrm{~cm}=10 \mathrm{~mm}$ ]
A) 0.6
B) 6
C) 600
D) 6000
$60 \mathrm{~cm} \times 10=600 \mathrm{~mm} \square$
c) The width of an $A 4$ sheet of paper is 210 millimetres. How many centimetres is this? $[1 \mathrm{~cm}=10 \mathrm{~mm}]$
A) 2.1
B) 2100
C) 210
D) 21

e) The length of an average paper clip is 30 millimetres. How many centimetres is this? $[1 \mathrm{~cm}=10 \mathrm{~mm}]$
A) 0.3
B) 3
C) 300
D) 3000
A. $150 \mathrm{~cm} \div 100$
$=7.5 \mathrm{~m}$
B

To convert 150 cm to $m$, divide by 100 .
b) The Carrington Falls (NSW) is 50 metres high. How many centimetres is this? [ $1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm}$ ]
A) 500
B) 5000
C) 5
D) 0.5

d) The AFL ground has a minimum width of 110 metres. How many centimetres is this? [ $1 \mathrm{~m}=100 \mathrm{~cm}$ ]
A) 11
B) 1.1
C) 11000
D) 1100

f) A standard table tennis table is 275 centimetres long. How many millimetres is this? [ $1 \mathrm{~cm}=10 \mathrm{~mm}$ ]
A) 2.75
B) 27.5
C) 2750
D) 27500
$\square$

To change from smaller units to larger units

- Divide by the conversion factor (because you need less).

Example: To change 3000 grams to kilograms $\div$ by 1000

To change from larger units to smaller units

- Multiply by the conversion factor (because you need more).

Example: To change 3 kilograms to grams
$\times$ by 1000

Q. A baby elephant weighs about 90 kilograms at birth. How many grams is this? [ $1 \mathrm{~kg}=1000$ grams]
A) 900
B) 9000
C) 90000
D) 900000

a) A typical cricket bat weighs 1400 grams. How many kilograms is this? [ $1 \mathrm{~kg}=1000$ grams]
A) 0.14
B) 1.4
C) 14
D) 140
$1400 \mathrm{~g} \div 1000=1.4 \mathrm{~kg}$

c) The weight of a laptop is 2 kg . How many grams is this? $[1 \mathrm{~kg}=1000 \mathrm{~g}]$
A) 2000
B) 200
C) 20
D) 0.2
$\qquad$
e) How many kilograms in 3000 grams?
A) 300
B) 30
C) 3
D) 0.3
A. $90 \mathrm{~kg} \times 1000$ To convert 90 kg $=90000 \mathrm{~g}$ C 1000 .
b) A gold nugget was discovered in Australia in 1869 weighing nearly 73 kilograms. How many grams is this? $[1 \mathrm{~kg}=1000$ grams $]$
A) 7.3
B) 730
C) 7300
D) 73000
$\qquad$

d) The weight of an empty suitcase is 2700 grams. How many kilograms is this? $[1 \mathrm{~kg}=1000 \mathrm{~g}]$
A) 27
B) 2.7
C) 270
D) 27000
f) How many grams in 9 kilograms?
A) 9000
B) 900
C) 90
D) 0.9

Skill 15.12 Converting units of capacity (liquid volume).

To change from smaller units to larger units

- Divide by the conversion factor (because you need less).

Example: To change 2000 millilitres to litres $\div$ by 1000

To change from larger units to smaller units

- Multiply by the conversion factor (because you need more).

Example: To change 2 litres to millilitres $\times$ by 1000

## Conversion Facts - CAPACITY

1 L (litre) $=1000 \mathrm{~mL}$ (millilitre)

a. The average adult lung holds about 6 litres of air. How many millilitres is this? [ $1 \mathrm{~L}=1000 \mathrm{~mL}$ ]
A. 6 litres $\times 1000$
$=6000 \mathrm{~mL}$
D
A) 0.6
B) 60
C) 600
D) 6000

a) The fish tank holds 10000 mL of water. How many 1 litre jugs of water are needed to fill the tank? [ $1000 \mathrm{~mL}=1$ litre]
A) 1000
B) 100
C) 10
D) 1
$10000 \mathrm{~mL} \div 1000=10 \mathrm{~L}$
c) A human bladder has a capacity of about 500 mL . How many litres is this? [ $1000 \mathrm{~mL}=1$ litre]
A) 0.5
B) 5
C) 50
D) 5000

e) How many litres in 7000 millilitres?
A) 700
B) 70
C) 7
D) 0.7
b) To fill a standard bathtub you need 150 litres of water. How many millilitres is this?
[ $1 \mathrm{~L}=1000 \mathrm{~mL}$ ]
A) 15000
B) 150000
C) 1500
D) 15
$\qquad$

d) An average kitchen sink holds 20 litres of water. How many millilitres is this?
[ $1 \mathrm{~L}=1000 \mathrm{~mL}$ ]
A) 200
B) 20000
C) 2000
D) 2
f) How many millilitres in 3 litres?
A) 3000
B) 300
C) 30
D) 0.3
$\square$


Skill 15.13 Finding the perimeter of a shape by adding the lengths of all sides.

- Add the lengths of each side.

Hint: The perimeter is the distance around the outside of a shape.
a. Find the perimeter of the parallelogram.

A. $2+4+2+4$
$=12 \mathrm{~cm}$
a) Find the perimeter of the rectangle.

$12+3+12+3=\mathrm{cm}$
c) Find the perimeter of the rhombus.

e) Find the perimeter of the rectangle.


$$
=\mathrm{cm}
$$

b) Find the perimeter of the square.

$=$

d) Find the perimeter of the triangle.

f) Find the perimeter of the parallelogram.

$=\mathrm{m}$

Skill 15.14 Finding the area of a rectangle by multiplying the side lengths.

- Count the number of squares of a certain size that are needed to cover the shape.
OR
- Divide the shape into rectangles.
- Multiply length by width of each rectangle: Area $=I \times w$
- Use the results from each rectangle to find the total area.

Area $=$ length $\times$ width

Q. Find the area of the shaded shape.

|  |  |  |  | 4 cm |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2 cm |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2 cm |  |  | 4 cm |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

a) Find the area of the shaded shape.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 cm |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

$2 \times 6$
$=\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
c) Find the area of the shaded shape.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 cm |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Area $1=$

Area 2 =
Area (total) $\quad=\mathrm{cm}^{2}$
b) Find the area of the shaded shape.

d) Find the area of the shaded shape.


Area $1=$
Area 2 =
Area (total)
$=$


Skill 15.15 Measuring an angle using a protractor.

- Place the center of the protractor at the corner (vertex) of the angle.
- Align one line of the angle with a zero line on the protractor.
- Read the measurement where the other line of the angle crosses the scale on the protractor. Hint: Protractors can be read using either the inside or outside scale depending on which zero is used.
Q. Use the protractor to measure the size of this angle.

a) Use the protractor to measure the size of this angle.

c) Use the protractor to measure the size of this angle.

A. $160^{\circ}$

Read using the inside scale.
One line of the angle is at $0^{\circ}$.
The other line of the angle extends around to $160^{\circ}$.
b) Use the protractor to measure the size of this angle.

d) Use the protractor to measure the size of this angle.



## 16. [Shapes]

## Skill 16.1 Recognising 3D shapes (1).

- Observe whether the 3D shape has a curved surface. If so, the shape will be either a cone, cylinder or sphere.
- Observe whether the curved surface formes a cone (narrowing to a point), a cylinder (sitting on two circular bases) or a sphere (perfectly round).
- If all surfaces are flat, then decide if the shape is a pyramid (narrowing to a point) or a prism (rectangular side faces).
- Observe whether the two bases of the prism are rectangles (rectangular prism), squares (square prism) or triangles (triangle prism).
Q. What shape is this object?



## A. sphere


a) Circle the cube.

b) Circle the cone.

c) Circle the cylinder.


g) Circle the rectangular prism.

d) Circle the sphere.

f) Circle the square prism.

h) Circle the triangular prism.


Skill 16.1 Recognising 3D shapes (2).
i) What shape is this object?

$\square$
k) What shape is this object?

$\square$
m) What shape is this object?

o) What shape is this object?

q) What shape is this object?

$\square$
j) What shape is this object?

$\square$
I) What shape is this object?

$\square$
n) What shape is this object?

p) What shape is this object?

r) What shape is this object?

$\square$

Skill 16.2 Recognising properties of 2D shapes.

- Count and compare the number of sides.
- Check whether the shape has straight or curved sides.
Q. Circle the shape that does not belong.

A.

a) Circle the shape that does not belong.

c) Circle the shape that does not

e) Circle the shape that does not belong.

g) Circle the shape that does not belong.


Skill 16.3 Counting vertices, edges and faces of 3D shapes.

- See Glossary.

Q. How many edges does a rectangular prism have?

A. 12

b) How many vertices does a triangular prism have?

d) How many vertices does a square pyramid have?

f) What shape is the base of a triangular prism?

h) What shape is any lateral side of a pyramid?

$\square$
- See Glossary.
Q. Colour the kite.

A.


Shape 1 is a semicircle.
Shape 2 is a kite.
Shape 3 is a hexagon.
a) Colour the pentagon.

b) Colour the rectangle.

d) Colour the parallelogram.

f) Name the shape.

$\square$

i) Name the two shapes used to make this figure.

and
k) Name the two shapes used to make this figure.

m) Name the two shapes used to make this figure.

o) Name the two shapes used to make this figure.

$\square$
j) Name the two shapes used to make this figure.

$\square$
I) Name the two shapes used to make this figure.
 and
n) Name the two shapes used to make this figure.

p) Name the two shapes used to make this figure.

and

- See Glossary.
Q. Sketch a square.
A.

Draw 4 equal lines, at right angles to each other.
a) Sketch a circle.

c) Sketch an octagon.

e) Draw a rectangle with a length of 3 cm and a width of 1 cm on the grid.

b) Sketch a heptagon.

d) Draw a square of side length 1 cm on the grid.

f) Draw a rectangle with a length of 4 cm and a width of 3 cm on the grid.


Skill 16.6 Counting vertices and sides of 2 D shapes.

- See Glossary.

Q. How many vertices does a rectangle have?

a) How many sides does a square have?

c) How many sides does a triangle have?

e) How many vertices does a hexagon have?

g) How many sides does a nonagon have?

i) How many vertices does a rhombus have?



## A. 4


b) How many vertices does a parallelogram have?

d) How many vertices does a pentagon have?

f) How many vertices does an octagon have?

h) How many vertices does a kite have?

j) How many sides does a decagon have?


Skill 16.7 Drawing lines of symmetry in 2D shapes.

- Draw a line, or lines, through the middle of the shape.
- Check that, if you put a mirror on that line, what you see in the mirror is identical to what is behind the mirror.
Q. Draw the line of symmetry.
A.
 Incorrect. Top half is not identical to the bottom half.


Correct. Both halves are identical.
a) Draw the line of symmetry.

b) Draw the line of symmetry.

c) Draw the line of symmetry.

e) Draw the line of symmetry.

g) Draw the lines of symmetry.

h) Draw the lines of symmetry.


Skill 16.8 Recognising and drawing pairs of parallel and perpendicular lines.

- See Glossary.
a. Which lines are parallel?
A)

B)

C)
The lines meet at a point.

The lines never meet.
The lines are parallel.
The lines meet at a point.
The lines are not parallel.
A. B
a) Which lines are perpendicular?
A)


C)

b) Which lines are parallel?
A)

C) $\longrightarrow$

c) Which lines are perpendicular?
A)

B)

C)

e) Draw a line parallel to this vertical line.

g) Draw a line perpendicular to this vertical line.

d) Which lines are parallel?
A)

B)
C)


f) Draw a line perpendicular to this horizontal line.
h) Draw a line parallel to this
horizontal line.


Skill 16.9 Recognising and drawing different types of angles.

To recognise a type of angle

- Draw a right angle in the same corner and on the same line as each of the given angles.
- Compare each angle to the right angle inside.



## To draw a type of angle

- Draw a line starting from one end of the given line.
- Draw the line according to the type of angle required (see Glossary).
- Mark the angle with a dash.
Q. Which angle is an obtuse angle?
A)

C)

A. $C$


The angle is greater than a right angle $\Rightarrow$ obtuse
a) Which angle is a right angle?
A) 4
B) $\uparrow$

c) Draw an obtuse angle using this line.
e) Draw a straight angle using this line.
b) Which angle is a straight angle?
A)
B)

d) Draw an acute angle using this line.
f) Draw a right angle using this line.

- Compare the amount of turn needed to get from one straight line to another.

Hint: The larger the amount of turn between the 2 straight lines, the larger the angle.
The smaller the amount of turn between the 2 straight lines, the smaller the angle.
Q. The legs of which gymnast show the least angle?
A)

B)

A. $A$



The boy's legs show less than a half turn. The girl's legs show a full half turn.
a) The arms of which clapboard show the greatest angle?
A)

B)

b) The hands on which clock show the least angle?
A)

B)

c) The arms of which cutter show the greatest angle?
A)


e) The arms of which clapboard are open closest to a right angle?
A)

B)

$\square$
d) The open pages of which book show the least angle?
A)

B)

f) The blades of which shears are open closest to a right angle?
A)

B)



Skill 16.11 Recognising different types of triangles.

- Check the size of the angles in the triangle.

| Angles | Triangle type |
| :--- | :--- |
| all acute angles | acute-angled |
| one right angle | right-angled |
| one obtuse angle | obtuse-angled |

Q. Which triangle is an acute-angled triangle?
A)

B)

C)

A. B


One right angle
$\Rightarrow$ not an acute-angled triangle

$\nabla$
All acute angles
$\Rightarrow$ an acute-angled triangle

One obtuse angle
$\Rightarrow$ not an acute-angled triangle
a) Which triangle is a right-angled triangle?
A)

B)

C)


c) Which triangle is an acute-angled triangle?
A)
B)

C)

b) Which triangle is an obtuse-angled triangle?
A)
B)

C)


d) Which triangle is an obtuse-angled triangle?
A)
B)
C)

e) Which triangle is a right-angled triangle?
A)

B)

C)

f) Which triangle is a right-angled triangle?

B)



## Skill 16.12 Recognising properties of triangles and quadrilaterals.

- Look for equal sides or equal angles.
- Look at the types of angles inside the triangle.
- Look at the types of lines inside the triangle or quadrilateral (parallel, perpendicular, symmetry).
Q. This triangle has:
A) one line of symmetry
B) two parallel sides
C) all sides of equal length
D) one right angle



## A. $D$

A, B and C are not true.
D is the correct answer, because the triangle has a right angle.

b) This kite has:

A) two parallel sides
B) one line of symmetry
C) two perpendicular sides
D) all sides of equal length

d) This trapezium has:

A) one line of symmetry
B) two perpendicular sides
C) two parallel sides
D) all sides of equal length

e) This rectangle has: $\square$
A) opposite sides of equal length
B) one obtuse angle
C) two acute angles
D) four lines of symmetry

## C

c) This rhombus has:

A) one right angle
B) two perpendicular sides
C) all angles of equal length
D) two lines of symmetry

f) This parallelogram has:

A) two perpendicular sides
B) one line of symmetry
C) opposite sides parallel
D) one right angle
$\square$

## 17. [Location]

Skill 17.1 Naming the position of objects (under, outside, next to, etc.) (1).

- See Glossary.
Q. Is the mirror 'above' or 'below' the couch?

a) Is the foot stool 'in front of' or 'behind' the chair?

in front of
c) Is the tight-rope walker 'on' or 'under' the rope?

e) Is the man 'in front of' or 'behind' the piano?

$\square$


## A. above

The mirror is over the top of the couch.
b) Is the bear 'inside' or 'outside' the box?

d) Is the cat 'on' or 'under' the bed?

f) Is the pot plant 'above' or 'below' the table?

$\square$

Skill 17.1 Naming the position of objects (under, outside, next to, etc.) (2).
g) Is the rabbit 'on' or 'under' the present?

i) Is the mouse 'on' or 'under' the bed?

j) Is the ribbon on the 'inside' or the 'outside' of the gift?

k) Is the dog 'in front of' or 'behind' his kennel?

m) Is the fish 'inside' or 'outside' the fish bowl?

I) Is the hurdler 'above' or 'below' the hurdle?

n) Is the elephant 'on' or 'under' the tub?

$\square$

Skill 17.2 Drawing objects in the positions under, outside, next to, etc.

- See Glossary.
Q. Draw a spoon outside the sink.

A.

a) Draw a paper clip next to this paper clip.

b) Draw a lamp on the desk.

c) Draw a parachute above the boy.
d) Draw a dinner plate inside the sink.

e) Draw a kitten inside the box.
f) Draw a vase of flowers between the dishwasher and the stove.


Skill 17.3 Naming and drawing objects in the positions left, right and middle (1).

- See Glossary.
Q. Looking at the faces, who is to the left of Fidel Castro?



Fidel Castro


Yasser Arafat
a) What colour suit is in the middle?

c) Looking at the faces, who is to the right of Stan Laurel?

e) Looking at the men, who is to the right of Herb Elliott?


Herb Elliott
John tandy

$\square$
A. Adolf Hitler

left


Yasser Arafat right
b) Looking at the string, which decoration is to the right of the Christmas bauble?

d) Who is in the middle?


Michael Jackson

f) Which plant is in the middle?



Skill 17.3 Naming and drawing objects in the positions left, right and middle (2).
g) Looking at the pictures, who is to the left of Horace?

i) Looking at the buckets, draw a mop handle in the bucket on the right.

k) Looking at the trollies, draw a bag of groceries in the trolley on the right.

m) Looking at the clothes line, draw a hankerchief hanging from the peg on the right.

h) Looking at the tray, draw another muffin to the right of the existing muffin.

j) Draw a lion in the middle cage.

I) Looking at the eggs, draw a hat on the egg to the left of the speckled egg.

n) Looking at the snowmen, draw a hat on the snowman on the left.


Skill 17.4 Identifying the location of objects on a map or a plan (1).

- See Glossary.

Q. Circle the towel rail which is furthest from the door.

a) Which building is closest to the Story tree?

c) Which room is furthest from the Throne Room?

BUCKINGHAM PALACE - FIRST FLOOR

$\square$
A.

closest
b) Which embassy is at the corner of Arkana St and Wonna St?

d) Which computer company is to the east of Moffett Airfield?

## CALIFORNIA

| Facebook Palo Alto |  | San Francisco Bay |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stanford |  | $\sim$ - |
| University |  | Google Moffett |
| N |  | Airfield |
| W E |  | Microsoft |
| S | Mountain View |  |

Skill 17.4 Identifying the location of objects on a map or a plan (2).
e) Which piece of furniture is between the couch and the fire?

f) Who has their home world between Coruscant and Tatooine?

g) Who sits opposite the Leader of the Opposition?

Seating plan for the House of Representatives - Canberra, Australia

$\square$
h) Which land do you spend most time riding over on the monorail?

## ) MilCy ClaC Mickey's Toontown



Skill 17.4 Identifying the location of objects on a map or a plan (3).
i) Which soccer player was born between Brasilia and Rio de Janeiro?

Birthplace of some Famous South American Soccer Players

$\square$
k) Which ocean is to the west of South Africa?

j) Which section of the museum is between Written in Bone and Insect Zoo?

SMITHSONIAN - Museum of Natural History: second floor

I) As you walk from the beach along Golf Club Road, in which direction is the Golf Club?
A) right
B) left
C) straight ahead

Pebble Beach

(1) Medical
[0] Motel
(10) Restaurant

P Car Park
I Petrol


Skill 17.5 Identifying the location of objects using columns and rows (1).
Hint: Columns go up and down (vertically).
Rows go across (horizontally).

- Count the number of columns, from the left or the right (as asked).
- Draw a vertical line through the column.
- Count the number of rows, from the top or the bottom (as asked).
- Draw a horizontal line through the row.
- Locate the object where the two lines meet.
Q. Which number is in the third column from the left and on the second row from the top?

| 1 | ${ }_{2}^{\text {aic }}$ | DeF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | - ${ }^{\text {JKL }}$ | ${ }^{\text {mao }}$ |
| 7 | ${ }^{\text {Tuv }}$ | ${ }^{\text {wxr }}$ |
| * | 0 | \# |

A. 6

| 1 | 2 | ${ }_{3}$ | -1st row | Top |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | ${ }^{\text {uk }}$ | (6) | - 2 nd row |  |
| ${ }^{\text {Pass }}$ | 8 | W | $\leftarrow 3$ rd row |  |
| * | 0 | \# | -4th row | Bottom |
| $$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \hat{1} \\ \text { E } \\ B \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | Right |  |

a) Which animal is in the first column from the left and on the top row?

c) Who has the locker in the second column from the left and on the top row?

| Charles |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\underline{\underline{\underline{1}}}$ | " | " | " |
|  |  |  |  |
| Paul | Ryan | Tom | Pip |

$\square$
b) Which number is in the first column from the right and on the third row from the top?

| 1 | 2 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | 5 | ${ }_{6}^{\text {moo }}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {pas }}$ | 8 | ${ }_{9}^{\text {max }}$ |
| * | 0 | \# |


d) Which animal is in the third column from the left and on the bottom row?

$\square$

Skill 17.5 Identifying the location of objects using columns and rows (2).
e) Who has the locker in the first column from the left and on the top row?

g) Draw a face in the jigsaw piece in the 1st column from the left, on the top row.

i) Draw a pair of glasses in the locker in the 2nd column from the left, 2nd row from the top.

f) Who has the locker in the third column from the right and on the bottom row?

h) Draw a face in the jigsaw piece in the 4th column from the left, on the bottom row.

j) Draw a yoyo in the locker in the 2nd column from the right, 3rd row from the bottom.


Skill 17.5 Identifying the location of objects using columns and rows (3).
k) Which number is in the second column and on the fourth row from the bottom of this keypad?

| 1 | ${ }_{2}^{\text {abc }}$ | ${ }^{\text {DEF }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | ${ }^{\text {JKL }}$ | ${ }_{6}^{\text {mNo }}$ |
| ${ }_{7}^{\text {Pas }}$ | ${ }^{\text {ruv }}$ | ${ }_{9}^{\text {wxy }}$ |
| * | 0 | \# |


m) Circle the sea shell which is identical to the one in column 2, row 3.

Row 4


Row 2

Row 1


Column 1 Column 2 Column 3
o) Circle the cake which is the same as the one in column 1, row 3.


Column 1
p) Circle the elephant which is the same as the one in column 3, row 2.


Column 1

Column 2

Column 3

Skill 17.6 Following paths on a maze, grid or map (1).

## On a maze

- Use trial and error.
- Avoid dead ends.


## On a grid

- Work out the direction.
- Count the number of spaces.
- Repeat for each step.
Q. Draw a path through the maze so that Naomi can catch the bus.

a) Draw a path through the maze so that Harry can escape the water fight and get home.

c) Draw the path of the counter by moving it:
5 right, 1 up, 2 left

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | O |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

A.

b) Draw a path through the maze so that Maisey can reach the lifebuoy.

d) Draw the path of the counter by moving it:
3 left, 2 up, 1 right

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $O$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Skill 17.6 Following paths on a maze, grid or map (2).
e) Draw the path of the counter by moving it:
2 down, 3 left, 2 up, 4 left

g) Draw a path through the wave maze so that the swimmer can reach the lifebuoy.

i) From the START you walk along Bourke St and turn left into Dowe St. Which landmark are you approaching?

Tamworth - NSW

$\square$
f) Draw the path of the counter by moving it:
1 up, 4 left, 2 down, 4 left

h) You ride along Torquay Rd towards Queens Rd. What is the third street on your left?

j) You drive along the Unter den Linden to the Brandenburg Gate. How many streets do you pass on your right?


Skill 17.7 Describing the transformation of an object.

- Compare the second image to the first image.
- See Glossary.
Q. Has this shape been moved by a flip, a slide or a turn?

a) Has this leaf been moved by a flip, a slide or a turn?



## turn

c) Has this shape been moved by a flip, a slide or a turn?

e) Has this feather been moved by a flip, a slide or a turn?

g) Has this egg been moved by a flip, a slide or a turn?

$\square$

## A. flip

The shape has been moved like a reflection in the mirror or a flip.
b) Has this eye been moved by a a flip, a slide or a turn?

d) Has this hanging basket been moved by a flip, a slide or a turn?

f) Has this cow been moved by a flip, a slide or a turn?

h) Has this butterfly been moved by a flip, a slide or a turn?


Skill 17.8 Drawing the transformation of an object on a grid (1).

## To draw a shape moved by a flip

- Mark every vertex on the shape.
- From each vertex move the same distance on the other side of the dashed line.
- Draw a point.
- Join the points.
Q. Draw the reflection of this diagram flipped at the dashed line.

a) Redraw this diagram after sliding it 3 units to the right.

c) Draw the reflection of this diagram flipped at the dashed line.


To draw a shape moved by a slide

- Mark every vertex on the shape.
- From each vertex move across the required number of units.
- Draw a point.
- Join the points.
A.

b) Draw the reflection of this diagram flipped at the dashed line.

d) Redraw this diagram after sliding it 4 units to the right.


Skill 17.8 Drawing the transformation of an object on a grid (2).
e) Draw the reflection of this diagram flipped at the dashed line.

g) Redraw this diagram after sliding it 9 units to the right.

i) Redraw this diagram after sliding it 8 units to the right.

k) Draw the reflection of this diagram flipped at the dashed line.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

f) Draw the reflection of this diagram flipped at the dashed line.

h) Redraw this diagram after sliding it 6 units to the left.

j) Draw the reflection of this diagram flipped at the dashed line.

I) Draw the reflection of this diagram flipped at the dashed line.


Skill 17.9 Describing location by using regions on a grid (e.g. A3) (1).

- Read across to find the letter that matches the column you need.
- Then read up to find the number that matches the row you need. The grid space that is common to both column and row marks the position you are locating.
Q. Which ball is located at position L5?

A. white ball

a) What is located at position A2?

c) Is there a snake or a ladder at position E3?

b) What is located at position Cl ?

d) What is located at position B2?


Skill 17.9 Describing location by using regions on a grid (e.g. A3) (2).
e) Which country is located at position D5?

$\square$
g) What is the number of the locker located at position F4?

| $3{ }_{3}$ | 311 |  | 213 | 214 | 110 | ${ }^{116}$ | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 311 | 312 | 313 | $\begin{aligned} & 214 \\ & 314 \\ & \hline 34 \end{aligned}$ | 215 | 216 | 2 |
| 410 | 411 | 412 | $4{ }^{13}$ | ${ }^{314}$ | $3{ }^{3} 5$ | $3{ }^{36}$ | 3 |
| 510 | 511 | 512 | $5{ }^{\circ}$ | ${ }^{414}$ | 415 | $4{ }^{416}$ | 4 |
| 610 | 611 | 612 | $6{ }^{1}$ | 614 | ${ }^{515}$ | 516 | 5 |
| 710 | 711 | 712 | 713 | 714 | 715 | 716 | 7 |
| 810 | 811 | 812 | 813 | 814 | 815 | 816 | 8 |
| A | B | C | D | E | F | G |  |

f) Which suburb of Bendigo is located at position A3?

$\square$
h) In which position is the star on the flag of Pakistan?
A) B2
B) E4
C) A3
D) D3


Skill 17.9 Describing location by using regions on a grid (e.g. A3) (3).
i) Which of these locations has a star in it?
A) B 1
B) C 2
C) El
D) D3

$\square$
k) In which position is 'Rigel'?
A) Cl
B) B5
C) D4
D) F3

m) Which of these locations has an empty white square in it?
A) G8
B) C 4
C) F4
D) C 2


Skill 17.9 Describing location by using regions on a grid (e.g. A3) (4).
o) In which seat is the man sitting?

q) What is the position of the spider?

r) What is the position of the kookaburra (- ) ?

t) What is the position of the labrador (S) ?
s) In which seat is the man sitting?


## 18. [Statistics / Probability]

Skill 18.1 Interpreting picture graphs using one-to-one correspondence.

- Find the value of each picture by checking the key or scale.
- Count the number of pictures in the row or column as asked by the question.
Q. How many years does an engineering degree take? Years for degree

| Arts | - $0^{\circ} 0^{\circ}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Medicine |  |
| Science | $00^{080}$ |
| Engineering |  |

$$
\text { Each } \boldsymbol{0}^{\boldsymbol{0}} 1 \text { year }
$$

a) How many eyes does a bee have?

Number of Eyes

| Bee | O |
| :--- | :--- |
| Fly | Wasp |
| W O O |  |

Key: $=1$ eyes
c) Which sport has a goal worth

6 points?

$\square$
A. 4

Each 1 year
The scale is 1 picture $=1$ year

| Arts | 08080 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Medicine | $0_{0} \sin _{0} \theta_{0}$ |
| Science | $0 \cos _{0}^{0}$ |
| Engineering | $0(1)=(3)=(4)$ |

There are 4 pictures in the engineering row.
4 pictures $=4$ years
b) How many main islands make up New Zealand?
Countries - Number of main islands


$$
\text { Each } \wp=1 \text { island }
$$

d) Which flower has 3 petals?

| Flower Petals |  | Key: $\mathbb{T}$ = 1 petal |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) |  |  |
|  | (1) | (1) | (1) |
|  | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Iris | Daffodil | Rose | Buttercup |

$\square$

## Skill 18.2 Recognising tally marks.

- Count or draw one dash for one value.
- Draw four dashes and a crossways dash to represent 5.

Counting by 5 s helps.
Q. Use tally marks ( $\mid$ ) to show the number 12 .
a) What number is shown by the tally marks?

c) What number is shown by the tally marks?

e) What number is shown by the tally marks?

g) Use tally marks ( | ) to show the number 3.

i) Use tally marks ( | ) to show the number 7.

| Number | Tally |
| :---: | :---: |
| 7 |  |

k) What number is shown by the tally marks?

| Tally | Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| HY $\\|\\|$ |  |

## A. HH HH II

b) What number is shown by the tally marks?

d) What number is shown by the tally marks?

f) What number is shown by the tally marks?

h) Use tally marks (|) to show the number 11.

j) Use tally marks ( | ) to show the number 12.

| Number | Tally |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12 |  |

I) What number is shown by the tally marks?

| Tally | Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| HH HH \|||| |  |

Skill 18.3 Interpreting and completing tables with tally marks (1).

- Count the tally marks and write the number.
- Draw tally marks for the given number.
Q. Complete the tally table.

Lighthouse Survey

| States | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connecticut | HI | 5 |
| New Jersey | HI HI IIII |  |
| Delaware |  | 4 |
| Washington | HI II |  |

a) Complete the tally table.
Vehicle Type Passing School

| Vehicle | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Sedan | HI IIII | 9 |
| Station Wagon | HI I | 6 |
| Minivan | III | 3 |
| Convertible | HI | 5 |

c) Complete the tally table.

Drive - a - thon

| Driver | Lap Tally | Number |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| F. Alonso | HI III |  |
| G. Fisichella | HI HI I | 11 |
| A. Suzuki | HI IIII |  |
| M. Schumacher | HI I |  |

e) Complete the tally table.

Books in a series

| Series | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Underland Chronicles | HI |  |
| Deltora Quest | HI III | 8 |
| Mary Poppins | HI II |  |
| The Bliss Bakery | III |  |

A.
Lighthouse Survey

| States | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Connecticut | HI | 5 |
| New Jersey | HI HI IIII | $\mathbf{1 4}$ |
| Delaware | IIII | 4 |
| Washington | HI II | $\mathbf{7}$ |

Count the number of tally marks for New Jersey and Washington. Write their totals in the number column.

Draw 4 tally marks for Delaware.
b) Complete the tally table.

People per square kilometre

| Country | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Norway | HI HIIIII |  |
| Bolivia | HI II | 7 |
| PNG | HI HI | 10 |
| Iceland | III |  |

d) Complete the tally table.

Frequency of 2, 3, 4, 5 as factors of the numbers 1 to 10

| Factor | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | HH |  |
| 3 |  | 3 |
| 4 |  | 2 |
| 5 | II |  |

f) Complete the tally table.

Eyelets in shoes

| Shoe Type | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Runner | HI HII IIII |  |
| Boat shoe |  | 4 |
| School shoe |  | 8 |
| Men's dress shoe | HI HH |  |

Skill 18.3 Interpreting and completing tables with tally marks (2).
g) Complete the tally table for the days of rain in May 2012:
Canberra - 4, Perth - 9,
Brisbane-8, Adelaide - 13
Days of rain in May 2012

| City | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| Canberra | IIII |  |
| Perth |  | 9 |
| Brisbane |  |  |
| Adelaide |  |  |

i) Complete the tally table. How many goals were kicked in the 2011 AFL grandfinal?

Total goals in the 2011 AFL grandfinal

| Quarter | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1st | HII III |  |
| 2nd |  | 9 |
| 3rd |  | 8 |
| 4th | HI |  |


k) Complete the tally table. How many vowels are in this word from Mary Poppins?
'Supercalifragilisticexpialidocious'

| Vowel | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | III | 3 |
| e |  |  |
| i |  |  |
| o |  |  |
| u |  |  |

h) Complete the tally table for the average sunlight hours per day in Paris.
January - 2, April - 6, July - 8, October - 4
Average sunlight hours per day in Paris

| Month | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| January | II | 2 |
| April |  |  |
| July |  |  |
| October |  |  |

j) Complete the tally table. How many vowels are in
Shakespeare's longest word?
'Honorificabilitudinitatibus'

| Vowel | Tally | Number |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| a | II | 2 |  |
| i |  |  |  |
| o |  |  |  |
| u |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |

I) Complete the tally table. How many tiles in a Scrabble set are vowels?
AIAAIUAIAOIAIAOUIAAE EOEUEEEIOOEEEOEEEIIO OU

| Scrabble tiles | Tally | Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | HII IIII | 9 |
| E |  |  |
| I |  |  |
| O |  |  |
| U |  |  |

Skill 18.4 Interpreting bar graphs (1).

- Find the value of each line space by checking the scale on the side of the graph.

OR

- Compare the height (or length) of each bar.
Q. Which country has the shortest men?

a) How many engines does a Fokker FX11 have?

c) For how long should a mouse live?

years


## A. Vietnam



Compare the height of each man.
The shortest man is in the 'Vietnam' column.
b) Which animal has 8 senses?


d) For how long was World War II?

World Events

years

Skill 18.4 Interpreting bar graphs (2).
e) How many states does Australia



g) What is the height of the Rainbow Lorikeet?

i) Which country has the tallest women?

f) Which coin is the heaviest?

h) Which country has the shortest women?

$\square$
j) How high is the River Red Gum?

metres
Q. What is the chance ...
"A tourist will visit Alaska
tomorrow."
A) possible
B) impossible
a) What is the chance ...
"Some of your classmates will get jobs in computers."
A) likely
B) unlikely

A
c) What is the chance ...
"The nectarine is sweeter than the peach."
A) certain
B) uncertain

e) What is the chance ...
"You go to hospital at least once in your life."
A) likely
B) unlikely

g) What is the chance ...
"Supermarkets will give away free groceries tomorrow."
A) likely
B) unlikely

## A. A

Alaska is a possible tourist destination. Alaska is not an impossible place to visit.
b) What is the chance ...
"If this month is April last month was March."
A) certain
B) uncertain
d) What is the chance ...
"A volcano will erupt at Ayers Rock tomorrow."
A) possible
B) impossible

f) What is the chance ... "Raj, who is 11 , will be 8 next birthday."
A) possible
B) impossible

h) What is the chance ... "The cat is faster than the dog."
A) certain
B) uncertain
i) What is the chance ...
"Easter Sunday will fall on a Tuesday."
A) possible
B) impossible

k) White and red marbles are in a bowl. You choose a marble without looking. How likely is it that you will pick a white one?
A) certain
B) unlikely
C) likely
D) impossible

m) There are 3 white marbles and 13 red marbles in a bag. What is the chance that the first marble drawn from the bag will be white?
A) certain
B) unlikely
C) likely
D) impossible

o) White and red marbles are in a bowl. You choose a marble without looking. How likely is it that you will pick a red one?
A) certain
B) unlikely
C) likely
D) impossible

j) What is the chance ...
"One classmate will come to school by car tomorrow."
A) certain
B) uncertain

I) There are 8 white marbles and 11 green marbles in a bag. What is the chance that the first marble drawn from the bag will be black?
A) certain
B) unlikely
C) likely
D) impossible

n) There are 4 white marbles and 7 red marbles in a bag. What is the chance that the first marble drawn from the bag will be either red or white?
A) certain
B) unlikely
C) likely
D) impossible

p) White marbles are in a bowl. You choose a marble without looking. How likely is it that you will pick a red one?
A) certain
B) unlikely
C) likely
D) impossible


Skill 18．6 Interpreting picture graphs where one picture represents many data values（1）．
－Find the value of each picture by checking the key or scale．
－Multiply the number of pictures by the key value．OR Count by that number．

Q．How many strings does an electric guitar have？

Instruments：number of strings


Key：$\delta=2$ strings
a）How many strings does a mandolin have？


$$
\text { Key: } \delta=2 \text { strings }
$$

c）How long does it take to digest an orange？

Digestion time


$$
\text { each } \mathbb{Z}=1 \text { hour each } \mathbb{\Delta}=\frac{1}{2} \text { hour }
$$

A． 6
Key： $\boldsymbol{J}=2$ strings
The key is 1 picture $=2$ strings


There are 3 pictures in the electric guitar row．
$2 \times 3=6$
3 pictures $=6$ strings
b）Which flower has 4 petals？
Flower Petals

| 河 | 河 | （1） | 河 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agapanthus | Hyacinth | Poppy | Delphinium |

Key：$\omega^{\top}=2$ petals

d）How many hours does it take to drive from Melbourne to Sydney？

Drive Time

| Melbourne－Sydney | 10 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Melbourne－Echuca | +1 |
| Melbourne－Mildura | +1 |

$$
\text { Each }\binom{10}{0}=3 \text { hours }
$$



Skill 18．6 Interpreting picture graphs where one picture represents many
e）Which newborn weighs 6 kg ？
Weight of a newborn

| （9） | $\frac{\text {（6）}}{\text {（6）}}$ | （9）${ }_{\text {c }}^{\text {c }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Human | Sheep | Harp Seal | Jersey Calf |

Key：（9）$=3 \mathrm{~kg}$
$\square$
g）In which year were 8 legends stamps issued？

| Australian Legends stamp issues |
| :--- |
| 2012 $\square$ <br> 2011 $\square$ <br> 2010 $\square$ <br> 2009 $\square$ |

$\square$
i）Which city is a one and a half hour flight from Sydney？

Flight time：From Sydney to．．．

| Perth |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Melbourne | 毞廹 |
| Adelaide | $\cdots$ |
| Wellington（NZ） |  |
| each $\stackrel{*}{\circ}$ 发 $=1$ hour each $\stackrel{*}{*}=\frac{1}{2}$ hour |  |

f）How much does the book cost？
Cost of items

|  | $\$$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\$$ |  | $\$$ |
| $\$$ | $\$$ |  | $\$$ |
| $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| $\$$ |  |  |  |
| Each $\$=5$ dollars | dollars |  |  |

h）Which location has 11 daylight hours in December？
Daylight hours in December－（average）

|  |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| each 䅇＝ 2 hours | each 淮＝ 1 hour |

$\square$
j）How many more teams in the AFL than the A－League？

## Players on the field

| ${ }_{\text {che }}^{\text {che }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| （470） |  |
|  |  |

## Skill 18.7 Comparing the chance of two events.

- Count the number of chances for the first event.
- Count the number of chances for the second event.
- Compare the number of chances of each event.
Q. Two jars contain chocolates.

A chocolate is chosen from each jar without looking. From which jar does a dark chocolate have no chance of being chosen?
A)

B)

a) Two jars contain chocolates. A chocolate is chosen from each jar without looking. From which jar does a white chocolate have a greater chance of being chosen?
A)

B)

B
c) Each wheel is spun once. On which wheel does the letter ' L ' have a lesser chance of being spun?
A)

B)


e) Two jars contain chocolates.

A chocolate is chosen from each jar without looking. From which jar is a dark chocolate sure to be chosen?
A)

B)



## A. B

Event 1:
Jar A contains 4 dark chocolates
$\Rightarrow 4$ chances
Event 2:
Jar B contains 0 dark chocolates
$\Rightarrow 0$ chances
b) Two jars contain chocolates. A chocolate is chosen from each jar without looking. From which jar does a white chocolate have no chance of being chosen?
A)

B)


d) Each wheel is spun once. On which wheel does letter 'Z' have a greater chance of being spun?
A)

B)


f) Each wheel is spun once. On which wheel do the letters ' $X$ ' and 'Z' have equal chance to be spun?
A)

B)



Skill 18.8 Listing all the possible outcomes of an event.

- List all the possibilities (outcomes), ignoring double-ups.
Q. List the four possible outcomes when you spin this spinner.

a) List the two possible outcomes when you spin this spinner.

c) List the four possible outcomes when you spin this spinner.

$\square$
e) List the six possible outcomes when you spin this spinner.

$\square$
b) List the six possible outcomes when you roll a standard die.

$\square$
d) List the five possible outcomes when you throw a dart and hit the board.

$\square$
f) List the four possible outcomes when you throw a dart and hit the board.

$\square$

Skill 18.9 Representing data from tables as bar graphs and

## Representing tables as bar graphs

- Check the value of the category.
- Find that category on the bar graph.
- Draw a bar to the length of that value by using the scale.


## Representing bar graphs as tables

- Check the length of the bar for a category.
- Find that category in the table.
- Fill in the table using the length of the bar.
Q. Use the table to complete the graph.

Chambers of the heart

| Animal | Number of <br> chambers | Animal | Number of <br> chambers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| human | 4 | shark | 2 |
| snake | 3 | frog | 3 |


a) Use the graph to complete the table.


| Simpson | Number of spikes |
| :---: | :---: |
| Bart | 9 |
| Lisa | 8 |
| Maggie | 8 |

A.


The value of the 'human' category is 4 .
Above 'human' draw a bar to the length of 4.

Repeat for all other categories ('snake’, ‘shark’ and 'frog').
b) Use the graph to complete the table.


| Student | Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| Addison |  |
| Finn |  |
| Rosey |  |

Skill 18.9 Representing data from tables as bar graphs and data from bar graphs as tables (2).
c) Use the table to complete the graph.

Chambers of the heart

| Animal | Number of <br> chambers | Animal | Number of <br> chambers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| lizard | 3 | fish | 2 |
| horse | 4 | cow | 4 |


e) Use the graph to complete the table.

Earth features


| Earth Feature | Number |
| :---: | :---: |
| Oceans |  |
| Continents |  |
| Moons |  |

g) Use the graph to complete the table.


| Film series | Number of films |
| :---: | :---: |
| Toy Story |  |
| Harry Potter |  |
| Shrek |  |
| Transformers |  |

d) Use the table to complete the graph.

Length of School Summer Holidays

| Country | School holiday time |
| :---: | :---: |
| Romania | 12 weeks |
| USA | 6 weeks |
| New Zealand (NZ) | 6 weeks |


f) Use the table to complete the graph.

Sculling boats

| Type of sculling boat | Number of oars |
| :---: | :---: |
| Single scull | 2 |
| Double scull | 4 |
| Quad scull | 8 |


h) Use the graph to complete the table. London


| Month | Average sunlight hours <br> per day |
| :---: | :---: |
| January |  |
| April |  |
| July |  |
| October |  |

Hint: Think about the worst possible outcome.

- Add 1 to the worst possible outcome.
Q. The iPod is on shuffle mode. It has 50 songs, 40 of which Mae likes. To how many songs does Mae need to listen, to be certain she hears a song she likes?
a) A money bag contains 10 twenty-cent coins and 19 fifty-cent coins. A coin is randomly selected. How many coins do you have to choose to make sure you have a fifty-cent coin?
c) The iPod is on shuffle mode. It has 30 songs, 25 of which Verve likes. To how many songs does he need to listen, to be certain he hears a song he dislikes?

e) There are 12 pillow cases in our linen cabinet. Four are pink. Mum reaches inside the cabinet in the dark. How many pillow cases does she need to take out to make sure she has two pink ones?

g) The iPod is on shuffle mode. It has 25 songs, 5 of which Zac does not like. To how many songs does Zac need to listen, to be certain he will hear a song he does not like?
A. 11

There are 40 songs Mae likes.
There are 10 songs Mae does not like.
The worst that can happen is that Mae hears all 10 songs she does not like first. So it could be the 11th song Mae listens to that is the first of the ones she likes. $10+1=11$
b) Andrew has 7 one-dollar coins and 5 two-dollar coins in his pocket. He picks up a coin without looking. How many coins does Andrew have to pick to make sure he has a one-dollar coin?

d) A store has 20 batteries and 6 do not work. How many batteries do you have to check to make sure you have a battery that works?

f) There are six pairs of runners in the back of Mike's closet. Because the closet is dark, how many individual runners must he take out of the closet to make sure he has a matching pair of runners?

h) A store has 50 boxes of cereal. There is a pedometer in 23 of these boxes. How many boxes do you have to buy to make sure you have a box with a pedometer inside?

Q. How many more woodwind than brass instruments are in the $A B C$ Symphony Orchestra?

Instruments in the ABC Symphony Orchestra

a) Which space shuttle has spent closest to 1 year in space?

c) How many Brownlow medals in total have been won by Essendon and the Sydney Swans?

AFL Brownlow medal winners 1924-2012 (top 4 clubs)

A. 6


Each interval on the scale equals one instrument.
There are 18 woodwind instruments.
There are 12 brass instruments.
$18-12=6$
b) How many cars per 100 people are there in Canada?

d) How many of the years shown had between 600 and 700 birds hitting high capacity aeroplanes.


## GLOSSARY

| TERMS | DEFINITIONS | EXAMPLES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| abacus | - Beads on a frame used for counting and calculating. |  |
| above | - Higher than or over the top of an object. |  |
| add (+) | - To join together. |  |
| addition | - Finding the total or sum of two or more numbers. | $4+5=9$ |
| after | - Forward in time. |  |
| afternoon | - The time from 12 noon to 6 pm . | afternoon tea |
| am <br> (ante meridiem) | - The time from midnight to midday. |  |
| amount | - How much. | $\$_{\$} \$_{\$} \$$ |
| analogue clock | - A clock that has rotating hands and shows 12 hour time. |  |


| angle | - The amount of turning between two straight lines that are fixed at a point. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| annual | - Happening once a year. |  |
| area | - The amount of surface covered by a $2 D$ shape. | Area $=8$ squares |
| array | - Objects arranged in rows and columns. |  |
| autumn | - March, April and May. <br> The season after summer. |  |
| backwards | - In reverse of the usual way. Away from your front. | $10,9,8,7,6,5 \ldots$ |
| bar graph | - Uses bars to show quantities or numbers so they can be easily compared. | How long should pets live? |
| base | - A line or surface on which a shape stands. |  |


| base 10 blocks | - Blocks that show base 10 values. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| before | - Backward in time. | $\begin{array}{ll}  & \begin{array}{l} \text { ABC TV Guide } \\ \text { KIDS } \end{array} \\ \text { 10:05 am Charlie And Lola } \\ \text { 10:17 am Puffin Rock } \\ \text { 10:27 am Lah-Lah's Adventures } \\ \text { before Lah-Lah's Adventures } \end{array}$ |
| behind | - A position at the back. |  |
| below | - Lower than or underneath an object. | below sea level |
| between | - At a place bounded by two or more places. <br> e.g. Canberra is located between Melbourne and Sydney. |  |
| biggest | - The largest. |  |
| calculate | - To work something out. | $3+4=7 \text { ? }$ |
| calendar | - A time chart that tells us what day, week, month and year it is. |  |


| capacity | - Or volume, is the measure of the amount of liquid a container can hold. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| carry over | - The amount passed to the next place value in an algorithm. |  |
| cent (c) | - The smallest unit of money. 100 cents $=1$ dollar |  |
| centimetre | - A unit of length. <br> 1 centimetre $=10$ millimetres . |  |
| certain | - Being sure. <br> - Will definitely happen. | taxes |
| chance | - The possibility of getting a particular result. | 1 out of 6 chances to throw a 2. |
| change (money) | - The leftover money you are given back after buying something. |  |



| counting numbers | - A whole number from 1 to .... forever (infinity). | $1,2,3,4,5 \ldots$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cube | - A 3D shape with six identical square faces. |  |
| curved line | - A line that is not straight. | $\longrightarrow$ |
| cylinder | - A 3 D shape with two circular ends of the same size. |  |
| date (time) | - Tells us the day, month and year. | 7th June 2021 7/6/2021 |
| day | - A unit of time equal to 24 hours. A day starts and ends at midnight. | $7^{J U N E}$ |
| decagon | - A 2 D shape with 10 sides. |  |
| decrease | - To make smaller. |  |
| difference | - The result when a number is subtracted from another number. <br> - The amount by which one number is bigger or smaller than another number. | $5-3=2$ |
| digit | - Any of the first ten whole numbers from 0 to 9 . | $\begin{gathered} 0,1,2,3,4,5 \\ 6,7,8 \text { and } 9 \end{gathered}$ |



| dozen | - Twelve. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| east | - A compass direction. | $\frac{1}{4} E$ |
| edge | - Where two faces of a $3 D$ shape meet. |  |
| eighth | - The position after seventh. | 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th ... |
| equal (=) | - Exactly the same in value or size. |  |
| estimate | - To make a close guess. |  |
| even number | - A whole number that can be divided by two. <br> - Even numbers end with 0, 2, 4, 6 or 8 . | even even <br> $1344 \vee$ $431 x$ |
| expanded notation | - A way of writing a number to show the value of each digit. | $123=100+20+3$ |
| face of a 3D shape | - $2 D$ shapes that join on their edges to form a $3 D$ shape. |  |


| fifth | - The position after fourth. | 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th ... |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| first | - Placed before anything else. |  |
| flat | - Base 10 block of $100(10 \times 10)$. |  |
| flip | - To turn across a line so the result is a mirror image. | $\left(c^{2}+x=4\right.$ |
| fortnight | - A unit of time equal to 2 whole weeks or 14 days. |  |
| forwards | - In the direction of your front. | $1,2,3,4,5, \ldots$ |
| fourth | - The position after third. | 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th ... |
| fraction | - Part of a group. <br> - Part of a whole. | $\begin{array}{ll} \because & \frac{5}{8} \\ \hdashline & \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$ |
| front | - The side of an object that is usually seen first. |  |


| furthest | - The longest way away. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| gram (g) | - A unit of weight. <br> 1000 grams $=1$ kilogram |  |
| graph | - A diagram that shows a collection of information. |  |
| greater than (>) | - A symbol showing which is bigger. | $10>2$ <br> means that 10 is greater than 2 . |
| greatest | - The biggest. | (10) $5_{5} 1^{7} 9^{3}$ |
| grid reference | - A pair of letters and/or numbers that describe location within a grid. |  |
| group | - To join together in a collection. |  |
| groups of | - Collections of things. |  |


| (1) | half | - (pl. halves) One of two equal parts expressed as a fraction. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | halfway | - In the middle, between 2 points. | Nis N |
|  | height | - The vertical distance from top to bottom. |  |
|  | heptagon | - A 2 D shape with 7 sides. |  |
|  | hexagon | - A 2 D shape with 6 sides. |  |
|  | horizontal line | - The same direction as the horizon. | $\xrightarrow{\longrightarrow}$ |
|  | hour (h) | - A unit of time. <br> 1 hour $=60$ minutes |  |
|  | hundreds | - The place value between tens and thousands. |  |
|  | impossible | - Cannot happen. | Christmas Day - 4th of April????? |


| increase | - To make larger or grow in size. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| key (maps) | - The information needed to read a map, graph or diagram. | each $\geqslant$ 等边 5 hours |
| kilogram (kg) | - A unit of weight. <br> 1 kilogram $=1000$ grams |  |
| kilometre (km) | - A unit of distance. <br> 1 kilometre $=1000$ metres |  |
| kite | - A special 2D shape with 4 sides. One line of symmetry. |  |
| largest | - The biggest. |  |
| largest to smallest | - Ranking in order from the greatest to least. | 1st |
| lateral faces | - The vertical surfaces on a 3D shape. |  |
| leap year | - A year with 366 days that falls every fourth year and includes the 29th of February as the extra day. | 2016 is a leap year. |
| least | - The smallest. | (2) $56^{7} \quad 14^{9}$ |


| left | - The direction to the west of your body if you are facing north. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| length | - The distance from one end to the other. <br> - How long a shape is. | $\square$ <br> length |
| lesser | - Not as many as another. |  |
| less than (<) | - A symbol showing which is smaller. | $\begin{gathered} 2<10 \\ \text { means that } 2 \text { is less than } 10 . \end{gathered}$ |
| likely | - Will probably happen. | It is likely to spin a $Z$. |
| line | - A continuous narrow mark. | $\longleftarrow$ |
| line of symmetry | - A line that divides a shape so that one side is a mirror image of the other. Both sides match exactly when folded. |  |
| litre (L) | - A unit of capacity. <br> 1 litre $=1000$ millilitres |  |
| location | - The exact place, where something is situated. |  |
| longest | - Having the biggest length. |  |


| longs | - Base 10 block of $10(1 \times 10)$. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| map | - A diagram of a region showing its position in the world. |  |
| match | - Put with an identical object. |  |
| measure | - To work out the size or amount. | cm 1 2 3 4 5 |
| metre (m) | - A unit of length. 1 metre $=100$ centimetres | Standard 400 metre athletics track |
| middle | - A point halfway between. In the centre. |  |
| millilitre (mL) | - A unit of capacity. 1000 millilitres $=1$ litre |  |
| millimetre (mm) | - A unit of length. <br> 10 millimetres $=1$ centimetre |  <br>  |



| none | - Zero. | no picture |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| north | - A compass direction. | $\frac{\mathrm{N}}{\substack{N}}$ |
| number line | - An evenly marked line that shows the position of numbers. | -7-6-5-4-3-2-1 |
| numeral | - A symbol used to represent a number. | Arabic numerals: 1, 2, 3, 4, $5 \ldots$ <br> Roman numerals: I, II, III, IV, V ... |
| octagon | - A polygon with 8 sides. |  |
| odd number | - A whole number that cannot be divided by 2 . <br> - Odd numbers end with $1,3,5,7$ or 9 . | odd odd <br> $431 \tau$ $134 x$ |
| once | - On one occasion. | Just this time! |
| ones | - The place value before tens. | Thousands Place    <br>  Hundreds Tens Ones  <br> $\mathbf{3}$ $\mathbf{4}$ $\mathbf{2}$ $\mathbf{0}$  <br> Value     <br> $\mathbf{3 0 0 0}$ $\mathbf{4 0 0}$ $\mathbf{2 0}$ $\mathbf{0}$  |
| opposite | - The equivalent position but on the other side. | $\overleftarrow{\text { left }} \quad \overrightarrow{\text { right }}$ |
| order | - Placing a group in a special arrangement. | tallest to shortest |




| rectangle | - A special $2 D$ shape with 4 sides. Opposite sides are equal in length. All angles are right angles. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| rectangular prism | - A 3D shape with 6 rectangular faces. |  |
| rhombus | - A special $2 D$ shape with 4 equal sides. <br> Opposite angles are equal. |  |
| right | - The direction to the east of your body if you are facing north. |  |
| right angle | - An angle measuring exactly $90^{\circ}$. <br> It is marked with a corner. |  |
| Roman numerals | - Numeral system invented by the ancient Romans. | $\begin{array}{ll} I=1 & V=5 \\ X=10 & L=50 \\ C=100 & D=500 \\ M=1000 & \end{array}$ |
| row | - A horizontal line in an array or table. |  |
| ruler | - An instrument for measuring length. | cm 1 2 3 4 5 |
| scale | - Set of marks on a line. |  |
| season | - There are 4 seasons: <br> Summer, Autumn, Winter, Spring. <br> - A length of time lasting <br> 3 months. | Summer Autumn Winter Spring <br> 莩  3 . <br> December March June September <br> January April July October <br> February May August November |


| second (s) | - A very short unit of time. 60 seconds $=1$ minute | 5:2n: $3 \longrightarrow 5: 274$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| second | - The position after first. | 1st, 2nd ... |
| semicircle | - A half circle. |  |
| seventh | - The position after sixth. | 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th ... |
| shape | - The outline of an area. |  |
| sharing | - Putting into equal groups or parts. |  |
| shortest | - Having the smallest length. |  |
| side | - One of the lines that form a $2 D$ shape. |  |
| sixth | - The position after fifth. | 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th ... |
| size | - How big an object is. | 2 metres |
| skip counting | - Counting by missing numbers following a certain pattern. | $1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11$ |
| slide | - Move without changing direction. |  |


| smallest | - The least size. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| smallest to largest | - Ranking in order from the least to the greatest. |  |
| south | - A compass direction. |  |
| sphere | - A set of points in space of equal distance from the central point. |  |
| spring | - September, October and November. <br> The season after winter. |  |
| square | - A special rectangle with all sides of equal length. |  |
| square prism | - A 3D shape. <br> Two identical square bases. <br> All the other faces are rectangles. |  |
| square pyramid | - A 3D shape. <br> One square base. <br> All the other faces are triangles. |  |
| straight line | - A continuous narrow mark. | $\longleftrightarrow$ |
| subtract | - To take away or minus. | $5-2=3$ |




| today | - This day. | Today is the 10th of June. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| tomorrow | - The day after today. | Tomorrow is the 11th of June. |
| total | - The whole lot. <br> - The sum of two or more quantities. | $4+5=9$ |
| trade | - 10 minis make 1 long. |  |
| trapezium | - A special 2D shape. <br> - Two opposite sides are parallel. | $\qquad$ or |
| trial and error | - To try repeatedly and learn from mistakes. |  |
| triangle | - A 2D shape with 3 sides. |  |
| triangular prism | - A 3D shape. <br> Two identical triangular bases. All the other faces are rectangles. |  <br> $\square$ |
| triple | - Multiply by three. | $\text { Children } \times 3=\text { triplets! }$ |


| turn | - To rotate about a point. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| twenty-four hour time | - Time told in 24 hour lots using 4 digits. | Nine thirty am is 9:30 or 0930 Two thirty pm is $14: 30$ or 1430 |
| twice | - Two times. | 0000  <br> once twice |
| two dimensional (2D) | - Able to be measured in 2 directions (length and width). | width <br> length |
| uncertain | - Not sure it will happen. | It will rain tomorrow? |
| unit | - Another name for one. <br> - The smallest value between two marks on a scale. |  |
| units | - The place value before tens. Also called ones. |  |


| units of measurement | - Standard amount or quantity. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unit | Abbreviation | Examples |  | Used for measuring ... |
| - millimetre | mm | thickness of a plank of wood |  | LENGTH distance - length, width, height |
| - centimetre | cm | width of a photo frame |  |  |
| - metre | m | length of a lap of a stadium |  |  |
| - kilometre | km | distance between two cities |  |  |
| - gram | g | weight of an egg |  | MASS weight - people, animals, objects |
| - kilogram | kg | weight of a bag of apples |  |  |
| - millilitre | mL | liquid in a glass |  | CAPACITY quantity - liquids |
| - litre | L | liquid in a bucket |  |  |
| unlikely | - Probably will not happen. |  |  |  |
| value | - The amount of worth. |  | 5 cents |  |
| vertical line | - A line at right angles to the horizon. |  |  |  |
| vertex | - (pl. vertices) The point at which two sides (of a $2 D$ shape) or three edges (of a $3 D$ shape) meet. |  | 2D shap |  |
| volume | - The amo 3D shape | of space that a upies. |  |  |


| week | - A unit of time equal to 7 days: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| weekday | - One of 5 days: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday or Friday. <br> - The working days of the week. |  |
| weekend | - Saturday and Sunday. |  |
| weight | - The heaviness of an object. |  |
| west | - A compass direction. | $\mathrm{W}$ |
| whole | - All of something. | 1 whole lemon |
| whole numbers | - Zero and the counting numbers from one to .... forever (infinity). | $0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10, \ldots$ |
| width | - How wide an object is. The sideways dimension. |  |


| winter | - June, July, August. <br> The season after autumn. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| year | - A unit of time equal to 365 days. (366 in a leap year). |  |
| yesterday | - The day before today. | Yesterday was the 9th of June. |
| zero | - Nothing, nought, nil. |  |

## SYMBOLS

plus or add
minus or subtract
times or multiply

greater than, $8>5$
fraction, one half

## ABBREVIATIONS

am anti meridiem (morning)
pm post meridiem (afternoon, evening)
\$ dollar
c cent
mm millimetre
cm centimetre
m metre
km kilometre
g gram
kg kilogram
mL millilitre
L litre
s second
min minute
h hour

## CONVERSIONS

## Length

10 millimetres $(\mathrm{mm})=1$ centimetre $(\mathrm{cm})$

$$
\left.\begin{array}{rl}
100 \mathrm{~cm} & = \\
1000 \mathrm{~mm} & =
\end{array}\right] \text { metre }(\mathrm{m})
$$

## Capacity

1000 millilitre $(\mathrm{mL})=1$ litre $(\mathrm{L})$

## Mass

$$
1000 \mathrm{~g}=1 \text { kilogram (kg) }
$$

## Time

$$
\begin{aligned}
60 \text { seconds }(\mathrm{s}) & =1 \text { minute }(\min ) \\
60 \text { minutes }(\mathrm{min}) & =1 \text { hour }(\mathrm{h}) \\
24 \text { hours }(\mathrm{h}) & =1 \text { day } \\
7 \text { days } & =1 \text { week } \\
2 \text { weeks } & =1 \text { fortnight } \\
4 \text { weeks }(\text { approx. }) & =1 \text { month } \\
365 & = \\
52 \text { weeks (approx. }) & = \\
12 \text { months } & =
\end{aligned}
$$

NUMBERS 1 TO 20

| 1 | one | $\square$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | tW0 |  |
| 3 | three |  |
| 4 | four | $\begin{aligned} & \square \square \\ & \square \square \end{aligned}$ |
| 5 | five |  |
| 6 | six |  |
| 7 | seven |  |
|  | eight |  |
| $9$ | nine | $\square \square \square \square$ $\square \square \square \square \square$ |
| $10$ | ten |  |
| $11$ | eleven |  |
| $12$ | twelve |  |
| $13$ | thirteen |  |
| $14$ | fourteen |  |
| $15$ | fifteen |  |
| $16$ | sixteen |  |
| $17$ | seventeen |  |
| $18$ | eighteen | $\square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square$ $\square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square$ |
| $19$ | nineteen |  |
| $20$ | twenty |  |

EVEN NUMBERS FROM 1 TO 100

- end with 2, 4, 6, 8 or 0

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

ODD NUMBERS FROM 1 TO 100

- end with 1, 3, 5, 7 or 9

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |  |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |  |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |  |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |  |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |  |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |  |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |  |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |  |

$1+1=2$$\square$
$1+2=3$
$2+2=4$
$\square$
$\square$
$\square$
$2+3=5$
$3+3=6$
$4+4=8$

$\square$
$4+5=9$
$5+5=10$

$5+6=11$
$6+6=12$
$\square \square \square$
$\square \square \square$
$\square \square \square$
$6+7=13$

| $\mathbf{7 + 7}=14$ | $\square \square$ | $\square \square \square$ | $\square$ | $7+8=15$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$8+8=16 \quad \square \square \square \square \quad \square \square \square \square \quad \square \quad 8+9=17$

$\mathbf{1 0 + 1 0 = 2 0}: \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square \square$
$10+11=21$


5, 10, 15, 20
25, 30, 35, 40
45, 50

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 59 | 60 |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 70 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

SKIP COUNTING BY $5 / 5$
7, 14, 21, 28, 35, 42, 49, 56, 63, 70
$10,20,30,40,50,60,70,80,90,100$

1) 2 ( 3 ( 4,5 11) 12 (13) 14 (15) 16 17) 17 18) 19 (20


 51) 52) 53) 54 55) 56) 57) 58) 59) 60
 71) $72(73) 74) 75(76) 77(78) 79)(80)$
 91) 92$) 93(94) 95(96) 97(98) 99(100)$

## SKIP COUNTING BY

8, 16, 24, 32, 40
$48,56,64,72,80$

## SKIP COUNTING BY

$9,18,27,36,45,54,63,72,81,90$

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
| 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 |
| 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 |
| 51 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 |
| 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 |
| 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 |
| 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 |
| 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

## PLACE VALUE

| Thousands | Hundreds | Tens | Ones |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| Value |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{3 0 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 0}$ | $\mathbf{2 0}$ | 0 |

## OPERATION TERMINOLOGY

Addition: sum, altogether, in total, more than Subtraction: difference, less than, take away Multiplication: product, times, lots of Division: a fraction (half, third, quarter) of


0 in words
Some of the words used to represent $I$ are: nought, nil, none, nothing, zilch, zip.

## Adding and subtracting 0

Adding and subtracting $\lceil$ to any number leaves the number unchanged.

$$
3+0=3 \quad 3-0=3
$$

## Multiplying by 0

The product of any number and $\int$ is 0

$$
7 \times 0=0
$$

## Dividing by 0

Dividing by $\int$ is meaningless.
$4 \div 0$ is a meaningless operation.

ONE


## 1 in words

Some of the words used to represent are: one, a, an, each, single, unit.

## 1 as a fraction


$1=\frac{2}{2}$

$1=\frac{3}{3}$

$1=\frac{4}{4}$


## Multiplying by 1

Any number multiplyed by remains unchanged.

$$
3 \times 1=3
$$

## Dividing by 1

Any number divided by remains unchanged.

$$
7 \div 1=7
$$

| [ 5 ] $\times$ Table | [乐) $]^{\prime}$ ] $\times$ Table | [(3) $\times$ Table | $\square \Delta i^{\circ} \times$ Table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \times \mathbf{1}=1$ | $1 \times 2=2$ | $1 \times 3=3$ | $1 \times 4=4$ |
| $2 \times 1=2$ | $2 \times 2=4$ | $2 \times 3=6$ | $2 \times 4=8$ |
| $3 \times 1=3$ | $3 \times 2=6$ | $3 \times 3=9$ | $3 \times 4=12$ |
| $4 \times 1=4$ | $4 \times 2=8$ | $4 \times 3=12$ | $4 \times 4=16$ |
| $5 \times 1=5$ | $5 \times 2=10$ | $5 \times 3=15$ | $5 \times 4=20$ |
| $6 \times 1=6$ | $6 \times 2=12$ | $6 \times 3=18$ | $6 \times 4=24$ |
| $7 \times 1=7$ | $7 \times 2=14$ | $7 \times 3=21$ | $7 \times 4=28$ |
| $8 \times 1=8$ | $8 \times 2=16$ | $8 \times 3=24$ | $8 \times 4=32$ |
| $9 \times 1=9$ | $9 \times 2=18$ | $9 \times 3=27$ | $9 \times 4=36$ |
| $10 \times 1=10$ | $10 \times 2=20$ | $10 \times 3=30$ | $10 \times 4=40$ |
| $11 \times \mathbf{1}=11$ | $11 \times 2=22$ | $11 \times 3=33$ | $11 \times 4=44$ |
| $12 \times 1=12$ | $12 \times 2=24$ | $12 \times 3=36$ | $12 \times 4=48$ |
| $[\sqrt{5}] \times \text { Table }$ | (1) 0 ( Table | 5.7/. $5 \times$ Table | $\left[\begin{array}{l} 1(0) \\ (0) \end{array}\right] \times \text { Table }$ |
| $1 \times 5=5$ | $1 \times 6=6$ | $1 \times 7=7$ | $1 \times 8=8$ |
| $2 \times 5=10$ | $2 \times 6=12$ | $2 \times 7=14$ | $2 \times 8=16$ |
| $3 \times 5=15$ | $3 \times 6=18$ | $3 \times 7=21$ | $3 \times 8=24$ |
| $4 \times 5=20$ | $4 \times 6=24$ | $4 \times 7=28$ | $4 \times 8=32$ |
| $5 \times 5=25$ | $5 \times 6=30$ | $5 \times 7=35$ | $5 \times 8=40$ |
| $6 \times 5=30$ | $6 \times \mathbf{6}=36$ | $6 \times 7=42$ | $6 \times 8=48$ |
| $7 \times 5=35$ | $7 \times 6=42$ | $7 \times 7=49$ | $7 \times 8=56$ |
| $8 \times 5=40$ | $8 \times 6=48$ | $8 \times 7=56$ | $8 \times 8=64$ |
| $9 \times 5=45$ | $9 \times 6=54$ | $9 \times 7=63$ | $9 \times 8=72$ |
| $10 \times 5=50$ | $10 \times 6=60$ | $10 \times 7=70$ | $10 \times 8=80$ |
| $11 \times 5=55$ | $11 \times 6=66$ | $11 \times 7=77$ | $11 \times 8=88$ |
| $12 \times 5=60$ | $12 \times 6=72$ | $12 \times 7=84$ | $12 \times 8=96$ |
| $\left[\begin{array}{l}(0) 1\end{array}\right] \times$ Table | (1) (0) $\times$ Table | (5] [41) $\times$ Table | (i) 9 ) $\times$ Table |
| $1 \times 9=9$ | $1 \times 10=10$ | $1 \times 11=11$ | $1 \times 12=12$ |
| $2 \times 9=18$ | $2 \times 10=20$ | $2 \times 11=22$ | $2 \times 12=24$ |
| $3 \times 9=27$ | $3 \times 10=30$ | $3 \times 11=33$ | $3 \times 12=36$ |
| $4 \times 9=36$ | $4 \times 10=40$ | $4 \times 11=44$ | $4 \times 12=48$ |
| $5 \times 9=45$ | $5 \times 10=50$ | $5 \times 11=55$ | $5 \times 12=60$ |
| $6 \times 9=54$ | $6 \times 10=60$ | $6 \times 11=66$ | $6 \times 12=72$ |
| $7 \times 9=63$ | $7 \times 10=70$ | $7 \times 11=77$ | $7 \times 12=84$ |
| $8 \times 9=72$ | $8 \times 10=80$ | $8 \times 11=88$ | $8 \times 12=96$ |
| $9 \times 9=81$ | $9 \times 10=90$ | $9 \times 11=99$ | $9 \times 12=108$ |
| $10 \times 9=90$ | $10 \times 10=100$ | $10 \times 11=110$ | $10 \times 12=120$ |
| $11 \times 9=99$ | $11 \times 10=110$ | $11 \times 11=121$ | $11 \times 12=132$ |
| $12 \times 9=108$ | $12 \times 10=120$ | $12 \times 11=132$ | $12 \times 12=144$ |




| 2D SHAPES |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| triangle |
| 3 sides |

## 1. [Counting]

page 1
Skill $1.1 \quad$ a) 7 , b) 5, c) 6 , d) 8 , e) 10 , f) 12, g) 11, h) 9
Skill 1.2 a) $12,13,14$, b) $22,23,24$, c) $43,44,45$, d) $37,38,39$
e) $50,51,52$, f) $68,69,70$, g) $71,72,73$, h) $89,90,91$ i) $17,18,19$, j) $54,55,56$, k) $120,121,122$ l) $169,170,171$, m) $126,127,128$, n) $635,636,637$

Skill 1.3 a) $28,29,30,31,32,33, b) 7,8,9,10,11,12$ c) $9,8,7,6,5,4$, d) $18,19,20,21,22,23$ e) $76,77,78,79,80,81$, f) $15,14,13,12,11,10$ g) $43,44,45,46,47,48$, h) $94,93,92,91,90,89$ i) $304,303,302,301,300$, j) $200,201,202,203,204$ k) $189,190,191,192,193$, I) $553,552,551,550,549$ m) $1005,1006,1007,1008$, n) $5998,5999,6000,6001$

Skill 1.4 a) $2,4,6,8,10$, b) $4,8,12,16,20,24$, c) 16, d) 35 e) $3,6,9,12,15,18$, f) $5,10,15,20,25,30$ g) $4,8,12,16,20,24$, h) $2,4,6,8,1012$ i) $5,10,15,20,25,30$, j) $3,6,9,12,15,18$

Skill 1.5 a) $68,58,48,38,28,18$, b) $10,20,30,40,50,60$ c) $43,53,63,73,83,93$, d) $57,47,37,27,17,7$ e) $22,32,42,52,62,72$, f) $60,50,40,30,20,10$ g) $18,28,38,48,58,68$, h) $99,89,79,69,59,49$ i) $800,810,820,830,840$, j) $112,122,132,142,152$ k) $560,550,540,530,520$, I) $302,312,322,332,342$ m) 2530, 2540, 2550, 2560, n) 1010, 1020, 1030, 1040 o) $200,300,400,500,600$, p) $800,700,600,500,400$ q) $500,400,300,200,100$, r) $300,400,500,600,700$ s) $100,200,300,400,500$, t) $202,302,402,502,602$ u) $700,600,500,400,300$, v) $50,150,250,350,450$ w) $1000,2000,3000,4000$, x) $9000,8000,7000,6000$ у) $4000,5000,6000,7000$ z) 6000, 7000, 8000, 9000 A) $5000,4000,3000,2000$, B) $8000,7000,6000,5000$

Skill 1.6 a) $15,20,25,30,35,40,45$, b) $6,8,10,12,14,16,18$ c) $110,120,130,140,150,160$
d) $40,44,48,52,56,60,64,68$
e) $250,260,270,280,290,300$
f) $21,24,27,30,33,36,39,42$
g) $4,8,12,16,20,24,28,32$, h) $4,6,8,10,12,14,16$ i) $10,20,30,40,50,60,70$
j) $46,48,50,52,54,56,58,60$
k) $25,30,35,40,45,50,55,60$ l) $36,39,42,45,48,51,54$

Skill 1.7 a) $4,8,12,16,20,24$, b) $6,9,12,15,18,21$ c) $12,16,20,24,28,32$, d) $15,18,21,24,27,30$ e) $20,25,30,35,40,45$, f) $28,30,32,34,36,38$ g) $33,36,39,42,45,48$, h) $50,55,60,65,70,75$ i) $20,24,28,32,36,40$, j) $46,48,50,52,54,56$ k) $16,24,32,40,48,56$, I) $18,27,36,45,54,63$ m) $18,24,30,36,42,48$, n) $14,21,28,35,42,49$ o) $90,93,96,99,102$, p) $110,115,120,125,130$ q) $204,208,212,216,220$, r) $81,90,99,108,117$ s) $120,126,132,138,144$, t) $96,98,100,102,104$ u) $800,808,816,824,832$, v) $112,116,120,124,128$ w) $560,565,570,575,580$, x) $108,117,126,135,144$ y) $70,77,84,91,98$, z) $304,308,312,316,320$ A) $640,648,656,664,672$, B) $360,366,372,378,384$

## Skill $1.8 \quad a)$

| a) | ${ }_{35}{ }_{61} 107$ | b) <br> (22) $13 \quad 17$ | $45^{29}$ | 941110 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { c) }{ }^{20}{ }^{20} 52 \end{aligned}$ | (35) ${ }^{18} 81{ }^{304}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} \text { d) } \\ 22 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | 82 | 16 (93) 138 |
| e) |  | f) |  |  |
| $124 \text { (27) } 83$ | $16^{92} 108^{20}$ | $135$ | $19$ | 21 78 |

g) 18 , h) 47 , i) 41, j) 76, k) 33 , I) 94 , m) even, n) odd o) odd, p) odd, q) even, r) odd
s)

w)


b)
d)
 f)

h)
h) $\begin{array}{llllllll}15 & 18 & 21 & 24 & 27 & 30 & 33 & 36\end{array}$


Skill 1.10 a) 63 , b) 49 , c) 56 , d) 42 , e) $6,12,18,24,30,36$ f) $9,18,27,36,45,54$, g) $7,14,21,28,35,42$ h) $8,16,24,32,40,48$, i) $9,18,27,36,45,54$ j) $7,14,21,28,35,42$, k) $8,16,24,32,40,48$ l) $6,12,18,24,30,36$

Skill 1.11 a) 23, b) 19, c) 19, d) 31, e) 40, f) 71, g) 21, h) 37, i) 77 j) 85, k) 110, l) 141, m) 203 , n) 196

## 2. [Addition / Subtraction]

page 15
Skill $2.1 \quad$ a) 11, b) 7, c) 10 , d) 13, e) 12 , f) $11, ~ g) ~ 5+3=8$ h) $3+6=9$, i) $5+4=9$, j) $4+7=11$, k) $3+6=9$ I) $8+4=12, \mathrm{~m}) 7+8=15, \mathrm{n}) 9+5=14$, o) $6+7=13$ p) $7+5=12$, q) $5+9=14$, r) $8+3=11$

Skill 2.2 a)
b)


## 2. [Addition / Subtraction] (cont.)

Skill 2.3 a) (3) $+6+(7)=16$, b) (5) $+9+(5)=19$, c) $8+(4)+(6)=18$ d) $(1)+(9)+3=13$, e) $7+(9)+(1)=17$, f) $(8)+5+(2)=15$ g) (6) + (4) $+3=13$, h) $(7)+1+$ (3) $=11$, i) $4+$ (5) $+(5)=14$ j) $(2)+(8)+6=16$, k) $(7)+8+(3)=18$, I) (4) + (6) $+9=19$ m) $(1)+6+2+(9)=18, n)(5)+4+(5)+3=17$ o) $3+9+(4)+(6)=22$, p) $(4)+9+(6)+9=28$ q) $6+(5)+8+(5)=24$, r) $(2)+7+6+(8)=23$ s) $6+(7)+(3)+8=24$, t) $3+(4)+$ (6) $+9=22$ u) $8+(9)+7+(1)=25$, v) $6+(5)+(5)+6=22$ w) $5+$ (3) $+8+(7)=23, x) 6+(8)+5+(2)=21$ y) $4+(9)+(1)+8=22, z)(7)+9+(3)+5=24$

Skill 2.4


Skill 2.5 a) 12 , b) 14 , c) 16 , d) 11 , e) 15 , f) 17, g) 19 , h) 13 i) $24+10=34$, j) $49+100=149$, k) $57+100=157$ l) $143+10=153, \mathrm{~m}) 62+100=162$, n) $38+100=138$
 l) 17 , m) 34 , n) 24 , o) 19 , p) 33 , q) 32 , r) 45 , s) 35 , t) 47 u) 51 , v) 52

Skill 2.7 a) 29 , b) 57 , c) 22 , d) 56 , e) 87 , f) 69 , g) 39 , h) 67 , i) 39 j) 55 , k) 285 , l) $200+10+5=215$, m) $500+20+9=529$ n) $500+30+3=533$, o) $200+10+6=216$ p) $500+30+7=537$, q) $300+40+8=348$ r) $500+50+4=554$, s) $600+20+9=629$ t) $900+0+8=908$

Skill 2.8 a) $16+30=46$, b) $27+22=49$, c) $56+31=87$ d) $36+53=89$, e) $27+41=68$, f) $48+32=80$ g) $50+24=74$, h) $46+42=88$

Skill 2.9 a) 4, b) 2, c) 9 , d) 5, e) 4 , f) 9 , g) 3, h) 7 , i) 7 , j) 5
Skill 2.10 a) 61 , b) 92 , c) $68+17=85$, d) $34+57=91$, e) $49+37=86$ f) $46+28=74$

Skill 2.11 a) 4 , b) 2 , c) 6 , d) 1 , e) 3 , f) 5 , g) $7-5=2$, h) $9-6=3$ i) $9-3=6$, j) $8-4=4$, k) $10-7=3$, l) $8-6=2$ m) $11-6=5$, n) $12-8=4$, o) $11-2=9$, p) $14-9=5$

Skill 2.12 a) 11 , b) 14 , c) 21 , d) 12 , e) 22 , f) 32 , g) 23 , h) 12 , i) 21 , j) 32 k) 14, l) 11 , m) 36 , n) 21 , o) $37-6=31$, p) $59-8=51$ q) $36-24=12$, r) $49-22=27$, s) $149-37=112$ t) $155-32=123$, u) $138-25=113$, v) $174-33=141$ w) $167-54=113, x) 159-58=101$

Skill 2.13 a) 2 , b) 5 , c) 3 , d) 3 , e) 4 , f) 1 , g) 3 , h) 1 , i) 7 , j) 7 , k) 8 , I) 8 m) 17 , n) 21, o) 19, p) 17 , q) 26 , r) 24 , s) 29 , t) 28 , u) 37 v) 35

Skill 2.14 a) 8 , b) 7 , c) 8 , d) 6 , e) 6 , f) 5 , g) 5 , h) 8 , i) 9 , j) 14 , k) 12 l) 13, m) 16 , n) 17 , o) 18 , p) 18 , q) 17 , r) 16 , s) 16 , t) 14

Skill 2.15 a) 17 , b) 14 , c) 19 , d) 26 , e) 18 , f) 29 , g) 14 , h) 23 , i) 9 , j) 17
Skill 2.16 a) 9 , b) 4 , c) 8 , d) 5 , e) 5 , f) 8 , g) 4 , h) 9
Skill 2.17 a) false, b) false, c) false, d) false, e) false, f) false

## 3. [Multiplication / Division]

Skill 3.1
a) 4 , b) 3, c) 4 , d) 5, e) 6, f) 5, g) 7 , h) 2

Skill 3.2 a) 3 groups of $8=24$, b) 5 groups of $8=40$
c) 2 groups of $4=8$, d) 5 groups of $6=30$
e) 3 groups of $7=21$, f) 5 groups of $5=25$
g) 8 groups of $3=24$, h) 6 groups of $2=12$
i) 4 groups of $8=32$, j) 2 groups of $5=10$
k) 3 groups of $9=27$, I) 4 groups of $5=20$
m) 4 groups of $4=16$, n) 6 groups of $4=24$

Skill 3.3 a) 6, b) 18 , c) 20 , d) 28 , e) $5 \times 6=30$, f) $5 \times 7=35$ g) $2 \times 5=10$, h) $3 \times 7=21$, i) $3 \times 9=27$, j) $4 \times 6=24$ k) $3 \times 4=12$, I) $4 \times 10=40$, m) $2 \times 6=12$, n) $4 \times 8=32$ o) 16, p) 20 , q) 30 , r) 18 , s) 45, t) $5 \times 7=35$, u) $3 \times 3=9$ v) $2 \times 3=6, w) 3 \times 7=21, x) 2 \times 10=20, y) 4 \times 9=36$ z) $5 \times 8=40$, A) $6 \times 8=48$, B) $4 \times 8=32$, C) $8 \times 7=56$ D) $7 \times 9=63$, E) $4 \times 10=40$, F) $5 \times 2=10$

Skill 3.4 a) 21 paints, b) 36 lines, c) 18 windows, d) 15 planks e) 30 books, f) 16 chairs, g) 21 drawers, h) 24 balls i) 18 columns, j) 14 people, k) 30 gymnasts, I) 9 blades m) 20 windows, n) 8 microphones

Skill 3.5

## a) 2 ,

b) 18

d) $2 \times 10=20$
e) 14 , f) $16, g) 2 \times 6=12$, h) $2 \times 3=6$, i) $2 \times 10=20$ j) $2 \times 12=24$

Skill 3.6 a) 40 , b) 50 , c) 20 , d) 60 , e) 80 , f) 100 , g) 70 , h) 30 , i) 80 j) 110 , k) 250 , l) 330 , m) 300 , n) 500 , o) 200 , p) 600 q) 900 , r) 1200

Skill 3.7 a) 40 , b) 18 , c) 24 , d) 54 , e) 32 , f) 49 , g) 30 , h) 45 , i) 21 j) 27 , k) 42 , I) 64 , m) 72 , n) 30

Skill $3.8 \quad$ a) 4 , b) 5 , c) 3 , d) 7 , e) 6 , f) $6 \times 2=2 \times 6$, g) $4 \times 8=8 \times 4$ h) $8 \times 7=7 \times 8$

Skill 3.9 a) $80,8,88$, b) $100,10,110$, c) $30,12,42$, d) $40,28,68$ e) $30,15,45$, f) $20,12,32$

Skill 3.10


m) 4


## n) 2



Skill 3.11


Skill 3.12 a) 4, b) 3, c) 3, d) 8, e) 7, f) 6, g) 2, h) 8 i) $36 \div 3=12$, j) $40 \div 10=4$, k) $42 \div 6=7$, l) $36 \div 6=6$ m) $21 \div 7=3$, n) $28 \div 4=7$, o) $63 \div 9=7$, p) $35 \div 7=5$

Skill 3.13
a) 3 , b) 6, c) 4 , d) 3 , e) 3 , f) 3 , g) 7 , h) 4 , i) 5 , j) 5

Skill 3.14
a) 10 , b) 5 , c) 4 , d) 8 , e) 6 , f) 5, g) $28 \div 4=7$, h) $27 \div 3=9$ i) $40 \div 5=8$, j) $35 \div 5=7$, k) $21 \div 3=7$, l) $20 \div 5=4$ m) $40 \div 4=10$, n) $25 \div 5=5$

Skill 3.15 a) 5 , b) 5 , c) 8 , d) 6 , e) 6 , f) 8 , g) 10 , h) 7 , i) 4 , j) 8 , k) 5 l) 6 , m) 9 , n) 3 , o) 4 , p) 5 , q) 12 , r) 7 , s) 9, t) 7 , u) 7 , v) 5 w) $6, x) 7, y) 4, z) 3$

Skill 3.16
a) 10 r 1, b) 4 r 2 , c) 3 r 3 , d) 2 r 5, e) 6 r 2, f) 7 r 5

Skill 3.17
a) 8 , b) 5 , c) 4 , d) 4 , e) 3 , f) 2 , g) $3,12,12,12$
h) $6,54,54,9$, i) $8,8,32,4$, j) $6,24,4,24$, k) $5,50,10,50$ l) $9,9,36,4, \mathrm{~m}) 7,7,35,7$, n) $9,27,3,27$
 k) 13, l) $12, \mathrm{~m}) 9, \mathrm{n}) 11$, o) $13, \mathrm{p}) 18$, q) 15 , r) 14 , s) 12 t) 16

Skill 4.2 a) 13 , b) 14 , c) 9 , d) 11 , e) 12 , f) 13
g) $5,12,6,11,9$, h) $14,12,16,13,19$, i) $18,10,15,7,31$
j) $17,9,31,22,10$, k) $21,10,33,15,26$, I) $21,13,27,20,18$

Skill 4.3 a) 16 , b) 14 , c) 11 , d) 12 , e) $13,8,10,5,11$ f) $9,15,16,10,13$, g) $11,15,17,12,10$ h) $13,17,18,14,20$, i) $13,21,25,18,20$ j) $27,22,24,29,31$

Skill $4.4 \quad$ a) 15 , b) $13, ~ c) ~ 5,7,9,4,3$, d) $10,14,15,12,13$ e) $9,11,12,14,10$, f) $15,18,11,19,32$
g) $32,14,45,27,23$, h) $38,21,24,32,15$

Skill 4.5 a) 15 , b) 25 , c) 23 , d) 18 , e) 21 , f) 32 , g) $21,25,16,32,23$ h) $22,31,15,13,14$, i) $14,21,23,12,31$ j) $25,16,17,33,21$

Skill 4.6 a) 13 , b) 15 , c) 18 , d) 20 , e) 19 , f) 17, g) 16 , h) 13 , i) 24 j) 28 , k) 27 , l) 37 , m) 35 , n) 32 , o) 36, p) 41 , q) 46 , r) 44

Skill 4.7 a) 38 , b) 45 , c) 47 , d) 68 , e) 50 , f) 58 , g) 41 , h) 55 , i) 83 j) 61, k) 65, l) 62

Skill 4.8 a) 59 , b) 76 , c) 88 , d) 79 , e) 68 , f) 86 , g) 386 , h) 797 , i) 779 j) 883 , k) 549, l) 969, m) 469 , n) 882 , o) 786

Skill 4.9 a) 53 , b) 72 , c) 44 , d) 61 , e) 55 , f) 65 , g) 42 , h) 74 , i) 82 j) 790 , k) 782 , I) 733, m) 493 , n) 438 , o) 927 , p) 646 q) 627 , r) 621 , s) 703 , t) 605 , u) 805 , v) 651 , w) 661 , x) 706 y) 442 , z) 440 , A) 510 , B) 701 , C) 904 , D) 864 , E) 6701 F) 5604 , G) 4648 , H) 5451 , I) 7801 , J) 8602 , K) 634 L) 731, M) $968, N) 9043$, O) 5277, P) 9896 , Q) 59824 R) 81228 , S) 88001

Skill 4.10 a) 5 , b) 7 , c) 8 , d) 19 , e) 16 , f) 7 , g) 17 , h) 22 , i) 8 , j) 6 k) 24, l) 12

## 5. [- Whole Number]

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Skill 5.1
a) 8 , b) 5 , c) 12 , d) 6 , e) 7 , f) 2 , g) 11 , h) 17 , i) 26 , j) 15 k) 7 , I) 100 , m) 25 , n) 8 , o) 14 , p) 7 , q) 24 , r) 17 , s) 13 t) 6

Skill 5.2 a) 9, b) 5, c) 14 , d) 19 , e) 27 , f) 18
g) $5,7,4,8,9$, h) $8,1,3,7,4$, i) $3,6,8,5,7$
j) $13,17,2,9,25$, k) $6,18,20,11,9$, I) $7,6,15,4,12$

Skill 5.3 a) 5, b) 9 , c) 15, d) 16, e) 10, 1, 7, 4,5
f) $6,3,2,7,4$, g) $3,6,5,1,8$, h) $12,24,8,13,5$
i) $22,9,14,17,13$, j) $6,8,15,20,17$

Skill $5.4 \quad$ a) 6 , b) 19, c) 16 , d) 14 , e) 26 , f) 18
g) $3,6,9,7,4$, h) $5,7,16,18,14$
i) $14,6,3,11,8$, j) $9,16,17,15,8$

Skill 5.5 a) 6, b) 19, c) 6, 8, 4, 7, 2, d) 5, 3, 7, 4, 9
e) $2,8,0,4$, 1 , f) $4,8,16,22,3$, g) $14,7,9,20,2$ h) $17,15,13,2,8$

Skill 5.6 a) 9 , b) 8, c) 8, d) 18, e) 8, 6, 1, 3, 10, f) 5, 1, 9, 4, 7 g) $10,17,12,16,13$, h) $17,11,12,14,18$

Skill 5.7 a) 24 , b) 21 , c) 26 , d) 13 , e) 34 , f) 37 , g) 35 , h) 12 , i) 15 j) 16, k) 23 , l) 32

Skill 5.8 a) 33 , b) 42 , c) 22 , d) 32 , e) 12 , f) 31 , g) 17 , h) 21 , i) 33 j) 34 , k) 23 , I) 35 , m) 43 , n) 12 , o) 45 , p) 343 , q) 15 r) 245 , s) 272 , t) 432 , u) 311 , v) 252 , w) 251 , x) 253 y) 244, z) 312, A) 331 , B) 322, C) 153 , D) 541 , E) 414 F) 125 , G) 155

Skill 5.9 a) 28 , b) 18 , c) 29 , d) 17 , e) 27 , f) 36, g) 29 , h) 35 , i) 16 j) 34 , k) 508 , I) 335 , m) 347 , n) 315 , o) 137 , p) 126 q) 174 , r) 253 , s) 246 , t) 175 , u) 479 , v) 291 , w) 269 , x) 78

Skill 5.10 a) 5 , b) 7 , c) 27 , d) 28 , e) 9 , f) 8 , g) 10 , h) 11 , i) 27 , j) 16 k) 9 , I) 34

## 6. [ $\times$ Whole Number] <br> page 103

Skill 6.1 a) 40 , b) 15, c) 60 , d) 14 , e) 10 , f) 30 , g) 18 , h) 28 , i) 12 j) 24, k) 18, I) 18, m) 20, n) 21, o) 90, p) 35 , q) 12 , r) 15 s) 60 , t) 25

Skill 6.2 a) 10 , b) 12 , c) 24 , d) 16 , e) 32 , f) 8 , g) 12 , h) 8 , i) 16 , j) 14 k) 20 , I) 28, m) $6,12,10,16,8$, n) $24,8,12,20,16$

Skill 6.3 a) 15 , b) 12 , c) 3 , d) 18 , e) 6, f) 24, g) 21 , h) 9 , i) 30 , j) 27 k) 33 , l) 36 , m) $15,12,3,21,27$, n) $18,9,6,24,30$

Skill 6.4 a) 25 , b) 20 , c) 5 , d) 30 , e) 10 , f) 40 , g) 35 , h) 15 , i) 50 , j) 45 k) 55 , I) 60 , m) $25,20,5,35,45$, n) $30,15,10,40,50$

Skill 6.5 a) 24 , b) 35 , c) 64 , d) 54 , e) 28 , f) 48 , g) 24 , h) 21 , i) 14 j) 40 , k) $30,24,6,42,54$, l) $42,7,56,49,63$ m) $56,72,16,32,80$, n) $36,18,12,48,60$

Skill 6.6 a) 45 , b) 36, c) 9 , d) 54 , e) 18 , f) 72 , g) 63 , h) 27 , i) 90 , j) 81 k) 99, l) 108, m) $18,27,63,90,81$, n) $72,9,54,36,45$

Skill 6.7 a) 180 , b) 450 , c) 200 , d) 420 , e) 560 , f) 240 , g) 180 , h) 120 i) 240, j) 420 , k) $20,100,40,60,50$, I) $10,90,30,70,80$

Skill 6.8 a) 40 , b) 12 , c) 25 , d) 54 , e) 35 , f) 72 , g) 28 , h) 27 , i) 16 j) 64 , k) 18 , l) 24, m) 48 , n) 49 , o) 56

Skill 6.9 a) 175 , b) 256 , c) 236 , d) 140 , e) 265 , f) 648 , g) 264 , h) 138 i) 496, j) 148, k) 343 , I) 234

Skill 6.10 a) 93 , b) 44 , c) 68 , d) 96 , e) 82 , f) 48 , g) 306 , h) 242 , i) 626 j) 868 , k) 488 , I) 309 , m) 328 , n) 981 , o) 755 , p) 936 q) 872 , r) 840 , s) 692 , t) 872 , u) 375 , v) 860 , w) 978 x) 510, y) 768, z) 519, A) 931 , B) 944 , C) 833 , D) 928

Skill 6.11 a) 60 , b) 72 , c) 90 , d) 56 , e) 80 , f) 36 , g) 48 , h) 48 , i) 270 j) 280 , k) 60 , l) 120 , m) 96 , n) 360 , o) 210

## 7. [ $\div$ Whole Number]

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Skill 7.1 a) 10 , b) 5, c) 3 , d) 8 , e) 6, f) 4, g) 7 , h) 8 , i) 9, j) 2 , k) 6

Skill 7.2 a) 5 , b) 3 , c) 6 , d) 2 , e) 8 , f) 5 , g) 4 , h) 8 , i) 1 , j) 6 , k) 3 l) 9, m) 7, n) 2 , o) 4 , p) 7 , q) 10 , r) 12
 l) 8 , m) 6 , n) 8 , o) 5 , p) 9 , q) 5 , r) 3 , s) 9 , t) 8 u) $8,2,10,9,5$, v) $6,4,1,9,2$, w) $2,6,10,8,9$ x) $8,2,5,9,3, y) 2,9,3,7,4, z) 5,7,2,4,10$ A) $1,3,6,10,7$, B) $9,1,4,2,6$, C) $9,3,6,1,7$ D) $7,5,2,3,10$, E) $1,8,4,6,9$, F) $5,2,6,8,4$

Skill $7.4 \quad$ a) 12 , b) 32 , c) 21 , d) 9 , e) 6 , f) 9 , g) 4 , h) 9 , i) 6, j) 301 k) 102 , l) 234, m) 301 , n) 122, o) 201, p) 231, q) 412, r) 101
 l) 30

## 8. [Word Problems]

page 125
Skill 8.1 a) $20+45=65$, b) $32+34=66$, c) $33+106=139$ d) $14+32=46$, e) $63+29=92$, f) $68+999=1067$

Skill 8.2 a) $40-15=25$, b) $108-70=38$, c) $16-8=8$ d) $33-26=7$, e) $530-420=110$, f) $57-25=32$ g) $225-121=104$, h) $1003-503=500$

Skill 8.3 a) $10 \times 28=280$, b) $3 \times 8=24$, c) $7 \times 50$ ç $=\$ 3.50$ d) $9 \times 6=54$, e) $9 \times 3=27$, f) $90 \times 2=180$

Skill 8.4 a) $1000 \div 2=500$, b) $720 \div 8=90$, c) $48 \div 12=4$ d) $180 \div 20=9$, e) $18 \div 3=6$, f) $31 \div 9=3$ remainder 4 4 minibuses
9. [Fractions] page 129

Skill 9.1 a)


Skill 9.2


Skill 9.3 a)
a)
b)

c)

e)

g)


d)

f)
$\Delta \Delta \Delta \Delta \Delta \Delta$ $\Delta \Delta \Delta \Delta \Delta \Delta$ h)

9. [Fractions]
(cont.)
Skill 9.3 i)

k)

m)
n)

o)

p)



Skill $9.4 \quad$ a)

c)

d)

e)

g)

f)

h).


k) |  | $\omega$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |



Skill $9.5 \quad$ a) $\frac{1}{2}$, b) $\frac{1}{2}$, c) $\frac{1}{3}$, d) $\frac{1}{4}$, e) $\frac{1}{4}$, f) $\frac{3}{4}$, g) $\frac{3}{4}$, h) $\frac{2}{3}$
Skill 9.6 a) 4 out of 7 , b) 3 out of 5 , c) 3 out of 4 , d) 2 out of 5 e) $\frac{3}{4}$, f) $\frac{3}{7}$, g) $\frac{5}{6}$, h) $\frac{5}{9}$

Skill 9.7


Skill 9.7

d)

g)

h)

i)


Skill $9.8 \quad$ a)

e) $\frac{1}{9}$, f) $\frac{1}{6}$, g) $\frac{1}{3}$, h) $\frac{1}{5}$

k)
I)
k)

m) $\frac{1}{4}$, n) $\frac{3}{7}$, o) $\frac{3}{5}$, p) $\frac{7}{10}$
a) $\frac{6}{12}$, b) $\frac{6}{9}$, c) $\frac{4}{12}$, d) $\frac{3}{6}$, e) $\frac{2}{5}$, f) $\frac{1}{3}$, g) $\frac{3}{12}$, h) $\frac{9}{18}$, i) $\frac{6}{15}$
j) $\frac{3}{4}$, k) $\frac{1}{3}$, l) $\frac{6}{8}$

Skill 9.10 a) $<$, b) $>$, c) $=$, d) $>$, e) $\frac{5}{7}$, f) $\frac{5}{6}$
Skill 9.11
a) $\frac{1}{2}$, b) $\frac{1}{2}$, c) $\frac{1}{4}$, d) $\frac{1}{6}$, e) $\frac{3}{5}$, f) $\frac{2}{7}$, g) $\frac{5}{8}$, h) $\frac{3}{10}$

Skill 9.12

c)

d)
e) $2 \frac{1}{4}$, f) $1 \frac{1}{3}$, g) $3 \frac{3}{4}$, h) $4 \frac{5}{6}$

Skill 9.13 a) $1 \frac{1}{4}$, b) $2 \frac{1}{5}$, c) $1 \frac{1}{2}$, d) $1 \frac{1}{3}$, e) $1 \frac{2}{5}$, f) $2 \frac{2}{3}$, g) $2 \frac{3}{5}$, h) $1 \frac{4}{5}$
Skill 9.14 a) >, b) $>$, c) <, d) <
Skill 9.15
a) $\frac{5}{8}$
a) $\frac{3}{8}$, b) $\frac{3}{5}$, c) $\frac{6}{7}$, d) $\frac{9}{10}$, e) $\frac{7}{11}$, f) $\frac{5}{6}$, g) $\frac{2}{4}$, h) $\frac{8}{9}$, i) $\frac{10}{12}$, j) $\frac{4}{7}$
b) $\frac{4}{4}$
c) $\frac{4}{6}$
d) $\frac{8}{10}$
e) $\frac{3}{8}$, f) $\frac{5}{7}$, g) $\frac{5}{9}$, h) $\frac{1}{6}$
k) $\frac{6}{9}$, l) $\frac{5}{12}$, m) $\frac{3}{4}$, n) $\frac{1}{10}$, o) $\frac{2}{5}$

Skill 9.16

## 10．［Place Value］

Skill 10.1 a） 25 ，b） 67 ，c） 58 ，d） 719 ，e） 846 ，f） 634
g） 2 tens 7 ones $=27$ ，h） 8 tens 4 ones $=84$
i） 3 tens 6 ones $=36$ ，j） 5 tens 9 ones $=59$ ，k） 521
l） 9 hundreds 0 tens 3 ones $=903$
m） 7 hundreds 1 ten 4 ones $=714$, n）1325，o） 1234 p） 1448
Skill 10.2 a） 147 ，b） 205 ，c） 400 ，d） 562 ，e） 371 ，f） 840 ，g） 619 h） 904 ，i） 1200 ，j） 3402 ，k） 8700 ，I） 6004 ，m） 9020 ，n） 4530 o） 2190 ，p） 4605 ，q） 7050 ，r） 8924
Skill 10.3 a） 4 tens 5 ones，b） 5 tens 1 one，c） 6 tens 2 ones d） 3 tens 9 ones，e） 2 hundreds 2 tens 8 ones f） 5 hundreds 8 tens 3 ones，g） 4 hundreds 7 tens 6 ones h） 9 hundreds 0 tens 1 one


Skill 10.4 a） 64 ，b） 52 ，c） 80 ，d） 713 ，e） 437 ，f） 165 ，g） 802 ，h） 940 i） 4585, j） 7822, k） 1369 ，I） 5067
Skill 10.5 a） $483=400+80+3$ ，b） $928=900+20+8$
c） $614=600+10+4$ ，d） $750=700+50+0$
e） $345=300+40+5$ ，f） $826=800+20+6$
g） $219=200+10+9$ ，h） $470=400+70+0$
i） $6257=6000+200+50+7$
j） $3142=3000+100+40+2$
k） $1875=1000+800+70+5$
l） $8390=8000+300+90+0$
Skill 10.6 a）2，b） 3 ，c） 8 ，d） 4 ，e） 6 ，f） 8 ，g） 3 ，h） 0 ，i）（75 1 ，j） $2(844$ k） 48 （3），I）（5） 149 ，m）1（8）36，n）（6）240
Skill 10.7 a）A，b）B，c）C，d）A，e）B，f）C，g）A，h）B，i）B，j）A，k）A l）$A$
Skill 10.8 a）true，b）false，c）false，d）false，e）false，f）false，g）＜ h）$>$ ，i）$>$, j）$<$, k）$>$, l）$<$, m）$<$, n）$<$
Skill 10.9 a） 73 ，b） 94 ，c） 742 ，d） 368 ，e） 168 ，f） 974 ，g） 1235 h） 9753 ，i） 9742 ，j） 1256 ，k） 938 ，I） 725 ，m） 6742 ，n） 5816
Skill 10.10 a） $3,11,13,31$, b） $87,71,17,8,7$, c） $604,406,66,46$ d） $29,90,92,200,209$ ，e） $311,128,75,40,32$ f） $9,13,38,124,521$, g） $54,56,456,465,546$ h） $321,312,231,123$ ，i） $8431,4183,3148,1384$ j） $4748,7408,8070,8870$
Skill 10.11 a）

b） $310 \quad 389 \quad 292 \quad 305$

c） 403 ，d） 495 ，e） 5320 ，f） 2370 ，g） 6350 ，h） 7020
i） 12300 ，j） 15400 ，k） 10500 ，I） 21500

## 11．［Word Numbers］

page 165
Skill 11.1 a） 15 ，b） 27 ，c） 51 ，d） 84 ，e） 10 ，f） 90 ，g） 604 ，h） 306 ，i） 500 j） 800 ，k） 215 ，l） 197 ，m） 718 ，n） 967 ，o） 9000 ，p） 8000 q） 1005 ，r） 2001 ，s） 1052 ，t） 1300, u） 8024 ，v） 2308 w） 4547 ，x） 7806, y） 25000 ，z） 63000 ，A） 10096 ，B） 51013 C） 40800 ，D） 15330 ，E） 21315 ，F） 14675 ，G） 900000 H） 600000 ，I） 105000 ，J） 830000 ，K） 390000 ，L） 600420 M） 7000000 ，N） 4000000 ，O） 2900000 ，P） 5100000
Skill 11.2 a）eleven，b）fifteen，c）nineteen，d）thirty－eight e）sixty－four，f）fifty－nine，g）eighty－one，h）ninety－three i）twenty，j）seventy，k）fifty，I）thirty
Skill 11.3 a）four hundred，b）one hundred and one c）two hundred and seven，d）six hundred e）one hundred and sixty－one，f）seven hundred and eight g）three hundred and twelve，h）eight hundred and fifty i）five hundred and fourteen，j）four hundred and seventy k）three hundred and six，I）two hundred and twenty
Skill 11.4 a）five thousand，b）seven thousand and two c）two thousand and sixty，d）eight thousand e）one thousand and twenty－six，f）three thousand and ten g）two thousand and forty－three
h）four thousand and thirty－five，i）five thousand and three j）nine thousand，two hundred，k）one thousand and forty I）eight thousand，six hundred
a）twenty－six thousand，b）fifty－four thousand
c）ninety－seven thousand，d）forty thousand，two hundred e）fifty thousand，six hundred，f）thirty－nine thousand g）twelve thousand，six hundred
h）ten thousand and seventy，i）fifty thousand and thirty j）ten thousand，four hundred

## 12．［Money］

page 173
Skill 12.1 a） 100 cents，b） 2 dollars，c） 150 cents，d） 20 cents
e）

g）


Skill 12.2

f）

h）


Skill 12.2

c） 20 dollars，d） 100 dollars，e） 50 dollars，f） 5 dollars，g）B h）$C$ ，i）$B$, j）$C$, k）$B$, I）$A, m) B, n) C$
Skill 12.3 a） $70 ¢$ ，b） $50 ¢$ ，c） $120 ¢$ ，d）$\$ 1.10$ ，e）$\$ 2.60$ ，f）$\$ 3.20$ ，g）$\$ 2.20$ h）$\$ 4.50$ ，i）$\$ 6.50$ ，j）$\$ 106$ ，k）$\$ 30.20$ ，l）$\$ 25.10$ ，m）$\$ 60.50$ n）$\$ 51.60$ ，o）$\$ 10.80$ ，p）$\$ 73.10$ ，q）$\$ 17.50$ ，r）$\$ 100.90$
Skill 12.4

c）

e）

g）

i）

b）

d）

f）

h）

j）


Skill 12.5 a）A，b）B，c）C，d）B，e）C，f）B，g）B，h）A，i）C，j）B，k）A l）$A$
Skill 12.6 a） 2 ，b） 4 ，c） 9 ，d） 15 ，e） 5 ，f） 7, g） 20 ，h） 4 ，i） 10 ，j） 20 k） 13, l） $8, \mathrm{~m}) 10, \mathrm{n}) 15$ ，o） $30, \mathrm{p}) 25$
Skill 12.7 a） 40 ¢，b）$\$ 5$ ，c）$\$ 8$ ，d） $40 ¢$ ，e） $60 ¢$ ，f） $30 ¢$ ，g）$\$ 15$ ，h）$\$ 55$
Skill 12.8 a）$\$ 40$ ，b）$\$ 50$ ，c）$\$ 36$ ，d）$\$ 1650$ ，e）$\$ 18.50$ ，f）$\$ 150$ ，g）$\$ 21$
h）$\$ 42$ ，i） $220 屯$, j） $70 屯$, k） $90 屯$, I）$\$ 2.10$ ，m） $80 屯$, n）$\$ 2.10$
o）$\$ 61.80$ ，p）$\$ 8.60$ ，q）$\$ 4.20$ ，r）$\$ 9.20$ ，s）$\$ 7.00$ ，t）$\$ 10.50$

## 13. [Number Patterns]

Skill 13.1 a) 19,22 , b) 14,16 , c) 110,120 , d) 65,75 , e) 22,24 f) 44,48, g) 22,25 , h) 31,37 , i) 43,49 , j) 49,52 , k) 73,78 l) 41,46, m) 46,50 , n) 45,47 , o) 62,68 , p) 13,15
q) 57,67 , r) 44,52 , s) 47,55, t) 52,62 , u) 62,64 , v) 72,80 w) 24,27 , x) 47,51, y) $38,43, z) 62,66$

Skill 13.2 a) 20,15 , b) 18,8 , c) 14,12 , d) 47,45 , e) 33,30 , f) 17,14 g) 16,10 , h) 39,35 , i) 15,13 , j) 9,3, k) 33,27 , l) 18,12 m) 18,10 , n) 25,15 , o) 14,7 , p) 19,14 , q) 14,6, r) 33,23 s) 25,18, t) 22,17 , u) 9,2 , v) 9,1 , w) $40,32, x) 15,6$ y) $10,3, z) 10,2$

Skill 13.3 a) 17,19 , b) 17,22 , c) 16,17 , d) 21,25 , e) 23,28 f) 16,18, g) 16,20 , h) 23,28 , i) 17,20 , j) 18,23, k) 24,30 l) 16,17, m) 22,25 , n) 19,20

Skill 13.4 a) 6,1 , b) 6,5, c) 8,3 , d) 10,6 , e) 9,4 , f) 7,4 , g) 7,2 h) 20,18 , i) 10,8, j) 9,4, k) 11,10 , I) 12,6

Skill 13.5 a) 240 , b) 162 , c) 480 , d) 405 , e) 324 , f) 729 , g) 810 h) 1620 , i) 625 , j) 10000 , k) 50000 , I) 6250 , m) 2500 n) 70000

## 14. [Time]

page 195
Skill 14.1 a) Tuesday, b) Sunday, c) Monday, d) Thursday e) Wednesday, f) Wednesday, g) Thursday, h) Sunday i) Friday, j) Friday, k) Saturday, I) Tuesday

Skill 14.2 a) 4, b) 5, c)

d) 22 , e) Monday, f) $13 / 4 / 2021$

Skill 14.3 a) February, b) 31, c) September, d) autumn, e) 29, f) 30 g) summer, h) spring, i) November, j) July, k) 31, I) 12

Skill 14.4 a) past, b) to, c) past, d) to, e) past, f) past, g) past, h) to i) to, j) to

Skill 14.5


e)


f)


Skill 14.6 a) A, b) A, c) B, d) B, e) C, f) A, g) C, h) C, i) C, j) A k) $5: 00 \mathrm{am}$, I) $11: 30 \mathrm{am}, \mathrm{m}) 11: 25 \mathrm{am}, \mathrm{n}) 12: 15 \mathrm{pm}$ o) $10: 20 \mathrm{am}$, p) $4: 05 \mathrm{am}$, q) $10: 49 \mathrm{am}$, r) $4: 47 \mathrm{pm}$, s) true t) false, u) false, v) false, w) true, x) true

Skill 14.7 a) ten o'clock, b) nine fifteen OR a quarter past nine
c) three twenty-four OR twenty-four past three
d) one twenty-five OR twenty-five past one
e) four forty-five OR a quarter to five
f) six forty-five OR a quarter to seven
g) a quarter past eight OR eight fifteen
h) ten to twelve OR eleven fifty
i) twenty-five to ten OR nine thirty-five
j) twenty past ten OR ten twenty
k) a quarter past seven OR seven fifteen
I) twenty past eleven OR eleven twenty m) seven twenty OR twenty past seven n) eight ten OR ten past eight
o) five forty OR twenty to six
p) four fifty-two OR eight to five
q) eleven fifty-five OR five to twelve
r) five twenty OR twenty past five
s) a quarter to one OR twelve forty-five
t) ten past five OR five ten
u) five past three OR three O five v) twenty to two OR one forty

Skill 14.8 a) 8:00 pm, b) 6 minutes, c) Bolts \& Blip, d) 6 hours e) 12 days, f) 2

Skill 14.9 a) 1 week, b) 120 seconds, c) 28 days, d) 3 hours e) 48 hours, f) 180 seconds
g) 30 minutes
3 hours 300 seconds
i) 1 year
k)

h) 3 hours 150 minutes 1 day
j) $\quad 30$ hours 1 week 1 day
I)
3 weeks
14 days 1 month
m) 600 seconds, n) 300 seconds, o) 6 minutes, p) 10 hours q) 360 minutes, r) 720 minutes, s) 2 weeks, t) 40 weeks
u) 35 days, v) 10 days, w) 72 hours, $x) 70$ days
y)
40 hours 200 minutes
z)
1 month weeks
21 days

Skill 15.1

m) $C$, n) $A, ~ o) A, ~ p) B, q) A, r) A$
 l) C, m) $1500 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{n}) 2700 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{o}) 130 \mathrm{~g}, \mathrm{p}) 405 \mathrm{~g}$

Skill 15.3 a) B, b) A, c) A, d) B, e) B, f) C, g) B, h) C, i) B, j) C, k) B I) $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{m}) \mathrm{A}, \mathrm{n}) 45 \mathrm{~L}$, o) 8, p) 170 mL, q) 52 mL, r) 705 mL

Skill 15.4 a) A, b) A, c) A, d) C, e) B, f) $C$, g) $C$, h) $B, ~ i) ~ A, ~ j) ~ B ~$
Skill 15.5 a) B, b) C, c) C, d) B, e) A, f) A, g) B, h) A, i) B, j) A
Skill 15.6 a) 5 cm, b) 7 cm, c) 4 cm , d) 5 cm , e) 7 cm , f) 6 cm g) 45 mm, h) 25 mm

Skill 15.7 a) 3 cm, b) 7 cm, c) 45 mm , d) 60 mm , e) 2 m , f) 3 cm g) 2 m, h) 2 m, i) 5 m, j) 4 cm, k) 2 cm, l) $1 \mathrm{~mL}, \mathrm{~m}) 8 \mathrm{~L}$ n) 7 mL, o) 9 mL, p) $40 \mathrm{~mL}, ~ q) ~ 600 \mathrm{~g}$, r) 200 g , s) 5 kg t) 2 kg

Skill 15.8 a) 16 cm, b) 14 cm , c) 12 cm , d) 14 cm , e) 18 cm, f) 12 cm g) 14 cm, h) 14 cm, i) 18 cm, j) 16 cm

Skill 15.9 a) $6 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, b) $9 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, c) $14 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, d) $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, e) $12 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ f) $13 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, g) $16 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, h) $20 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, i) $16 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, j) $104 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, k) A l) $C, m) C, n) A, o) B, p) C$

Skill 15.10 a) $C$, b) $B, ~ c) ~ D, ~ d) ~ C, ~ e) ~ B, ~ f) ~ C ~$
Skill 15.11 a) B, b) D, c) A, d) B, e) C, f) A
Skill 15.12 a) C, b) B, c) A, d) B, e) C, f) A
Skill 15.13 a) 30 cm , b) 12 m, c) 80 m , d) 11 mm , e) 22 cm , f) 12 m
Skill 15.14 a) $12 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, b) $9 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, c) $10 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$, d) $12 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$
Skill 15.15 a) $70^{\circ}$, b) $40^{\circ}$, c) $80^{\circ}$, d) $115^{\circ}$

## 16. [Shapes]

page 235
b)

c)


e)

a)


f)

g)

h)

i) cylinder, j) sphere, k) cube, I) cylinder
m ) rectangular prism, n) triangular prism, o) pyramid p) rectangular prism, q) cylinder, r) cone

Skill 16.2 a)

b)


d)




h)


Skill $\mathbf{1 6 . 3}$ a) 12, b) 6, c) 6, d) 5, e) 6, f) triangle, g) square, h) triangle Skill 16.4
a)


c)


d)

e) heptagon, f) hexagon, g) square, h) rhombus i) circle and triangle, j) kite and triangle
k) square and pentagon, I) trapezium and rectangle m ) square and rhombus, n) parallelogram and rectangle o) hexagon and parallelogram, p) rhombus and triangle

Skill 16.5 a)

b)

c)

d)

e)

f)


Skill 16.6 Skill 16.7
a)

c)

a) 4 , b) 4 , c) 3 , d) 5 , e) 6 , f) 8, g) 9 , h) 4 , i) 4 , j) 10
b)

d)

e)

g)

f)

h)


Skill 16.8 a) B, b) C, c) A, d) C
e)

g)


Skill 16.9 a) A, b) C

d)

e)

f)

h)

)
f)


Skill 16.10 a) B, b) A, c) A, d) A, e) B, f) A
Skill 16.11 a) C, b) C, c) A, d) B, e) A, f) B
Skill $\mathbf{1 6 . 1 2}$ a) C, b) B, c) D, d) C, e) A, f) C

## 17. [Location]



Skill 17.1 a) in front of, b) inside, c) on, d) under, e) behind, f) below g) on, h) inside, i) under, j) outside, k) behind, I) above m ) inside, $n$ ) on

Skill 17.2 a)

c)

b)

d)

e)

f)


## 17. [Location]

[cont.] Skill 17.6 a)
a) b)

c)
d)

e)
f)

g)

h) Hervey St, i) cinema, j) 3

Skill 17.7 a) turn, b) flip, c) turn, d) slide, e) flip, f) turn, g) slide h) turn

Skill 17.8

k) 2
m)

n)

p)


Skill 17.9 a) rectangle, b) tie, c) snake, d) X, e) Canada f) Maiden Gully, g) 415 , h) D, i) A, j) B, k) B, I) C m) $B$, n) D, o) A2, p) D4, q) E5, r) A3, s) D2, t) C3

## 18. [Statistics / Probability]

page 269

C) Chambers of the heart

e)

g)

b) Web Searches

d) School Summer Holidays


h)

London (av. sunlight hours/day)

| Month | Average sunlight hours <br> per day |
| :---: | :---: |
| January | 1 |
| April | 5 |
| July | 6 |
| October | 3 |

Skill 18.10 a) 11, b) 6, c) 26, d) 7, e) 10, f) 7, g) 21, h) 28
Skill 18.11 a) Discovery, b) 50, c) 22, d) 3

Skill 18.4 a) 3, b) shark, c) 4 years, d) 6 years, e) 6, f) $\$ 1$, g) 30 cm h) Japan, i) Netherlands, j) 45 metres

Skill 18.5 a) A, b) A, c) B, d) B, e) A, f) B, g) B, h) B, i) B, j) B, k) C l) $D, m) B, n) A, o) C, p) D$

Skill 18.6 a) 8, b) poppy, c) 2 hours, d) 9, e) sheep, f) 15 dollars g) 2012 , h) Thailand, i) Adelaide, j) 8

Skill 18.7 a) B, b) A, c) A, d) B, e) A, f) A
Skill 18.8 a) pink, red, b) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, c) A, 1, B, 2 d) $0,10,40,70,100$, e) $1,3,5,7,9,11$, f) $1,2,5,10$

